# IOTC - Port State Measures CTOI - Mesures du ressort de l'État du port



Species Identification Guide for Fisheries Inspectors Guide d'identification des espèces pour les inspecteurs des pêches

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

We gratefully acknowledge the contributions from Capricorn Fisheries Monitoring and the IOTC-OFCF project for the development of this species identification guide. The identification keys are adopted from "Fish in Japan" (Edited by T Nakabou) and the FAO Species Catalogue.

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#### REMERCIEMENTS

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#### **ABOUT THIS GUIDE**

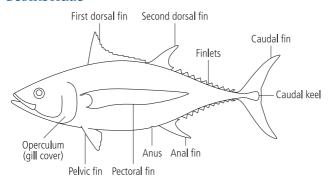
This species identification guide has been developed by the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission to improve the implementation of IOTC Resolution 10/11 on Port State Measures to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing. It aims to assist fisheries inspectors in the reporting of data on species commonly caught in the IOTC tuna fisheries while monitoring the landing or transhipment from fishing vessels in port. The guide provides identification keys for fresh, frozen and processed products of common tuna and tuna like species and bycatch species caught in the IOTC Area.

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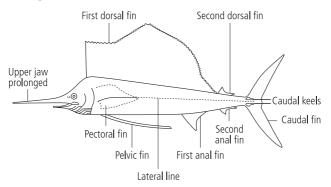
Ce guide d'identification des espèces a été développé par la Commission des Thons de l'Océan Indien pour l'amélioration de la mise en œuvre de la Résolution 10/11 sur les mesures du ressort de l'État du port visant à prévenir, contrecarrer et éliminer la pêche illicite, non déclarée et non réglementée. Son objectif est d'assister les inspecteurs des pêches pour rapporter les données sur les espèces couramment capturées dans les pêcheries de thon de la CTOI lors du suivi des débarquements ou des transbordements de navires de pêche au port. Ce guide contient des clés d'identification des produits frais, congelés ou transformés des espèces de thonidés et espèces apparentées et des prises accessoires capturées dans la zone de la CTOI.

# Morphological features

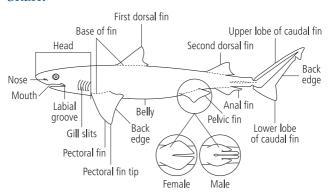
#### Scombridae



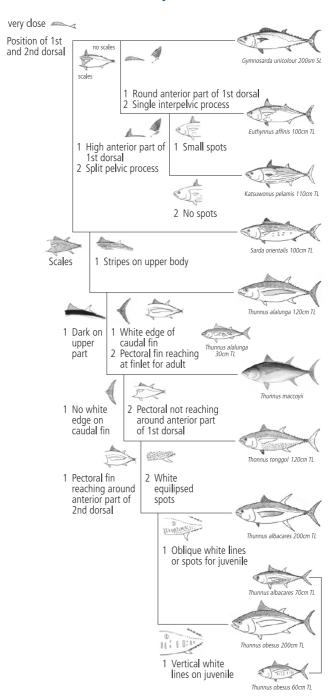
## Billfish



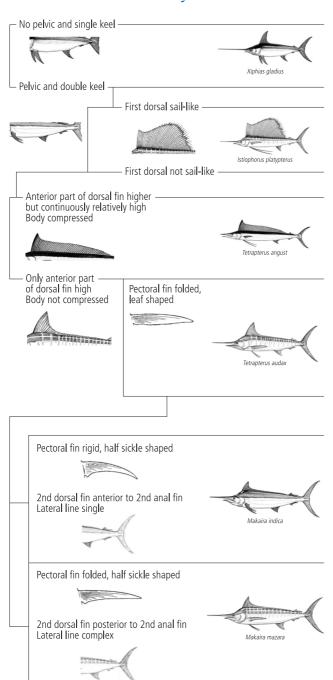
### Shark



# Identification keys of Scombridae



# Identification keys of Billfish



# Identification keys of Sharks

Anal fin present 5 gill slits, 2 dorsal fins No fin spines Mouth behind front of eves Nictitating eyelids, No nictitating eyelids, spiral or scroll intestinal valve ring intestinal valve Carcharbiniformes \$1-8 families

#### S1 Carcharhiniformes

- 1 No dorsal spines 2 Mouth behind front of eyes
- 3 Nictitating eyelids present
- → Head with lateral expansions or blade like a double-edged axe





1 Origin of 1st dorsal fin Head over or behind pelvic fin bases



- 1 Origin of 1st dorsal fin well ahead of pelvic fin bases
- 1 Precaudal pits present
- 2 Ripped dorsal caudal margin present



- 1 Posterior nasal flaps well developed on rear edges of current apertures of nostrils
- 2 2nd dorsal fin height approx 0.4 - 0.7 x 1st dorsal height
- 1 Posterior nasal flaps poorly developed on rear edges of current apertures of nostrils
- 2 2nd dorsal fin height approx 0.2 1 x 1st dorsal height, but most species with fin less than 0.4 x 1st dorsal height







#### S2 Lamniformes

No nictitating → 1 Strong keel present evelids present on each side of caudal peduncle

▶ 1 Gill openings large, but do not extend onto upper surface of head





2 Caudal fin assymetrical

- 1 No keels on caudal
- peduncle or weak ones 2 Caudal fin assymetrical
- 1 Snout conical or flattened
- 2 Anal fin subequal to dorsal fins in size
- 3 Upper, lower precaudal pits 4 Caudal fin with strong
- ventral lobe
- 1 Caudal fin approx as long as body





English Yellow-fin tuna French Albacore Spanish Rabil Chinese 串仔

Indonesian Gelang kawung Japanese Kimada magnuro

Sirip kuning, pukeu Sri Lankan Kellawalla

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Yellowfin dark blue back, yellow lateral band on upper sides. Flanks, belly silvery white. Solid vertical lines (closely spaced) alternate with dot rows. Small eyes, head. Longer second dorsal and anal fins than any other tuna. Dorsal and anal fins yellow. Pectoral fin short, extending to base of second dorsal fin. Central portion of trailing edge on caudal fin forms a distinct notch. Finlets yellow with narrow black margin. Length: Max 200 cm. Average 40 - 170 cm.

PROCESSED: LEFT View of stomach cavity. Note distinct fleshy protrusion visible at posterior end of stomach cavity. RIGHT View of stomach cavity taken from inside gill cavity. Note distinct fleshy protrusion at posterior end of stomach cavity.





FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice Small fish (<20kg) sometimes mixed with frozen whole or with YFT.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present. Large fish >20kg.	1.09	D
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.43	
Purse seine Pole & line	PS PL	WHO	Dressed & frozen whole. Frozen on ice.	1	

### Thunnus obesus



#### **COMMON NAMES**

English Bigeye tuna French Thon obése patudo Spanish Patudo Chinese 短鲔, 大目仔

Indonesian Tuna mata besar Japanese Mebachi, Mebuto, Shibi

Sri Lankan Esgedi kelawalla, Kenda

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Black back, bright metallic blue lines. Irregular vertical, widely spaced white lines, marks (mostly below lateral line). 1st dorsal fin deep yellow, 2nd dorsal and anal fins brownish or yellowish with narrow black edges. Finlets yellow with dark edges. Flanks, belly pearly white. Stocky body, large eyes. Pectoral fin thin, flexible, pointed at tip reaching 2nd dorsal fin. Trailing edge of caudal fin forms flat or crescent shaped area. Length: Max 230 cm. Average 40 - 170 cm. PROCESSED: LEFT View of stomach cavity. Base of stomach cavity smooth with no distinct protrusion. RIGHT View of stomach cavity taken from inside gill cavity. Base of stomach cavity smooth with no distinct protrusion.



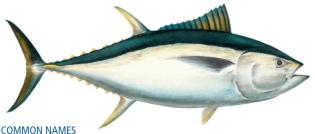


FAO code: BET

FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice Small fish (<20kg) sometimes mixed with frozen whole or with YFT.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present. Large fish >20kg.	1.09	
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.43	
Purse seine Pole & line	PS PL	WHO	Dressed & frozen whole. Frozen on ice.	1	

## Thunnus maccoyii





Southern bluefin tuna English Spanish Atún del Sur Indonesian Tuna sirip biru selatan

Japanese Mebachi, Mebuto, Shibi

Chinese

French Thon rouge du Sud 蓝鳍金枪鱼, 藍鰭金槍魚

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Main caudal keel dull yellow. Finlets dull yellow with black stripes. Bluefin have fusiform body, compressed and stocky in front. Pectoral fin does not reach origin of 2nd dorsal fin. Height of 2nd dorsal fin greater than that of 1st dorsal fin. Length: Max 300 cm. Average 40 - 200 cm.

PROCESSED: Has distinct fleshy protrusion visible at posterior end of stomach cavity. Products usually gilled and gutted with fins off or head and fins off but tail present.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present	1.15	
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.43	



English Skipjack tuna French Bonîte à verte rayé Spanish Listado, Barrilete Chinese 鰹, 小串

Indonesian Bakulan, Cakalong, Japanese Katsuo

Kausa, Tjakalong

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Skipjack distinguished from other tunas by 4 to 6 prominent, dark longitudinal stripes from lower belly and sides toward tail. Top of fish dark purplish-blue, lower flanks and belly silvery. Pectoral and ventral fins are short, and two dorsal fins are separated at base by small interspace. Length: Max 100 cm. Average 40 - 70 cm. PROCESSED: Skipjack may be either fresh or frozen in brine or whole (round), gutted and/or gilled with tail on and off.

FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Purse seine Pole & line	PS PL	WHO	Fish frozen in its whole state or fresh on ice.	1	



English Albacore, Longfin tuna French Germon
Spanish Albacore, Atún blanco Chinese 长鳍鲔, 長鰭金槍魚

Indonesian Albakora Japanese Binnaga

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Distinguished from other tunas by long pectoral fin that may reach point beyond anal fin. Lack any stripes or spots on lower flanks, belly. Tail fin has thin white trailing edge. No yellow on main fins, but dorsal finlets are yellowish and anal finlets are silvery or dusky. Length: Max 127 cm. Average 40 - 109 cm. PROCESSED: Either processed as whole/round product which is either frozen or on ice. Also dressed, gilled and gutted.

FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.11	
Purse seine Pole & line	PS PL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	



English Kawakawa, Bonito French Thonine Spanish Bacoreta oriental Chinese 鮪, 鲔 Indonesian Tongkol Japanese Suma

Sri Lankan Atava**ll**a, Ragodura

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Characterised by space between 1st and second dorsal fin being very short. Colouration: predominantly silver grey with some dark spots can be found below pectoral fin. Dorsal colouration: darker grey, back rear half has large patch of irregular wavy lines. Dorsal and anal finlets present. 1st dorsal fin spines very high in front and much lower moving towards tail.

PROCESSED: Euthynnus affinis only processed as whole round product.

FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in its whole state or fresh on ice.	1	MIG
Purse seine	PS	WHO	Fish frozen in its whole state or fresh on ice,	1	

Xiphias gladius



FAO code: SWO

#### **COMMON NAMES**

English Swordfish French Espadon, Poisson épée

Spanish Espada, Aja para, Chinese 剑鱼, **劍魚** 

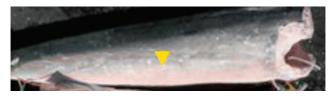
Emperador Indonesian Todak, Big-ho dakuda Japanese Dakuda, Medara, Sri Lankan Kadu kpooara, Sappara

Meka, Mekajiki

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Flattened bill, no pelvic fins. One large single caudal keel on either side. Pectoral fins placed low on body. Prominent falcate dorsal fin narrow base. Large eyes.

PROCESSED: Only caught in longline fishery and processed in number of ways: whole, gilled and gutted; headed and finned with tail on; headed and finned with tail off. Underside of processed swordfish pale pink colour.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE		
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1			
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.18			
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled and gutted. Head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.33			
					DR/ TAL	Dressed, head & fins off. Caudal pedundes present.	1.43





English Blue marlin French Makaire bleu indo-pacifique

Spanish Aguja azul del Indo-Pacifico Chinese 丁挽, 铁皮 Indonesian Setuhuk biru Japanese Kurokajiri, Tsun

Sri Lankan Nil koppara

#### IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS

FRESH: Body colouration is blue-black on dorsal surface and white to silver below with approximately 15 vertical stripes. Pectoral fins rotate and fold flat to body and are almost straight, not sickle shaped. Second dorsal fin slightly posterior to second anal fin.

PROCESSED: Products are either whole or head, fins and tail cut off, Processed products have more pronounced hump near head. Body thick in cross section with grayish-white meat and belly feels smooth if rubbed toward head.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.13	11
		DR/ TAL	Dressed, head & fins off. Caudal peduncles present.	1.43	
		WHO	Fish frozen in its whole state or fresh on ice.		

### Makaira indica



FAO code: BLM

#### **COMMON NAMES**

English Black marlin French Makaire noir
Spanish Agura negra, Merlin negro Chinese 翘翅仔, 印度枪鱼
Indonesian Black marlin Japanese Kurokawa, Shirokajiki

Sri Lankan Dhappara, Kopparaikulla,

Kopparan

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Body colouration is black to dark blue on dorsal surface, silvery white to white below. Pectoral fins sickle shaped and rigid; can not be folded flat to body. Second dorsal fin slightly anterior to second anal fin. Highly angled nape (area between bill and 1st dorsal fin). Short pelvic fins; shortest of all marlins. Low dorsal fin with rounded tip. Sickle shaped, rigid pectoral fins. Short, stout bill, round in cross section.

PROCESSED: Vertical stripes not distinct after death. Flesh feels smooth after processing with less pronounced hump near head.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.33	
		DR/ TAL	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.43	
Purse seine	PS	WHO	Frozen in whole state or frozen on ice.	1	

## Tetrapturus audax



FAO code: MLS

#### **COMMON NAMES**

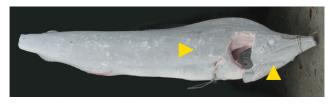
English Striped marlin French Marlin rayé
Spanish Marlin rayado Chinese 红肉仔, 红肉旗
Indonesian Albakora Japanese Binnaga

Sri Lankan Habara, Iri koppara

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: 1st dorsal fin height equal to or greater than body depth, thin membrane easily torn. Long, thin, sharp bill and long, thin, pelvic fins; longest of all marlins. 15 to 25 vertical markings on side consisting of blue bars or spots. Body laterally compressed, much thinner than blue or black marlin.

PROCESSED: Meat can be pinkish to orange in colour and belly will feel smooth if rubbed towards head. Shape and height of dorsal fin equal or greater than body depth. Normally gutted and gilled.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE	
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1		
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1,13		
				DR/ TAL	Dressed, head & fins off. Caudal peduncles present.	1.2
Purse seine	PS	WHO	Frozen in whole state or frozen on ice.	1		





English Indo-Pacific sailfish French Voilier indo-pacifique,
Spanish Pez vela del Indo-Pacifico Bécasse de mer
Chinese 灰旗魚,灰旗鱼 Indonesian Ikan layar, Layaran, Malasugi
Japanese Bashôkajiki Sri Lankan Mylmeen, Thalapatha

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Dark blue back, light blue and whitish on sides, silvery-white below. Tall 1st dorsal fin with long base marked with dark spots. Body long and laterally compressed. Long slender bill, may be slightly upturned at tip. Vertical blue bars along length of body (approx 20). Pelvic fins are very long and narrow. PROCESSED: Gutted and gilled frozen product has long 'scar' from fin removal and there is narrow cross section.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.13	8
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled, gutted. Head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.33	
		DR/ TAL	Dressed, head & fins off. Caudal peduncles present.	1.43	
Purse seine	PS	WHO	Frozen in whole state or frozen on ice.	1	





English Blue shark French Cagnot, Requin squale 水沙, 大翅沙 Spanish Azujelo, Tiburón azul Chinese Indonesian Hiu aer, Hiu karet

Japanese

Binnaga

Sri Lankan Hudja mora, Seeni mora

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Irridescent blue colour. Long, narrow snout with long head. Long, slender "flabby" body. Very long, slender pectoral fins. Small, low dorsal fin. 1st dorsal fin closer to pelvic fins than pectoral fins. Small gill slits. Weak ridge on caudal peduncle. Dorsal surfaced deep iridescent blue fading to blue with white ventral surfaces. PROCESSED: Usually finned, gutted, gilled with head and tail removed.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE	
Longline	LL	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.13		
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled & gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present. Belly off.	1.33		

Isurus oxyrinchus FAO code: SMA



English Shortfin mako shark French Taupe bleue, Marache 灰鯖鯊, 灰鲭鲛 Spanish Atunero, Tiburón bonito Chinese Indonesian Hiu anjing, Hiu kakap Japanese Aozame

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Dark blue to cobalt blue on back, white belly and ventral surfaces. Conical, pointed snout. Caudal fin crescent shaped with large caudal keels. Pectoral fins shorter than head length. Long exposed teeth without serrations. Long gill slits. Conical, pointed snout.

PROCESSED: Difficult to differentiate from longfin mako, Isurus paucus, but generally pectoral fins of longfin make are as long or longer than head. Shortfin make has black spot at base of pectoral fin. Longfin make is grey-blue while shortfin makos are dark to cobalt blue.





FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.13	





English Pelagic thresher shark French Requin-renard,
Spanish Zorro pelágico Renard pélagique
Chinese 长尾沙, **浅海狐**鮫 Indonesian Hui tikus, Tikusan
Japanese Nitari Sri Lankan Kasa mora

### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Light belly colour only below pectoral fins. No groove on head. White ventral colouration does not extend above pectoral fin. Pectoral fins have broadly rounded tips. Eye not large. Extremely long, thin upper lobe of caudal fin. Lack of labial furrows (no groove at back of mouth).

## NOT PROCESSED: PROTECTED SPECIES



FAO code: PTH

# Alopias vulpinus



FAO code: AIV

#### **COMMON NAMES**

English Common thresher shark French Renard

Spanish Zorro Chinese 狐形长尾鲨, 狐鲛, 長尾鯊

Indonesian Hiu tikus Japanese Mao-naga

Sri Lankan Kasa mora

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: White ventral coloration extends above pectoral and pelvic fins. Labial furrow at back of mouth (groove). Margin between dark and light colours irregular. Pectoral fin tips pointed.

NOT PROCESSED: PROTECTED SPECIES

## Alopias superciliosus



#### **COMMON NAMES**

English Bigeye thresher shark French Renard à gros yeux Requin-renard à gros yeux Spanish Tiburón zorro Chinese 沙三娘,鲨长尾 Indonesian Hiu lancur, Hiu monyet, Paitan Sri Lankan Kasa mora

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Light belly colour only below pectoral fin. No groove at back of mouth. Prominent groove on dorsal surface of head (image below). Eye socket extends to top of head.

#### NOT PROCESSED: PROTECTED SPECIES



FAO code: BTH

## Carcharhinus longimanus



English Oceanic whitetip shark French Requin océanique, Spanish Tiburón oceánico, Cazón Aileron blanc du large 长鳍真鲨, 大沙 Indonesian Cucut koboy, Yee gelok Chinese Yogore Sri Lankan Polkola mora Japanese

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Body colour typically brown, white ventrally. May have black markings on the tips of pelvic, anal, second dorsal and lower caudal fins and a black patch on the upper caudal peduncle. 1st dorsal and pectoral fins clearly broad and rounded, with spotted white tips. Large individuals have indistinct or faded fin spots. Dorsal fin fully rounded at tip. LEFT Flattened head and rounded snout. RIGHT Rounded white tips on pectoral fin.





FAO code: OCS





English Silky shark French Requin soyeux,
Spanish Tiburón jaquetón Mangeur d'hommes
Tollo mantequero Chinese 大沙, 鐮狀真鯊
Indonesian Mungsing, Hiu lanyam Japanese Kurotagari zame

Sri Lankan Bala maora, Honda mora

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Copper-brown body fading to white, white ventrally. Body completely clear of markings. Dark tip on ventral surface of pectoral fin. Eye pupil small with vertical slits. Dorsal fin small and clearly beyond pectoral fins. Low interdorsal ridge. No ridge or keel on caudal peduncle, Long pectoral fins. Dorsal and anal fins possess spines. LEFT Ventral side of caudal fin tips black or dark. RIGHT Long free rear tips on 1st and second dorsal and second anal fin.



## Galeocerdo cuvier FAO code: TIG



#### **COMMON NAMES**

English Tiger shark French Requin tigre commun,
Spanish Atintorera tigre, Alecrín Requin-demoiselle
Chinese 虎沙, 鼬鯊 Indonesian Cucut macan, Hiu macan,
Japanese Binnaga Munsing jara

Sri Lankan Koti mora

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Dark, vertical barring pattern covering most of body. Broad, wide, flattened head. Barring pattern found on juveniles but may fade on large adults. Upper teeth distinctively shaped and strongly serrated. Terminal point of each tooth hooks laterally instead of forming a triangular shape. Wide, very blunt snout. Juveniles spotted instead of striped.

PROCESSED: Caught by longline fishery. Processed by removing gills, guts, head and fins.





FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.33	



English Smooth hammerhead French Requin-marteau commun, shark Peï jouziou Cornuda cruz, Pez martillo Chinese 丫髻鲛, 双过仔 Spanish Indonesian Hui bingkoh, Hiu caping Shiro-shumokuzame Japanese

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

Sri Lankan Udala mora

FRESH: Brown or grey dorsal colouration, white ventrally, 3 shallow notches in leading edge of head with NO central notch. Head notches create 3 weak lobes. Lack of median notch in head. Different to scalloped hammerhead (Sphyrna lewini) which has 5 distinct notches in leading edge of head including prominent central notch.

PROCESSED: Hammerhead sharks mostly gilled and gutted with tail and fins off. Head is often present and is easily distinguishable from other sharks.



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.33	

Coryphaena hippurus



FAO code: DOL

English Dorado, Dolphinfish French Coryphène commune 万鱼, 鯕鰍 Spanish Lampuga Chinese Shiira, Toohyaku Indonesian Lemadang, parang-parang Japanese

Sri Lankan Vannava, Radheva,

Galvannava

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Body elongated and highly flattened. Head with blunt profile that may appear squared off. Tail strongly forked. Dorsal fin high, runs most of body length. Body colour varies from green to blue to silver, scattered small dark spots. Tail most commonly yellow to gold. Greatest body depth anterior to pectoral fin. PROCESSED: Processed whole or headed and gutted.

FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		DR/ HDD	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.		
Purse seine	PS	WHO	Frozen in whole state or frozen on ice.	1	

# Lepidocybium flavobrunneum



FAO code: LEC

#### **COMMON NAMES**

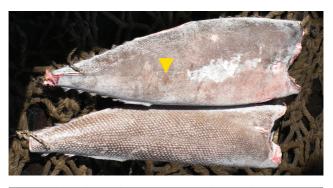
English Black escolar, French Escolier noir Smoothskin oilfish Spanish Escolar negro Chinese 油鱼,异鳞蛇鲭 Indonesian Escolar Japanese Aburasokomutsu Sri Lankan Mudilla

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Overall colour dark gray to black, may look dark brown. Body covered with small soft scales. Body fusiform with thick peduncle, resembles heavy set tuna. Many dorsal and anal finlets, caudal peduncle with caudal keel. Large teeth present. Eyes large.

PROCESSED: Usually processed either whole or dressed with head, fins and tail off.

NOTE: Lepidocybium flavobrunneum smooth flesh compared to 'buttoned' flesh of Ruvettus pretiosus (see below).



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	
		DR/ TAL	Dressed, gilled, gutted, head & fins off, tail sometimes present.	1.33	

## Ruvettus pretiosus



FAO code: OIL

#### **COMMON NAMES**

English Escolar, Oilfish French Rouvet

Spanish Escolar clavo Chinese 油鱼, 棘鱗蛇鯖

Japanese Baramutsu Sri Lankan Mudi**ll**a

#### **IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS**

FRESH: Overall colour dark gray to black, may look dark brown. Body fusiform with thick pedunde, resembles heavy set tuna. Very rough skin. Body covered with scattered white to clear spines. Prominent ridge of skin on belly. Large teeth present in anterior portions of mouth. Only two dorsal and anal finlets. Thick caudal pedunde. Shape and pattern of scales. Sharp scaly keel.

PROCESSED: Usually either processed whole or dressed with head, fins and tail off.

NOTE: Flesh of Ruvettus pretiosus 'buttoned' compared to the smooth flesh of Lepidocybium flavobrunneum (see below).



FISHERY	FISHERY CODE	PRODUCT CODE	DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTORS	IMAGE
Longline	LL	WHO	Fish frozen in whole state or fresh on ice.	1	50-
		GGT	Gilled & gutted, tail & fins off, head sometimes present.	1.33	

For further information, contact



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# Port State Measures Closing ports to IUU vessels

Mesures du ressort de l'État du port Fermer les ports aux navires INN



