

# Collaboration between longline fisheries and a sea turtle care centre in Reunion Island

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IOTC Workshop – Reunion Island



# Context

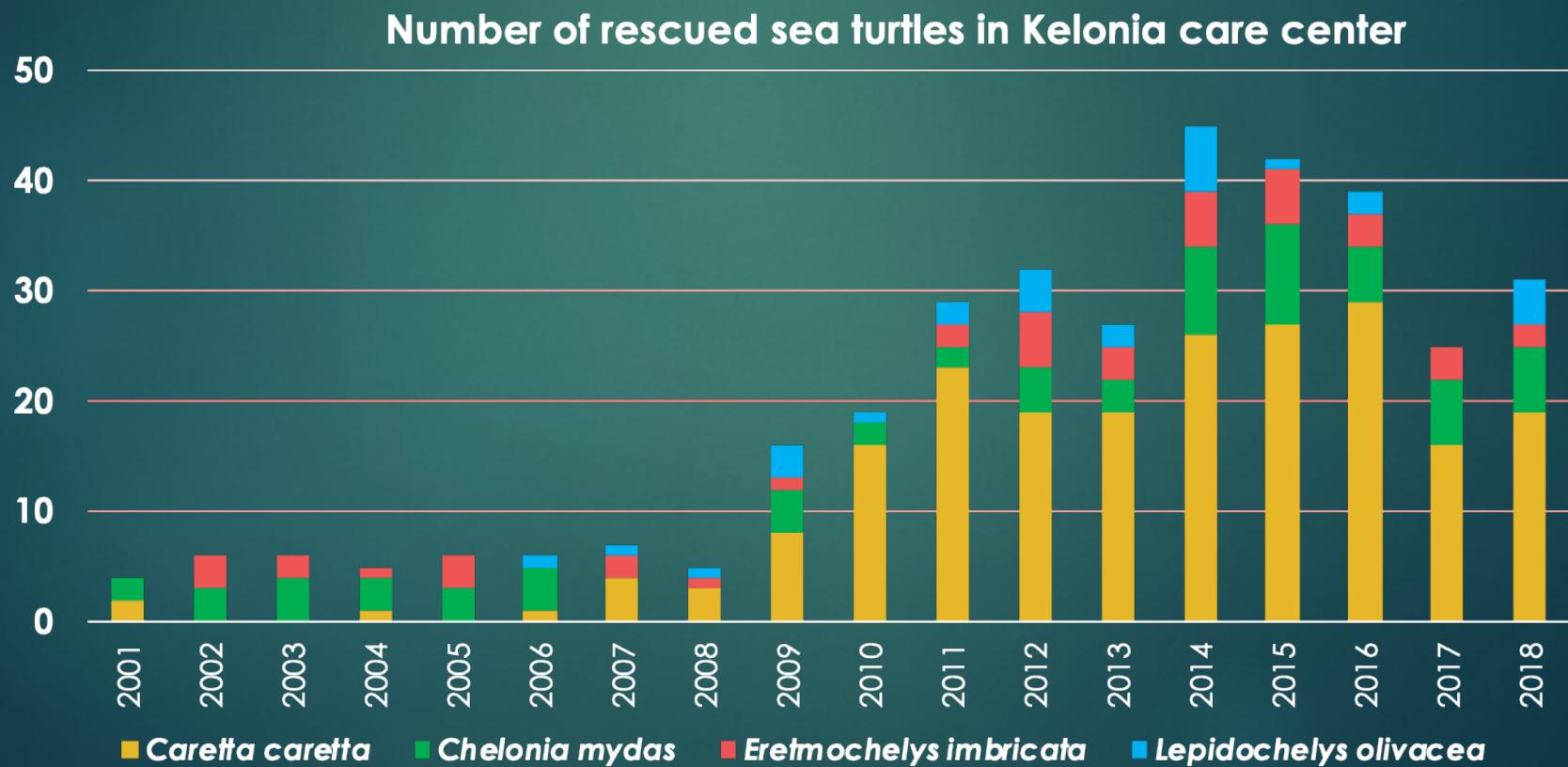
## ► Kelonia, sea turtle care center :

- \* 17 single quarantine tanks
- \* 4 shared recovery tanks
- \* 350 rescued marine turtles between 2001 and 2018



# Context

- ▶ Mainly green turtles (*Chelonia mydas*) and hawksbill turtles (*Eretmochelys imbricata*) until 2006 (85% of animals)
- ▶ Mainly loggerhead (*Caretta caretta*) since 2006.



# Other partnerships

- ▶ Scuba and free diving centers, Passenger boats
  - \* Alerts
  - \* 2006 : First rescued sea turtle
  - \* 2007 : Launch of Photo-ID program
- ▶ 2 to 3 turtles (in mean) since 2011



# Partnership with fishermen

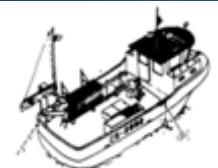
## ► Professional fishermen

- \* 2001: 2 loggerhead turtles from bycatch brought to shore
- \* 2007: First dialogue between fishermen and Kelonia
- \* 2008: Partnership with Cap Run (Hydro Réunion)
- \* 2013-2016 : dedicated project (Coca-Loca)

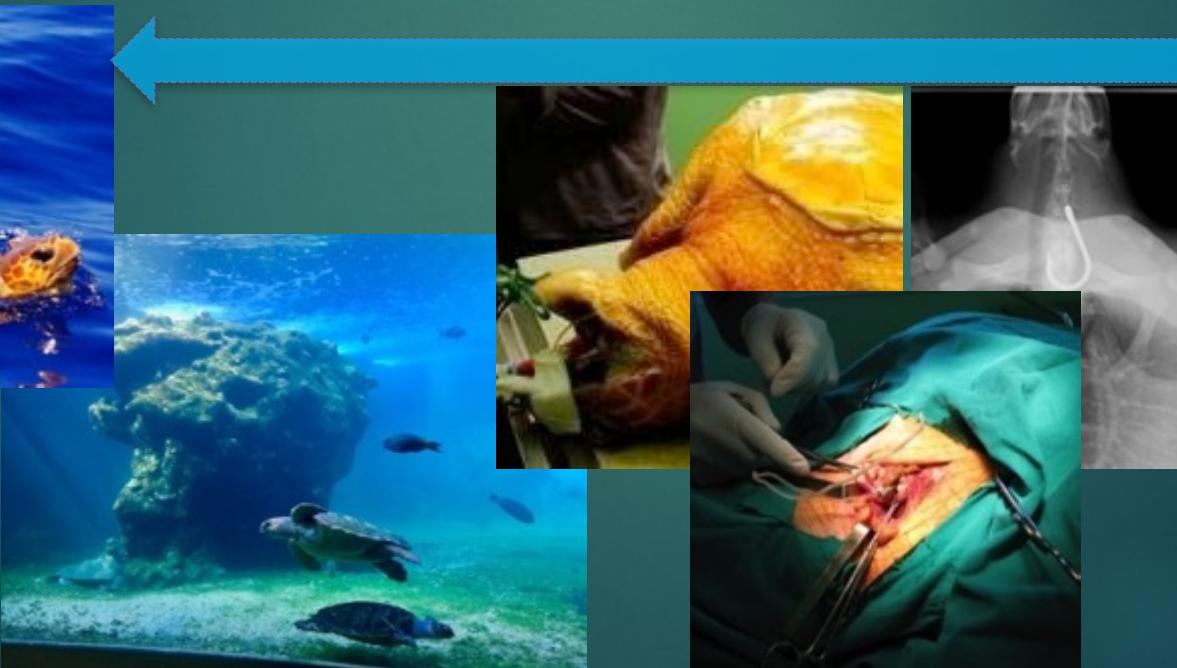
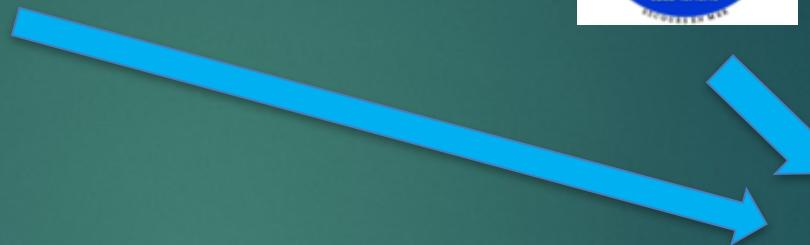


Reduce incidental bycatch and impact on marine megafauna  
Understand the spatial dynamics of sea turtles in the Indian Ocean

# Rescue process



Regional and operational center for surveillance and rescue



# A fishermen initiative

- ▶ 41 captains of longline fishing boats are collaborating
- ▶ 30 longline fishing boats
- ▶ Occurrence of oceanic species rarely occurring in Reunion coastal waters :

★ Loggerhead turtle  
(*Caretta caretta*)

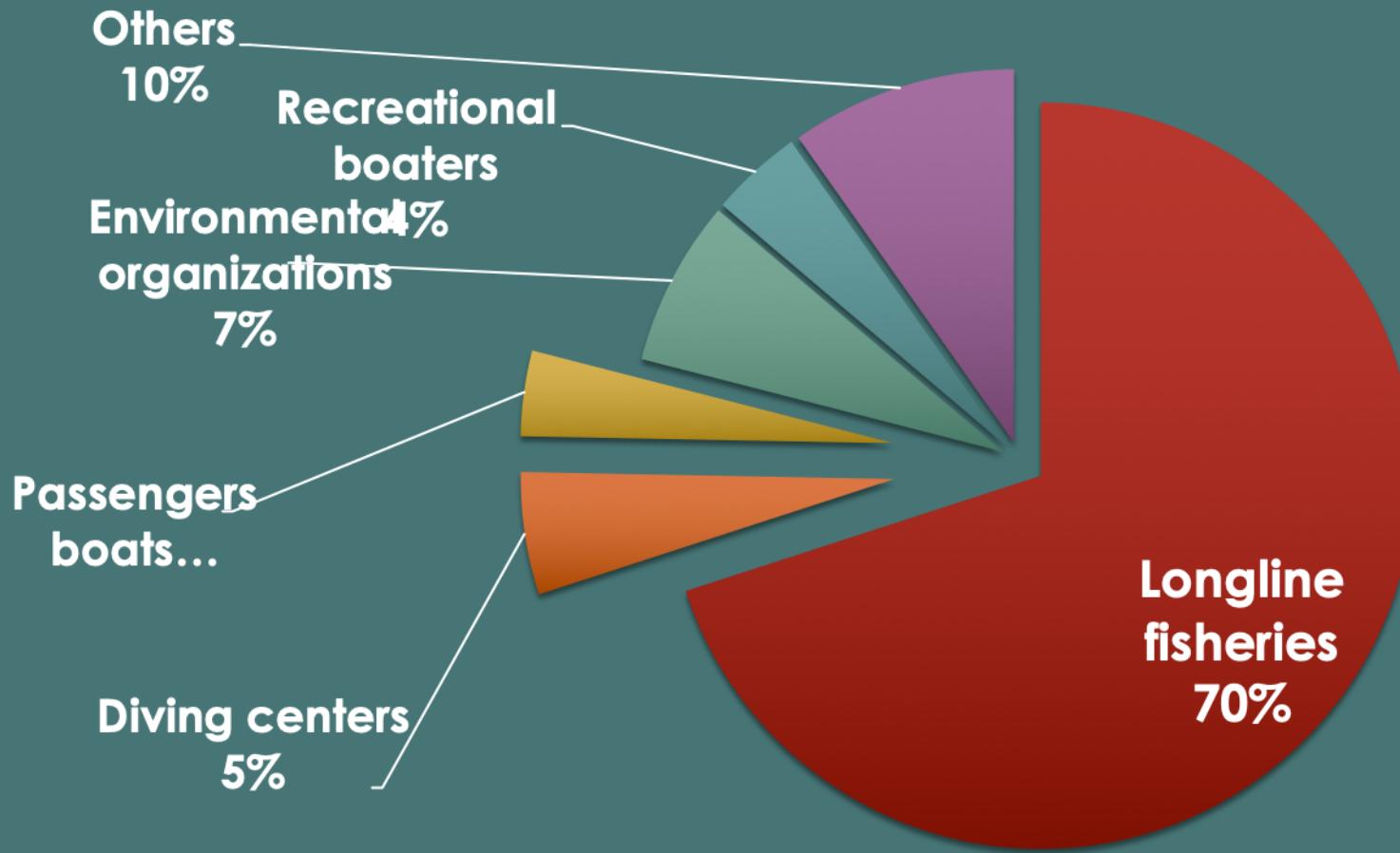


★ Olive ridley turtle  
(*Lepidochelys olivacea*)



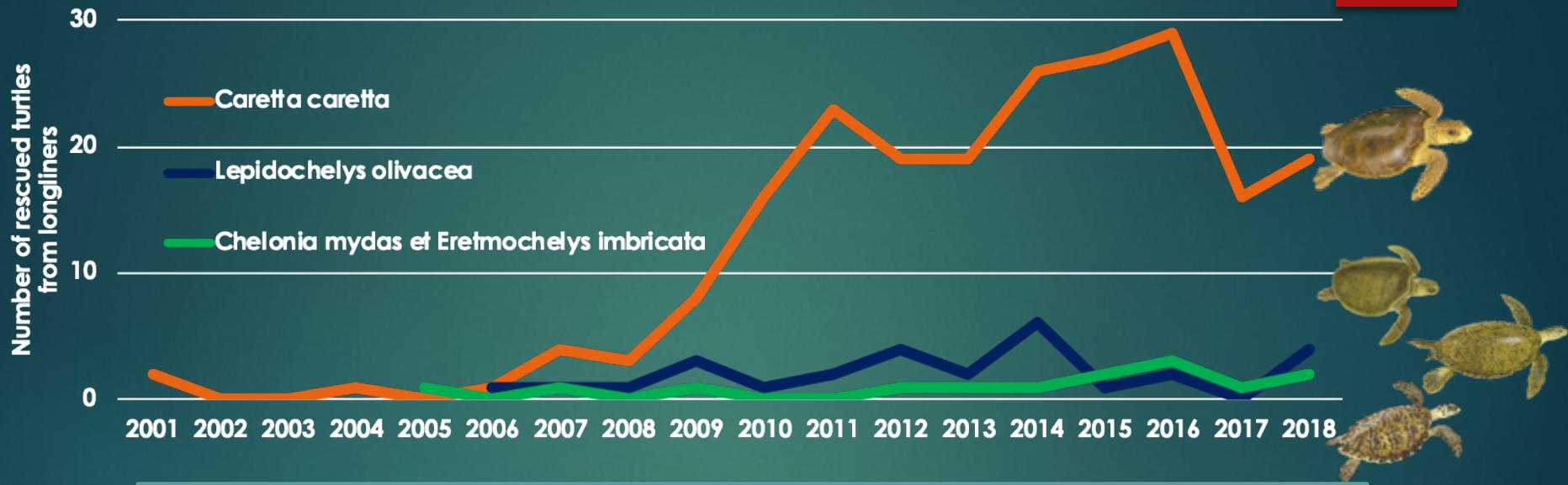
# A fishermen initiative

## Participation des usagers de la mer



- ▶ Rescued animal contribution between 2007 and 2018

# A fishermen initiative



Number of captains



# Onboard Sea turtles release kits



A – Mouth openers

B - Bites

C – Bolt cutter

D - Pliers

E - Dehookers

F – Line cutter

G - Pole

H – Dipnet

# Onboard procedures

**CAPTURES ACCIDENTELLES DE TORTUES MARINES**

**EN CAS DE CAPTURE ACCIDENTELLE D'UNE TORTUE MARINE:**

- 1- Monter la tortue à bord, si possible à l'aide de l'épuisette pour éviter les blessures.
- 2- Noter le nom de l'espèce, la position GPS, la date et l'heure de capture. Au retour donner l'information à CAP RUN ou par mail : [centredesoins@kelonia.org](mailto:centredesoins@kelonia.org)
- 3- Relâcher la tortue après avoir retiré l'hameçon si possible (voir au verso);  
OU  
Ramener la tortue au centre de soins de Kelonia (voir ci-dessous).

**RAMENER LA TORTUE AU CENTRE DE SOINS DE KELONIA :**

Si la capture a lieu moins de 5 jours avant le retour, ramener la tortue au centre de soins permet de retirer l'hameçon en toute sécurité et d'accroître les chances de survie.  
Pour cela :

- Prévenir impérativement le CROSS RU par VHF (canal 16) ou téléphone (0262 43 43 43)  
Donner la date et heure d'arrivée, Kelonia viendra récupérer la tortue au Port.
- Maintenir l'animal à l'ombre, la carapace couverte d'un linge humide. Mouiller la tortue régulièrement (au moins toutes les 4h).

**KIT DE SAUVETAGE DES TORTUES:**

A - 1 Ecarteur de mâchoire	E - 2 Dégorgeoirs
B - 2 Mors	F - 1 Coupe ligne
C - 1 Pince monseigneur	G - 1 Perche
D - 1 Pince	H - 1 Epuisette

**RETIRER UN HAMEÇON FACILEMENT ACCESSIBLE:**

L'hameçon doit être retiré **seulement si cela ne crée pas de lésion plus importante**

→ Si l'hameçon est profond dans l'œsophage et non visible, couper la ligne au plus court avec le coupe ligne puis relâcher la tortue.

→ Si l'hameçon est visible et facilement accessible, le retirer selon la méthode décrite ci-dessous puis relâcher la tortue.

**Attention aux morsures ! La sécurité du pêcheur prime.**

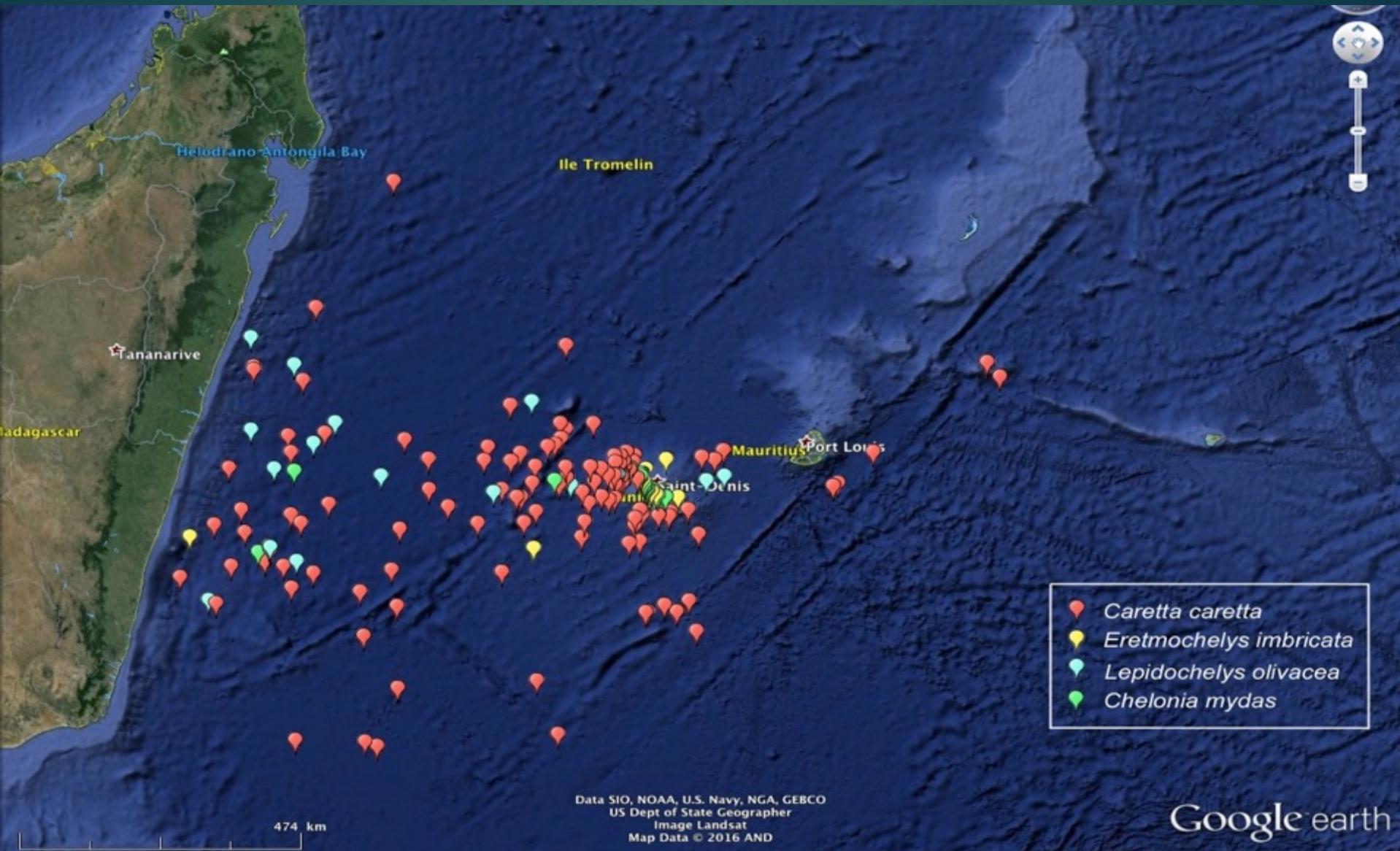
- 1- Ouvrir la bouche grâce à l'écarteur à plat dans la gueule, puis le pivoter.
- 2- Placez le mors en bois et le maintenir en arrière à deux mains.
- 3- Si l'ardillon est ressorti, utiliser la pince monseigneur pour couper l'hameçon. Utiliser ensuite la petite pince pour retirer le reste d'hameçon.
- 4- Si l'ardillon est inaccessible, essayer de retirer l'hameçon avec le dégorgeoir.
- 5- Relâcher la tortue à la mer.

**Merci de votre participation !**

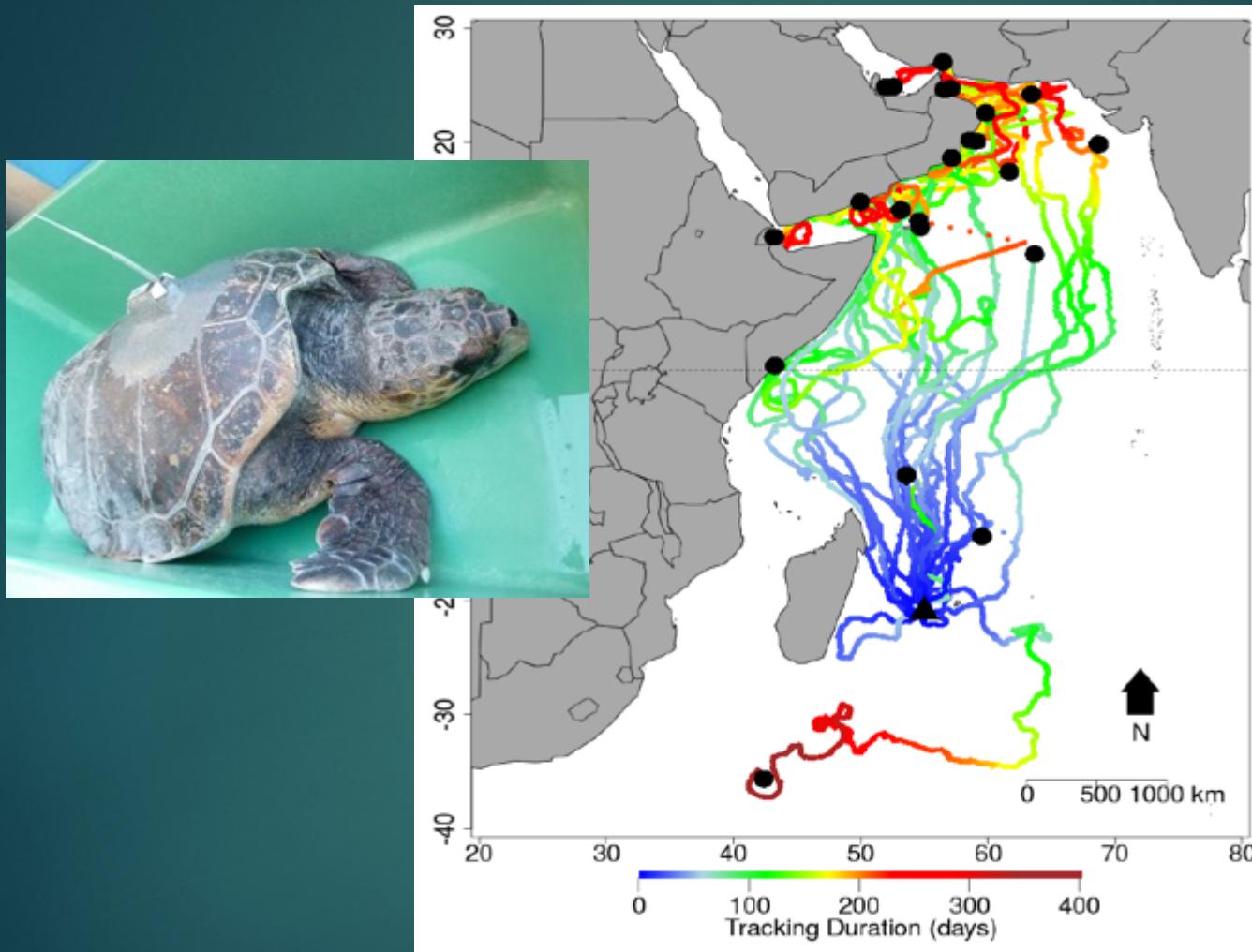
# Data analyses

Spatial occurrences  
Spatial dynamics  
Biometry  
Plastic ingestion monitoring  
Blood parameters  
Bacteriology  
Survival and rehabilitaton

# Spatial occurrences



# Spatial dynamics



22 tracked loggerhead sea turtles between 2014 and 2015 (Coca Loca)

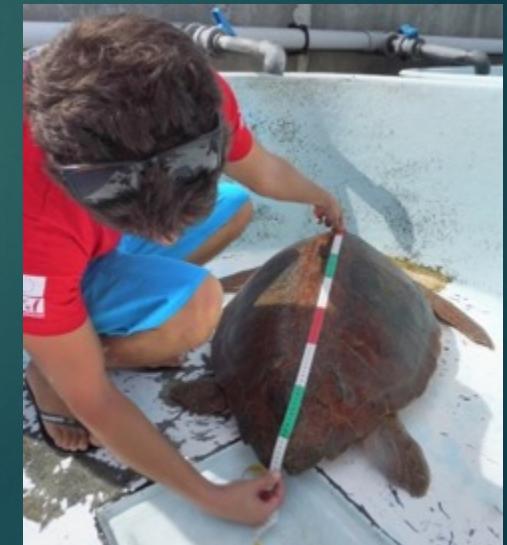
# Biometry

► From 2001 to 2018 : 350 rescued turtles including:

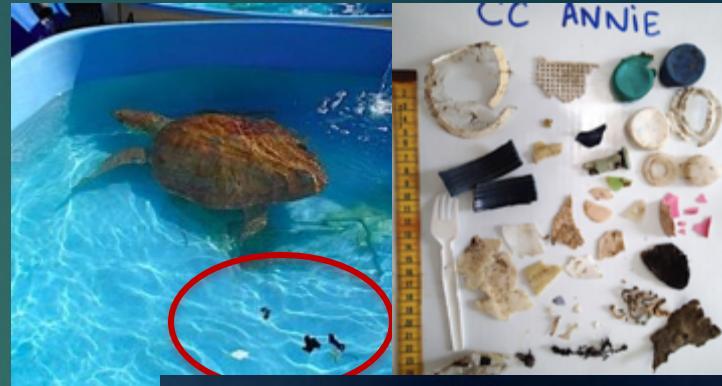
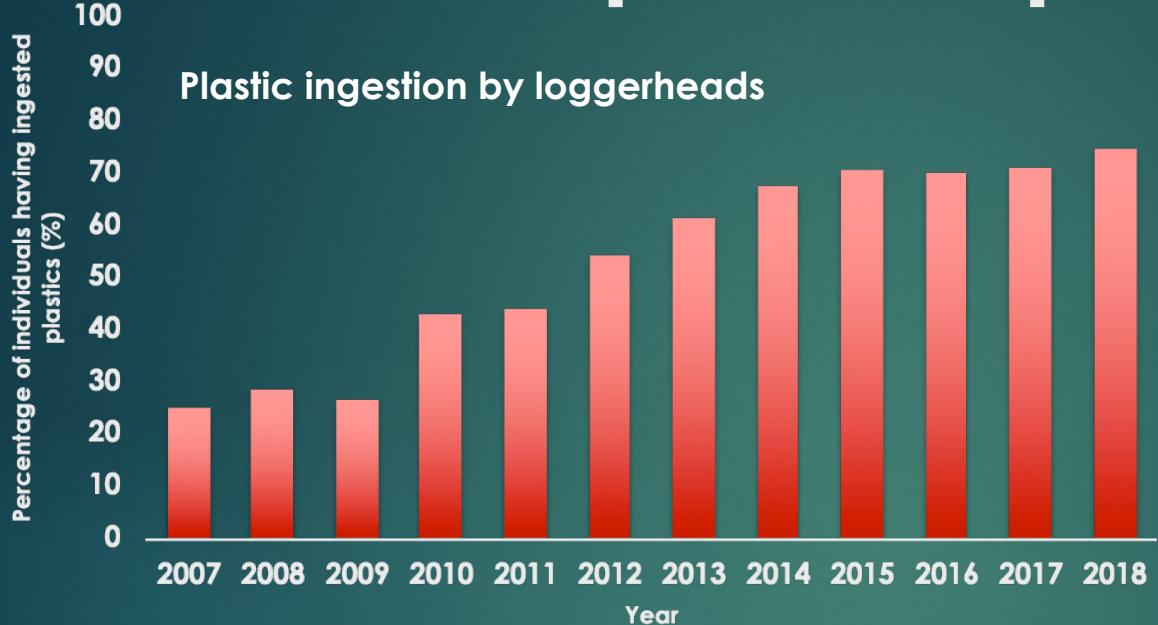
- \* 208 loggerheads (59,42%)
- \* 27 olive ridleys (7,5%)
- \* 14 green and hawksbills (4%)



Species	N	Weight (kg)	Mean CCL (cm)
Cc	208	<b>44,9 ± 10,6</b>	<b>70,3 ± 7,0</b>
Lo	27	<b>20,7 ± 8,3</b>	<b>56,3 ± 8,1</b>
Cm	7	<b>16,4 ± 24,3</b>	<b>47,01 ± 17,4</b>
Ei	7	<b>16,7 ± 23,0</b>	<b>46,14 ± 8,7</b>
Total	247	<b>16,8 ± 18,4</b>	<b>43,9 ± 51,3</b>



# Impact of plastics



Amandine  
Loggerhead  
92 debris  
74.01g



©S. Ciccione



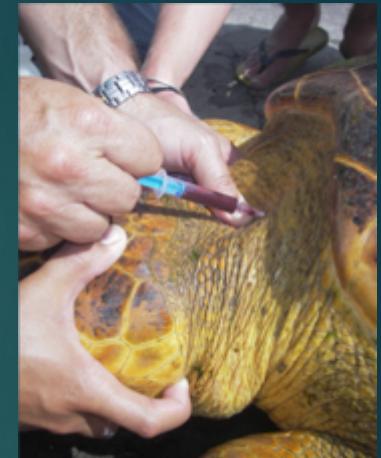
Species	N	Mean weight of ingested debris (g) $\pm$ SD (rang)	Mean number of debris $\pm$ SD (rang)	Mean length of debris (mm) $\pm$ SD (rang)
Cc	170	$16,99 \pm 18,7$ (0,1 – 82,3)	$45,48 \pm 52,85$ (1 - 233)	$28,1 \pm 39,7$ (5 - 1450)
Cm	8	$1,9 \pm 2,7$ (0,1 – 7,4)	$18,6 \pm 32,5$ (1 - 95)	$34,1 \pm 50,9$ (5 – 293)
Ei	5	$1,4 \pm 1,4$ (0,1 - 3,8)	$11,6 \pm 5,7$ (6 - 20)	$34,9 \pm 32,9$ (7 – 203)
Lo	4	$0,7 \pm 0,7$ (0,1 – 1,6)	$3,5 \pm 1,3$ (2 - 5)	$84,2 \pm 142,5$ (11 – 560)
Total	187	$16,8 \pm 18,4$ (0,1 – 82,3)	$43,9 \pm 51,3$ (1 - 233)	$28,5 \pm 40,7$ (5 - 1450)

# Blood parameters

► Blood analysis on arrival

► Health of individuals

- \* Hematocrit
- \* White blood cells counts
- \* eosinophils presence...



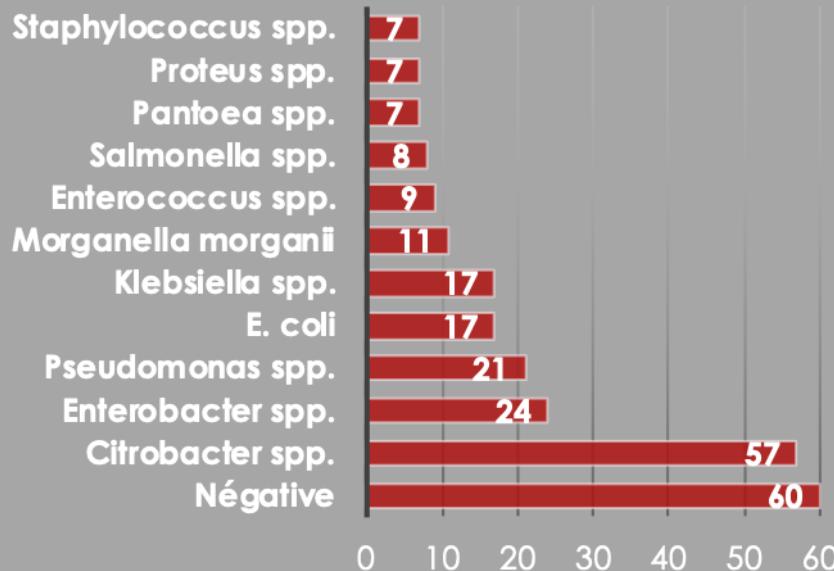
	Hematocrit (%)	Hemoglobin (g/L)	Whit cells ( $10^9/L$ )	Eosinophils ( $10^9/L$ )	Phosphire (mg/dL)	Calcium (mg/dL)	Ca/Ph	Urea (g/L)
Cc (N=438)	<b><math>32,4 \pm 9,36</math></b>	<b><math>10,4 \pm 3,04</math></b>	<b><math>19,1 \pm 14,7</math></b>	<b><math>2,11 \pm 2,81</math></b>	<b><math>76,27 \pm 20,7</math></b>	<b><math>62,0 \pm 16,3</math></b>	<b><math>0,88 \pm 0,39</math></b>	<b><math>3,4 \pm 37,5</math></b>
	2 - 71,4	0,8 - 23,8	1,6 - 88,3	0,6 - 138	23,28 - 161	1 - 160	0,01 - 2,41	0,26 - 2,7
Lo (N=31)	<b><math>22,85 \pm 10,7</math></b>	<b><math>6,45 \pm 2,80</math></b>	<b><math>12,96 \pm 18,85</math></b>	<b><math>4,42 \pm 5,52</math></b>	<b><math>81,95 \pm 30,0</math></b>	<b><math>63,5 \pm 21,9</math></b>	<b><math>0,89 \pm 0,49</math></b>	<b><math>1,1 \pm 0,6</math></b>
	7,1 - 59,3	2,4 - 15	0,5 - 45	6,3 - 11,4	29,3 - 147,3	54 - 82	0,44 - 2,15	0,43 - 2,32

# Bacteriology

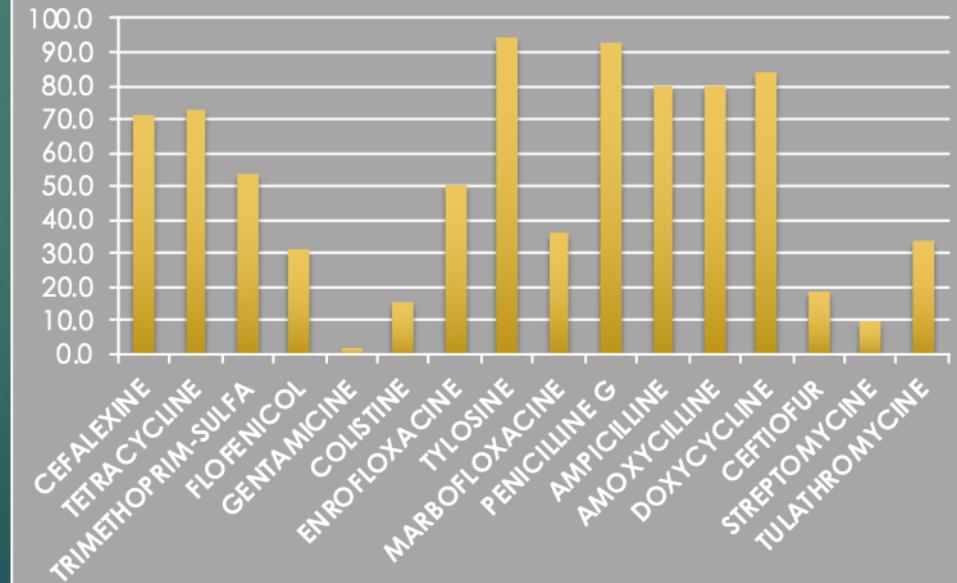
## ► 274 bacteriology analyses:

- \* 39 bacterian species identified
- \* Antibiotic treatment relying on antibiogram

**Number of isolates  
Cc and Lo**

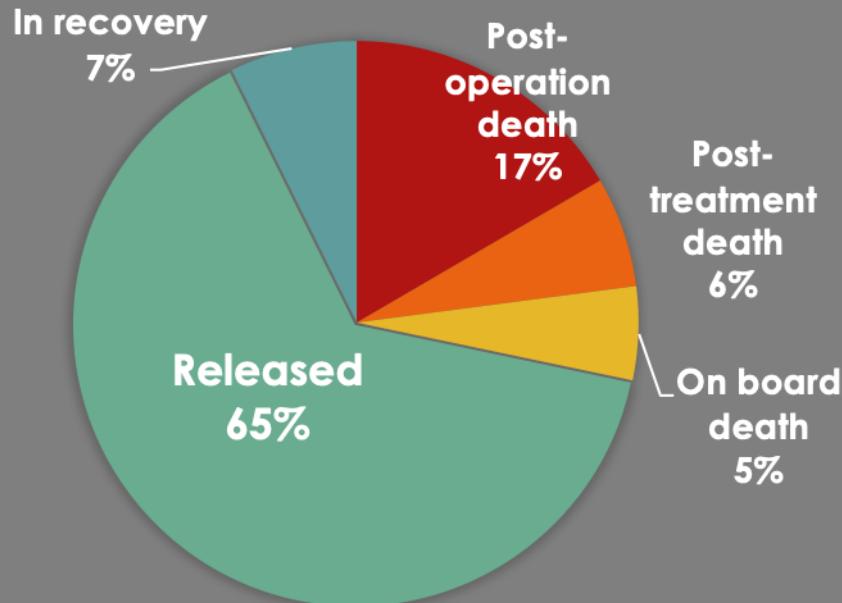


**Mean resistance of isolated  
bacteria**

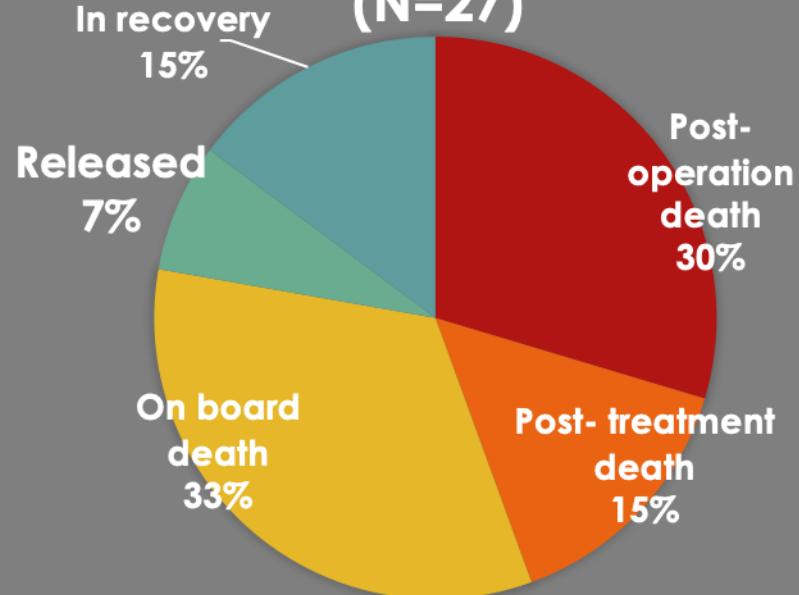


# Survival & Rehabilitation

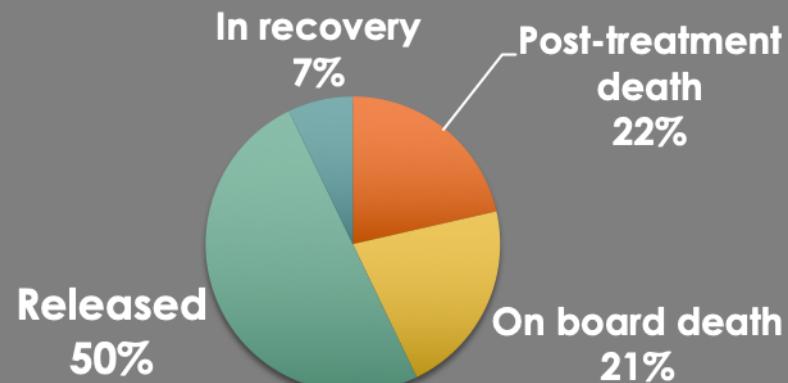
*Caretta caretta* (N=208)



*Lepidochelys olivacea* (N=27)



*Chelonia mydas*  
& *Eretmochelys imbricata* (N=14)



# Sensitization

- ▶ Sea turtles are sponsored by students or captains
- ▶ Individual sponsoring (Marine turtle days, World Ocean day...)
- ▶ Kelonia : dedicated center, 160 000 visitors in 2017
- ▶ Communication through social network



# Take home

- ▶ Long term partnerships since 2001
- ▶ Growing number of involved captains
- ▶ Reduction of impacts
- ▶ 70% of individuals rescued in the care center
- ▶ 145 rescued turtles released
- ▶ New scientific opportunities (plastic debris ingestion, satellite tracking, veterinary care...)
- ▶ Amelioration of the rescue protocol



© Kelonia/CEDTM



© Gecko Blue

# What's next ?

- ▶ New courses for fishermen
- ▶ Maintenance of partnerships
- ▶ Develop new partnerships
- ▶ Scientific publications
- ▶ New scientific projects

A photograph showing four men on a boat deck. In the foreground, a large sea turtle lies on the blue-painted metal floor. One man, wearing a blue cap and yellow vest, is holding the turtle's head. Another man in a blue shirt and cap is smiling at the camera. A third man, wearing a green shirt and a teal visor, is leaning over the turtle. In the background, there are fishing equipment like reels and a net.

Thanks a lot  
to every fishermen that help  
protecting sea turtles

# Thank you for your attention

