



<u>IOTC Agreement – Article X</u>

Report of Implementation for the year 2015

DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION OF THE REPORT 16 MARCH 2016

Reporting CPC: JAPAN Date of submission: 08/04/2016

Please NOTE: this document is composed of 3 sections to report on the implementation of IOTC Resolutions

Part A. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measures adopted by the Commission at its Nineteenth Session.

- Resolution 15/11 On the implementation of a limitation of fishing capacity of Contracting Parties and Cooperating Non-Contracting Parties.
 - In accordance with Resolution 15/11, Japan continues to limit its fishing capacity by the domestic rules and regulations.
- Resolution 15/10 On target and limit reference points and a decision framework.
 N/A (This Resolution shows only target and limit reference points and a decision framework.)
- Resolution 15/09 On a fish aggregating devices (FADs) working group.
 N/A (This Resolution shows only establishment of FADs working group.)
- Resolution 15/08 Procedures on fish aggregating devices (FADs) management plan, including a limitation on the number of FADs, more detailed specifications of catch reporting from FAD sets, and the development of improved FAD designs to reduce the incidence of entanglement of non-target species.

Japan submitted the FADs management plan in December 2014 and reported their progress during 2015 to IOTC Secretariat.

Resolution 15/07 On the use of artificial lights to attract fish to drifting fish aggregating devices.
 Japan have prohibited from installing or operating surface or submerged artificial lights on DFADs, and intentionally setting a purse seine net around a DFAD equipped with artificial lights for the purpose of aggregating tuna and tuna-like species or non-target, associated or dependent species by domestic rules and regulations.





Resolution 15/06 On a ban on discards of bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, yellowfin tuna, and a
recommendation for non-targeted species caught by purse seine vessels in the IOTC area of
competence.

Japan have prohibited from discards of skipjack tuna, yellowfin tuna, and non-targeted species caught by purse seine vessels in the IOTC area of competence by domestic rules.

Resolution 15/05 On conservation measures for striped marlin, black marlin and blue marlin.

The catch level of Japanese vessels for striped marlin, black marlin and blue marlin in 2015 was under the average catch for the period between 2009 to 2014.

 Resolution 15/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC Area of Competence. ^a

Japan has been implementing this Resolution and submitted IMO numbers for all authorised vessels registered on the IOTC Record of fishing vessels.

Reporting on IMO number:

To allow the necessary time for CPCs to obtain an IMO number for eligible vessels that do not already have one, paragraph 2.b on IMO number is effective as of 1 January 2016. As of this date, CPCs shall ensure that all their fishing vessels that are registered on the IOTC Record of fishing vessels have IMO numbers issued to them. Paragraph 2.b on IMO number does not apply to vessels which are not eligible to receive IMO numbers

In assessing compliance with the paragraph above, the Commission shall take into account exceptional circumstances in which a vessel owner is not able to obtain an IMO number despite following the appropriate procedures. Flag CPCs shall report any such exceptional situations to the IOTC Secretariat.

The report on exceptional situations has already been provided to the IOTC Secretariat:

Yes 🗆	Date of reporting (DD/MM/YYYY): Click here to enter text
No □ ; if no	report exceptional situations below:

Click here to enter text

- Resolution 15/03 On the vessel monitoring system (VMS) Programme.
 Japan has been implementing this Resolution by domestic rules and regulations.
- Resolution 15/02 On mandatory statistical reporting requirements for IOTC Contracting Parties and Cooperating Non-Contractign Parties (CPCs).

Japan submitted all the required data on this Resolution.





- Resolution 15/01 On the recording of catch and effort data by fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence.
 - Japan has been implementing this Resolution and submited the template of the official logbooks.

Note: ^a indicate that a template report exists for some of the requirements and can be downloaded at http://www.iotc.org/compliance/reporting-templates





Part B. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, to implement conservation and management measures adopted by the Commission in previous Sessions, and which have not been reported previously.

N/A





Part C. Data and information reporting requirements for CPCs to be included in this report (please refer to the section "Implementation Report due by 16 March 2016" of the <u>Guide on data and information reporting requirements for Members and Cooperating Non-contracting Parties, available for download at http://www.iotc.org/compliance/reporting-templates).</u>

<u>iva</u> ilable for download at <u>http://www.iotc.org/compliance/reporting-templates)</u> .				
Resolution 01/06 Concerning the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme				
CPCs which export bigeye tuna shall examine export data upon receiving the import data from the Secretary, and report the results to the Commission annually [A template report exists].				
Nil report, specify the reason: No large scale longline vessels on the IOTC RAV Do not export frozen big eye tuna				
The report	t has already been p	rovided to the IOTC S	ecretariat:	
Yes ☐ Date of reporting (DD/MM/YYYY): Click here to enter text. No ☒				
The report	t is attached to the in	mplementation repor	t:	
	Yes 2	⊠ No		
Additional information: Japan is now doing cross-check on the data between Rep of Korea.				
Recommendation 05/07 Concerning a management standard for the tuna fishing vessels				
The CPC flag States which issues licenses to their AFVs should report annually to the Commission all measures taken to meet the minimum management standards when they issue fishing licenses to their "authorised fishing vessels".				
a. Management in the fishing grounds (of flag vessels).				
	Scientific Observer boarding	Satellite-based vessel monitoring system	Daily or required periodic catch report	Entry/Exit report
Yes, No?	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠ No □
Note	%	% or number of	Method	Method
	5.9%(2014)	vessels	Domestic rules	VMS

b. Management of transhipment (from the fishing grounds to the landing ports; of flag vessels)

and regulations.

	Transhipment report	Port inspection	Statistical document program
Yes, No?	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠ No □	Yes ⊠ No □
Note	Method	Method	Click here to enter text.

100%





	Domestic rules and		Domestic rules and		
	regulations		regulations		
c. Ma	nagement at landing	ports (o	f flag vessels).		
	Landing inspec	tion	Landing reporting	g	Cooperation with other Parties
Yes, No?	Yes ⊠ No 🗆]	Yes ⊠ No □		Yes ⊠ No □
Note	Method		Method		Click here to enter text.
	Domestic rules and regulations		Domestic rules and regulations		
_	ditional information: ck here to enter text.				
 Resoluti 	on 10/10 Concerning	g market	related measures		
owners Nil re	, product data (speci-	es, weigh	nt), point of export) ann ☐ No landing from for ☐ No transhipment by ☐ Do not import tuna	nually. preign von foreign and turn and turn	na-like fish products landed o
	Yes ☑ Date of reporting (DD/MM/YYYY): 29/03/2016 No □		9/03/2016		
		_	transhipment of tuna ached to the implemen		na-like fish products landed on report:
		Yes 🗆	No ⊠		
	ditional information: ck here to enter text.				
• Resoluti	on 11/02 Prohibitior	of fishir	ng on data buoys		
CPCs are	e to notify the IOTC S	Secretaria	at of all reports of obse	ervation	s of damaged data buoys.
	Nil Report				
The	report has already be	een prov	ided to the IOTC Secre	etariat:	
	Yes □ No □	Date of	reporting (DD/MM/YY	YYY): CI	ick here to enter text.





The report is attached to the in	nplementation report:
Yes [□ No □
Additional information:	
Click here to enter text	

• Resolution 11/04 On a Regional observer scheme

CPCs shall provide to the Executive Secretary and the Scientific Committee annually a report of the number of vessels monitored and the coverage achieved by gear type in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution.

Type of gear	No of vessels monitored in 2014	Coverage in 2014 (%)
Purse seine	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Longline	8 vessels	5.9%
Gillnet	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Bait Boat	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Hand line	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Insert other gear type	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.		
Insert other gear type	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.		
Insert other gear type	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.		
Insert other gear type	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.		

Additional information:

Click here to enter text.

• Resolution 12/04 On marine turtles

CPCs shall report to the Commission, in accordance with Article X of the IOTC Agreement, their progress of implementation of the FAO Guidelines and this Resolution.

Japan collects data on vessels' interactions with marine turtles by observers and report it through observer report and National Report. Japan has also been taking actions in accordance with the FAO Guidelines on sea turtle.

Resolution 12 /06 On Reducing the Incidental Bycatch of Seabirds in Longline Fisheries





CPCs shall provide to the Commission, as part of their annual reports, information on how they are implementing this measure and all available information on interactions with seabirds, including bycatch by fishing vessels carrying their flag or authorised to fish by them. This is to include details of species where available to enable the Scientific Committee to annually estimate seabird mortality in all fisheries within the IOTC Area of Competence.

Japan has implemented the mitigation measures stipulated in the Resolution 12/06 by its domestic rules and regulations. By-catch data were submitted through observer report and National Report.

• Resolution 12/12 To Prohibit the use of large-scale driftnets on the high seas in the IOTC Area

CPCs shall include in their Annual Report a summary of monitoring, control, and surveillance actions related to large-scale driftnet fishing on the high seas in the IOTC area of competence.

Japan has complied with the rule which prohibits the use of large scale driftnet in the high seas by domestic rules and regulations.

Resolution 13/04 On the conservation of cetaceans

CPCs shall report, in accordance with Article X of the IOTC Agreement, any instances in which cetaceans have been encircled by the purse seine nets of their flagged vessels.

\square Not applicable (No PS vessels on the IOTC RAV in 2015);
☑ No encirclement reported by flag vessels in 2015,
☐ Encirclement reported by flag vessels in 2015 (Complete the table below):

Name of the species	Number of instances of encirclement
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.

Additional information:

Click here to enter text.

• Resolution 13/05 On the conservation of whale sharks (*Rhincodon typus*)





CPCs shall report, in accordance with Article X of the IOTC Agreement, any instances in which whale sharks have been encircled by the purse seine nets of their flagged vessels.

whale sharks have been 6	encircied by the pl	urse seine nets of their flagged vessels.
☐ Not applicable (N	o PS vessels on th	ne IOTC RAV in 2015);
☑ No encirclement	reported by flag v	essels in 2015,
☐ Encirclement rep	orted by flag vess	els in 2015 (Complete the table below):
Name of the	species	Number of instances of encirclement
Whale sharks (Rhincodon	typus)	Click here to enter text.
Additional information		
Resolution 14/05 Concer The IOTC Area Of Compet	_	Licensed Foreign Vessels Fishing For IOTC Species In Agreement Information
this resolution, where co	astal CPCs allow f	greement in existence prior to the entry into force of foreign-flagged vessels to fish in waters in their EEZ in C through a CPC-to-CPC agreement, CPCs involved in
Shall submit co	ppy of the access a	ngreement,
 Shall submit in 	formation concer	ning these agreements (paragraphs 3a, b, c, d, e, f, g),
	A report templo	ate exists and can be requested at secretariat@iotc.org
Additional information N/A	on:	
• Resolution 14/06 On	establishing a prog	gramme for transhipment by large-scale fishing vessels (Report of flag vessels transhipping in foreign ports)
transhipments in ports	by its vessels (Na	its annual report each year to IOTC the details on the ame of LSTV, IOTC Number, name of carrier vessel, location of transhipment). [A template report exists].
Nil report, specify the	• •	LSTVs on the RAV g LSTVs do not tranship in foreign ports
The details on transl Secretariat:	nipment in ports	for 2015 have already been provided to the IOTO
Yes ⊠ No □	Date of report	ing (DD/MM/YYYY): 29/02/2016
The details on transhi	pment in ports for	r 2015 are attached to the implementation report:
	Yes □	No ⊠





Additional information:

Click here to enter text.

 Resolution 15/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC Area of Competence.

CPCs shall review their own internal actions and measures taken pursuant to paragraph 7, including punitive actions and sanctions and, in a manner consistent with domestic law as regards disclosure, report the results of the review to the Commission annually. In consideration of the results of such review, the Commission shall, if appropriate, request the flag CPCs of AFVs on the IOTC Record to take further action to enhance compliance by those vessels with IOTC Conservation and Management Measures.

The flag CPCs of the vessels on the record shall:

 take measures to ensure that their AFVs comply with all the relevant IOTC Conservation and Management Measures;

Describe the measures:

Japan requires through domestic rules and regulations its AFVs to operate in consistent with IOTC CMMs on the IOTC Convention area.

take measures to ensure that their AFVs on the IOTC Record keep on board valid certificates
of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship;

Describe the measures:

Japan ensures through domestic rules and regulations that its AFVs keep on board valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship.

ensure that their AFVs on the IOTC Record have no history of IUU fishing activities or that, if
those vessels have such a history, the new owners have provided sufficient evidence
demonstrating that the previous owners and operators have no legal, beneficial or financial
interest in, or control over those vessels; the parties of the IUU incident have officially
resolved the matter and sanctions have been completed; or that having taken into account
all relevant facts, their AFVs are not engaged in or associated with IUU fishing;

Describe the measures:

No Japanese AFV on the IOTC Record has history of IUU fishing activities.

 ensure, to the extent possible under domestic law, that the owners and operators of their AFVs on the IOTC Record are not engaged in or associated with tuna fishing activities conducted by vessels not entered into the IOTC Record in the IOTC area of competence;
 Describe the measures:

Japan ensures through domestic rules and regulations that its AFV's transhipment of tuna and tuna-like species and sharks is conducted with aurhorised carrier vessels of IOTC Record in accordance with IOTC CMMs.





 take measures to ensure, to the extent possible under domestic law, that the owners of the AFVs on the IOTC Record are citizens or legal entities within the flag CPCs so that any control or punitive actions can be effectively taken against them;

Describe the measures:

Japan ensures through domestic rules and regulations that only citizens or legal entities within Japan have a right of becoming the owners of the AFVs on the IOTC Record.