Sustainable management of tuna fisheries & biodiversity conservation in the Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction (ABNJ)

A project of the Program on "Global sustainable fisheries management & biodiversity conservation in ABNJ"



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Outline of the presentation

Other projects of the Program

Formulation of the project idea

Road head of us with the project

Project components, outcomes & output examples

Issues to be addressed

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations -



PROGRAMME:

Global sustainable fisheries management & biodiversity conservation in ABNJ

PROJECTS

Sustainable management of **tuna fisheries** and biodiversity conservation in the ABNJ

Sustainable fisheries management & biodiversity conservation of deep-sea ecosystems in the ABNJ

Ocean **Partnership** Fund

Strengthening **Global Capacity** to Effectively Manage ABNJ

http://www.gefonline.org/





Tuna project: Formulation of its idea

GEF's request for FAO's involvement

Meetings of FAO with GEF & its partners, incl. t-RFMOs' Sec.

PIF (Project Identification Framework):

drafting, reviews, revisions & submission to GEF

PPG (Project Preparation Grant):

drafting, reviews, revisions & submission to GEF





Tuna project Road ahead

GEF's Council:
approval
of tuna PIF

Detailed
formulation of
the project
submission

Project
document
submission

Project
implementation

Nov 2011

DEC 2011 – SEP 2012

Nov 2012

Dec 2012 – Nov 2017





Tuna project Detailed formulation

Consultations with t-RFMOs' Secretariats & the other partners

Inception workshop of major stakeholders

Missions to regions/t-RFMOs/ developing countries, desk studies & further consultations.

Drafting of the project document

Finalization workshop





"Tuna project"

Sustainable management of **tuna fisheries** and biodiversity conservation in the ABNJ

GEF Agency: FAO

US \$ 27 millions from GEF for 4 components & 5 years

Project approach:

GEF financing for incremental work to supplement /enhance the existing activities with a catalytic & transformational effect

Partners:



BLI

BirdLife International



CCSBT

Commission for the Conservation of Southern Bluefin Tuna



FAO

Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN



GEF

Global Environment Facility



IATTC

Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission

Partners:



ICCAT

International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tuna



ISSF

International Seafood Sustainability Foundation



NOAA

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration



WCPFC

Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission



WWF

World Wildlife Fund





Tuna project **Objective & components**

Objective Sustainable & efficient tuna production & biodiversity conservation through the ecosystem approach

Sustainable management of tuna fisheries, incl. Right-Based Management (RBM)

Strengthening & harmonization of monitoring control & surveillance (MCS)

Reduction of ecosystem impact of tuna fishing (bycatch & associated species)

Monitoring & evaluation of the project



Component 1 Sustainable management of tuna fisheries: ecosystem approach

Outcome I

Improved fisheries management in 5 t-RFMOs:

- Enhanced motivation & engagement of stakeholders
- Effective decision-making

- Ecological & socio-economic cost/benefit analysis of various management scenarios for coastal states
- Capacity of developing countries strengthened
- Science-based action plans



Component 1 Sustainable management of tuna fisheries: ecosystem approach

Outcome 2

Effective & efficient right-based management (RBM) designed, tested & implemented in one t-RFMO (at least)

- Fisheries-specific options for RBM designed for their implementation:
 - · Stakeholder-drive
- Pilot RBM implemented





Component 2

Monitoring Control & Surveillance (MCS): Strengthening & harmonization

Outcomes

- Strengthened & harmonized MCS, particularly for Illegal, Unreported & Unregulated (IUU) fishing
- No of IUU vessels reduced by 20 % in I t-RFMO

- Satellite-based vessel monitoring systems (VMS) with electronic observer systems to their full potential
- Best MCS practices & data using all technologies & global instruments
- Sources policies complying with the strengthen traceability systems
- Capacity of IO developing countries strengthen for the implementation of tractability systems





Component 3

Reducing the impact of fishing on the ecosystem in 2 t-RFMOs (at least)

Outcome I

Better integration of **bycatch mitigation** into fisheries management in **2 t-RFMOs** regionally & nationally

- Bycatch data collection expanded
- Better data used for priority setting (risk assessment) & further integrated into fisheries management



Component 3 Reducing the impact of fishing on the ecosystem

Outcome 2

Bycatch mitigation best practices adopted by 40% of tuna vessels in two t-RFMOs

- Mapped priority areas for bycatch-target species interactions & their integration into fisheries management
- Mitigation techniques tested on the water for & their effectiveness
- Best practices for bycatch mitigation formulated & integrated into fisheries management for specific fleets/fisheries



Priority issues to be addressed

Which t-RFMOs, fisheries, fleets & countries are a priority?

Robust selection criteria

Global costs/benefits & impacts

Level of risk

(time frame – practicality – available funding)

Measuring success



Thank you!

ا شاكراً! 谢谢! Merci! ¡Gracias! спасибо! Hvala



