



Rules of Procedures - Appendix V Compliance Questionnaire for the year 2022 (CoC20)

Deadline for submission: 13/2/2023

READING NOTES:

- The questionnaire is composed of 5 sections reporting on the implementation of IOTC Resolutions.
- Answers provided by CPCs are presented in blue text.
- A red dash ("-") indicates that no answer was provided.

Reporting CPC: South Africa Date of submission: 21/2/2023

You can consult your previous Compliance questionnaire for CoC 19, by clicking here.

Note: All laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force must be uploaded in the requirement 1.5 named "Transposition of IOTC Conservation and Management Measures into national legislation".

Section 1 - Implementation obligations

1.1 IOTC Agreement

REQ 1.1 Part 1

Article X.2 of the IOTC Agreement – Report of Implementation Information required: Report of Implementation for CoC19 (2022)

- 1 The Implementation Report has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat in 2022 (CoC19): If YES, date of submission: –
- 2 All sections of the Implementation Report have been completed: -

1.2 Scientific committee

REQ 1.3

Report of the Scientific Committee SC04 – National scientific report Information required: National scientific report

- 1 The 2021 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2022 has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
- 2 The 2021 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2022 has been completed using the latest template report as directed by the Circular 2022-40: Yes

Section 2 – Flag State Controls

2.1 Authorised vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 3.6

Information required: List of authorised vessels 24 metres in length overall or more

- 1 A list of authorised vessels exists (vessels 24 metres in length overall or more): -
- 2 All the mandatory information have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all authorized vessels 24 meters in length overall or more: (–)
- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: (-)
- 4 Number of vessels ≥ 24m on the record of authorized vessel: -
- 5- The requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 3.7

Information required: List of authorised vessels less than 24 metres in length overall, operating in waters outside the EEZ of the Flag State

- 1 A list of authorised vessels exists for vessels less than 24m, operating in waters outside EEZ of the flag state:
- 2 All the mandatory information have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all authorized vessels 24 metres in length overall or more: (-)
- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: (-)
- 4 Number of vessels:
 - < 24m operating exclusively high sea: -.
 - < 24m operating both high sea and EEZ: -
- 5- The requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.6

Information required: IMO number for eligible vessels

- 1 The IMO number for eligible vessels have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes Complete (01/12/2022)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.5

Information required: Template of the official authorisation to fish outside national jurisdictions

1 - National flag vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels are issued authorisations to fish (ATF) outside National Jurisdiction for species managed by the IOTC: —

- 2 The template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions, with associated information required, has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: (-)
- 3 All the mandatory information on the template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: –

2.2 Chartering agreements

Resolution 19/07 On Vessel Chartering in the IOTC Area of Competence

REQ 3.3

Information required: Information on the particulars of the charter agreements and detail of vessels (chartering CP) in 2022

- 1 We have chartering agreements signed in 2022: Yes as chartering CP
- 2 The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022, (as Chartering CP) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

Mandatory information provided: Name of the chartered vessel(s) (in both native & Latin alphabets) • Registration number of the chartered vessel(s) • IMO ship identification number (if eligible) • Name and contact address of the beneficial owner(s) of the vessel(s) • Description of the vessel(s), including the length overall, type of vessel(s) & the type of fishing method(s) used under the chartering agreement • Copy of the chartering agreement • Fishing authorization or license it has issued to the vessel(s) • The quota allocation(s) or fishing possibility assigned to the vessel(s) • Duration of the chartering arrangement • Consent to the chartering agreement • Measures adopted to implement these provisions

- 3 The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022 has been reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement: Yes
 - Date of signature of the agreement(s): Not provided.
 - Date of commencement of fishing: 18.03.2022
 - Date of reporting: 18.03.2022
- 4 Chartering agreements in 2022 have been signed with the following countries: Japan
- 5 Regarding the chartered vessel(s) in 2022 under the charter agreement(s):
 - Number of charter agreements: 1
 - Number of chartered vessels: 1
- 6 The requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

REQ 3.4

Information required: Consent, measures, agreement implementation of IOTC CMMs (flag CPC) in 2022

1 - The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022, (as Flag CP) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: –

Mandatory information provided: -

- 2 The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022 has been reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement:
 - Date of signature of the agreement(s): -
 - Date of commencement of fishing: -
 - Date of reporting: -
- 3 Chartering agreements in 2022 have been signed with the following countries: -

- 4 For the chartered vessel(s) in 2022 under the charter agreement(s):
 - Number of charter agreements: -
 - Number of chartered vessels: -
- 5 The requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

REQ 3.5

Information required: Start, suspension, resumption and termination of the fishing operations under the chartering agreement in 2022

- 1 Reporting on Start, suspension, resumption and termination of the fishing operations under the chartering agreement in 2022 :
- 2 The requirement is not applicable in 2022 : -

2.3 Active vessels

REQ 3.1.

Resolution 10/08 Concerning a Record of Active Vessels Fishing for Tunas and Swordfish in the IOTC Area

Information required: List of active vessels

- 1 List of vessels active in 2022 provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
- 2 All the mandatory information on all vessels active in 2022 have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: No Partially (21)
- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: IMO number Name & address of owner(s) Name & address of charterer Name & address of operator(s) Main target species (-)
- 4 For national vessels in 2022:
 - Number of vessels ≥ 24m active: 11
 - Number of vessels < 24m active: 10
- 5 The requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

2.4 List of vessels fishing for yellowfin tuna

REO 3.12

Resolution 21/01 on an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Information required: List of vessels having fished for yellowfin tuna in the preceding year

- 1 List of vessels, which have fished for yellowfin tuna in 2022 provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
- 2 For national vessels in 2022:
 - Number of vessels ≥ 24m fishing for yellowfin tuna: -
 - Number of vessels < 24m fishing for yellowfin tuna: -

3 - The requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

2.5 Control of domestic vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 2.1

Information required: Vessels to carry on board authorisation to fish and/or tranship and certificate of vessel registration

- 1 All documents, valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship, were found to be on board national vessels inspected in 2022: Yes Complete (-)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.2

Information required: Fishing Vessels to be marked

- 1 All national fishing vessels are marked in 2022 (FAO Standard Specification for the Marking and Identification of Fishing vessels): Yes Complete (-)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.3

Information required: Passive fishing gears to be marked

- 1 All passive fishing gears used by fishing vessels are marked: Yes Complete (Drifting longline marked 17)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.4

Information required: Vessels to carry on board bound national fishing logbook with consecutively numbered pages

- 1 All national fishing logbooks were found to be on board national fishing vessels in 2022: Yes Complete
- 2 All national fishing logbooks were found to be on board with consecutively numbered pages in 2022: Yes Complete
- 3 All national fishing logbook were found to be on board with the original recordings contained in the fishing logbooks for a period of at least 12 months in 2022 : Yes Complete
- 4 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.7

Resolution 15/01 On the recording of catch and effort data by fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence Information required: Template of official fishing logbooks

- 1 This requirement is not applicable: -
- 2 Type of fishing logbook used by our vessels: Paper fishing logbook
- 3 Type of fishing vessels with fishing logbook onboard:

- Paper fishing logbook: Longline fishing vessels
 Pole and line fishing vessels
 Handline fishing vessels
- Electronic logbook system: -
- 4 Category of area of operation of fishing vessels with fishing logbook on board: Vessels over 24 metres length overall and under 24 metres fishing outside the EEZs Vessels less than 24 metres operating within the EEZ 5 CPCs with paper official fishing logbook:
 - The template of the official paper fishing logbook has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
 - If paper fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description of
 the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes the
 paper fishing logbook was provided in one of the two languages of the IOTC (2021)
- 6 CPCs with electronic fishing logbook system:
 - The copy of the applicable regulations implementing the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: All vessels use paper fishing logbook on board (-)
 - The set of screen captures of the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: All vessels use paper fishing logbook on board (-)
 - The name of the certified software of the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: All vessels use paper fishing logbook on board (-)
 - If electronic fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description of the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: (-)

REQ 2.10

Resolutions 19/04 & 19/02 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence / Procedures on a fish aggregating devices (FADs) management plan Information required: FADs to be marked

- 1 All Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels in 2022 are marked: Not applicable In 2022, no purse seine vessels / supply vessels have used FADs (–)
- 2 If YES, Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels in 2022 are marked with: (-)
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: No purse seine vessel / supply vessels registered on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels and fishing on Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices (DFADs), equipped with instrumented buoys for the purpose of aggregating target tuna species, in the IOTC area of competence

2.6 Vessel Monitoring System

Resolution 15/03 On the vessel monitoring system (VMS) programme

REQ 4.1

Information required: Adoption of VMS for all vessels ≥ 24 m and < 24 m fishing on the high seas

- 1 A scheme to monitor fishing vessels through a satellite-based VMS exists: Yes
- 2 The national satellite-based vessel monitoring system is used for the monitoring of: National fishing vessels Foreign fishing vessels operating in the EEZ
- 3 The national satellite-based vessel monitoring system has been adopted by law: Yes Complete (1998)
- 4 If YES, the level of VMS coverage in 2022 of the national fleet is:
 - Coverage is < 10 %: vessels
 - 25 % > Coverage > 10%: vessels

- 50 % > Coverage > 25 %: vessels
- 75 % > Coverage > 50 %: vessels
- 100 % > Coverage > 75 %: vessels
- Coverage is 100 %: 35 vessels
- 5 If YES, total number of national vessels equipped with VMS in 2022:
 - Vessel 24m in length overall or above: 14
 - Vessels less than 24 m operating outside the flag State EEZ: N/A
- 6 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 4.2

Information required: VMS report on implementation and technical failures

- 1 Report on the progress of implementation and technical failures in 2021 reported to the IOTC Secretariat: No (No technical failures encountered.)
- 2 If Yes, number of technical failures in 2021: No technical failures in 2021 (-)
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 4.3

Information required: VMS Implementation Plan

- 1 VMS implementation plan reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes Complete (VMS is mandatory for all South African flagged vessels and this has been in place since 1998.)
- 2 In September 2017, the level of VMS coverage of the national fleet was: Coverage is 100%
- 3 In 2022, the level of VMS coverage the national fleet is: Coverage is 100% (VMS is mandatory for all South African flagged vessels and this has been in place since 1998.)
- 4 Providing an update of the VMS implementation plan, I have uploaded the updated VMS implementation plan: No (-)
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: VMS adopted and coverage is 100%

2.7 Transhipment

Resolution 22/02 On establishing a programme for transhipment by large-scale fishing vessels

REQ 8.1

Information required: At sea transhipments – CPCs reports participating in the ROP

- 1 I have participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2021: No 2 The reports on the list of LSTLVs & the quantities transhipped in 2021, and the assessment of observer reports in 2021, have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: No (IOTC-2022-CoC19-04a Has not participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2021. No LSTLVs on the IOTC record of authorized vessel in 2021.)
- 3 If YES:
 - Number of LSTLVs having transhipped at sea in 2021: 0
 - Quantities transhipped at sea (kg) in 2021: 0

4 - This requirement is not applicable: I have not participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2021 • No LSTLVs on the IOTC record of authorized vessel in 2021

REQ 8.2

Information required: Report on transhipments in foreign ports

FOR ALL CPCS:

- 1 Flag LSTVs have transhipped in foreign ports in 2022: -
- 2 The reports on the list of LSTVs & the quantities transhipped in foreign ports in 2022, have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: - (-)

NIL report: Flag LSTV did not tranship in foreign ports in 2022

3 - If YES:

- Number of LSTLVs having transhipped in foreign ports in 2022: –
- Quantities transhipped in foreign ports (kg) in 2022: -
- 4 This requirement is not applicable: LSTV on the RAV not active in 2022 No LSTV on the RAV in 2022 Flag LSTVs did not tranship in foreign ports in 2022

FOR MALDIVES ONLY:

- 1 Flag Pole and line fishing vessel(s) and collector vessel(s) have transhipped in 2022: -
- 2 The reports on the list of Pole and line fishing vessel(s) and collector vessel(s) & the quantities transhipped in 2022, have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: - (-) NIL report: -

3 - If YES:

- Number of Pole and line fishing vessel(s) and collector vessel(s) having transhipped in 2022:
- Quantities transhipped (kg) in 2022: -
- 4 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 8.3

Required information: list of authorised carrier vessels

- 1 Flag LSTLVs have transhipped in ports and/or at sea in 2022: No
- 2 All the mandatory information has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all authorized carrier vessels: No (0)
- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: -

Reason for missing information: Does not have flagged carrier vessels on the Record of Carrier Vessels (RCV), not participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea.

- 4 In 2022, we have authorized:
 - Carrier vessels under our flag (Nb): 0
 - Carrier vessels under the flag of other fleets (Nb): 0

5 - This requirement is not applicable: LSTVs on the RAV not active in 2022 • No LSTVs on the RAV in 2022 • CPC does not tranship at sea and/or in port, in the IOTC area of competence in 2022.

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Information required: Results of the investigation on possible infraction in 2022 of IOTC regulations by monitor trans LSTLVs/carrier vessels

infraction not

- 1 The reports on the results of investigation on possible infractions in 2022 have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: No (We recieve the report late from the Officer. We will forward the report by the 2022/02/20.) 2 If YES:
 - Number of possible infractions related to ATF: 0
 - Number of possible infractions related to VMS: 0
 - Number of possible infractions related to fishing logbook: 0
 - Number of possible infractions related to LSTLVs marking: 0
 - Total number of possible infractions in 2022: Several species not declared in the AREP. They pleaded guilty, and fined R60.000 00. The vessel was released and the Captain.

REQ 8.5

Information required: ROP fee

- 1 I have participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2022: No
- 2 I have paid my ROP contribution for the ROP last call for fund: No (Not participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea.)
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: I am not participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea

2.8 Compliance of flag vessels

Resolution 17/07 On the prohibition to use large-scale driftnets in the IOTC area

Objection received from Pakistan: does not apply to Pakistan

REQ 2.8

Prohibition from: using large-scale driftnets in the entire IOTC area of competence

1 - Use of large scale driftnets is banned in the IOTC area of competence (high seas and EEZ): Has been banned by national legislation (1998)

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Marine living resources Act and Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions.

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

«Use of large-scale driftnets is prohibited in this sector ».

Resolution 16/07 On the use of artificial lights to attract fish

REQ 2.13

Prohibition to: Use surface or submerged artificial lights to attract fish

1 - The use of submerged artificial lights for the purpose of aggregating tuna and tuna-like species beyond territorial waters: Has been implemented by terms and conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2000) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: –

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

"The use, installing or operating surface or submerged artificial lights is prohibited"

Resolution 16/08 On the prohibition of the use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids

REQ 2.14

Prohibition to: Use aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles

- 1- A system exists to monitor compliance of flagged fishing vessels, support and supply vessels with the prohibition from using aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids: Yes
- 2 The use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids: Has been implemented by terms and conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2000)
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions.

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

"Use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids is prohibited"

Resolution 11/02 Prohibition of fishing on data buoys

REQ 2.23

Prohibition from: Intentionally fish within 1 nautical mile of or interact with data buoy

- 1 The Prohibition from intentionally fishing within 1 nautical mile of or interacting with data buoy: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2022)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Long Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

«Operators are prohibited from taking on board a data buoy and fishing on data buoy while engaged in fishing for tuna and tuna-like species in the IOTC area of competence».

REO 2.24

Prohibition from: Taking on board a data buoy

- 1 The Prohibition from taking on board a data buoy: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2022)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

«Operators are prohibited from taking on board a data buoy and fishing on data buoy while engaged in fishing for tuna and tuna-like species in the IOTC area of competence».

Resolution 13/04 On the conservation of cetaceans

REQ 2.25

Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a Cetacean

- 1 The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a cetacean: Has been implemented by national legislation Has not been implemented (1998)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: CPC does not have PS vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Marine Living Resources Act, 1998 and Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions
Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Resolution 13/05 On the conservation of whale sharks (*Rhincodon typus*)

REQ 2.26

Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a whale shark

- 1 The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a whale shark: Has been implemented by national legislation (1998)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2022 : CPC does not have PS vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Marine Living Resources Act, 1998 and Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of Mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC Area of Competence

REO 2.27

Prohibition to: intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays

- 1 The Prohibition of intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2000)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

"Vessel(s) is/are prohibited from intentionally setting any gear type for targeted fishing of mobulid rays in the IOTC Area of Competence, if the animal is sighted prior to commencement of the set"

Resolution 17/05 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC

REQ 6.4

Prohibition to: fin sharks

- 1 **Sharks landed fresh**: the removal of shark fins on board vessels, the landing, retention on-board, transhipment and carrying of shark fins which are not naturally attached to the shark carcass until the first point of landing: Has been banned by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2015)
- 2 **Sharks landed frozen**: CPCs that do not apply sub-paragraph 3 a) for all sharks shall require their vessels to not have on board fins that total more than 5% of the weight of sharks on board, up to the first point of landing: Has been banned by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2015)
- 3 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longlone Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

«Fins may not be removed from the shark trunks (i.e., headed, gutted). Fins are to be kept attached to the specific trunk either through a partial cut and folded over or tethered to the trunk via a cord (any loop in the cord shall not exceed approximately 8 cm in diameter»

Resolution 12/09 On the conservation of thresher sharks (family *Alopiidae*) caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence

RFO 6.5

Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell thresher sharks of all the species of the family Alopiidae

- 1 Prohibition of catching and retention of thresher sharks: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (–)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

«Thresher sharks belonging to the genus Alopias, hammerhead sharks (belonging to genus Sphyrna), oceanic whitetip sharks, porbeagle sharks, dusky sharks and silky sharks shall not be retained on board the vessel»

Resolution 13/06 On a scientific and management framework on the conservation of shark species caught in association with IOTC managed fisheries

REQ 6.6

Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell oceanic whitetip sharks

- 1 Prohibition of catching and retention of oceanic whitetip sharks: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2011)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

«Thresher sharks belonging to the genus Alopias, hammerhead sharks (belonging to genus Sphyrna), oceanic whitetip sharks, porbeagle sharks, dusky sharks and silky sharks shall not be retained on board the vessel»

Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 6.7

Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store mobulid rays

1 - Retaining onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence: Has been banned by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2000) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: –

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

"Vessel(s) shall not retain onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence"

REQ 6.8

Prohibition to: gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies. **Obligation to**: release alive, implement of live release handling procedures of mobulid rays

- 1 The prohibition to gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2000)
- 2 The obligation to release alive, implement live release handling procedures of mobulid rays: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2000)
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

"Vessel(s) shall not retain onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence". "The Permit Holder shall encourage the crew to release live sharks."

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles

REQ 6.11

Obligation: Longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board

- 1 The obligation for all longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2010)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

All turtles alive on the line should be treated correctly to improve their chances of post release survival. If the turtle is too large to bring on board, manoeuvre the boat as close to the turtle as possible, avoiding putting too much strain on the line. If the turtle is hooked and the barb visible, use a long handled de-hooker to remove the hook. Otherwise, cut the line as close to the turtle as possible and remove any entangling line. Let the turtle swim away from the vessel before continuing fishing operations. If the turtle is small enough to be safely handled, use a net to bring it on board. Avoid pulling on the line. A tyre is useful to demobilise the turtle once on board. If the hook has been swallowed, or is in the mouth, place a gag in its mouth so it cannot bite. If the turtle is hooked in its mouth use bolt cutters, or a de-hooker to remove the hook. If the turtle is hooked in its throat and the barb is visible, use a de-hooker. If the turtle is deeply hooked and the barb is not visible, remove as much of the line as possible, without pulling on it. Keep the turtle on board in a cool location to recover. Gently release the animal headfirst, ensuring the water is clear of fishing gear and the boat is stationary.

REQ 6.12

Obligation: Purse seine vessels to carry on board dip nets

- 1 The obligation for all purse seine vessels to carry and employ dip nets on board: (-)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: No purse seine vessels on the IOTC Record of authorised Vessels or active

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes: Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish

REQ 6.21

Prohibition to: Retain on board, tranship, land, striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin, indo-pacific sailfish smaller than 60 cm lower jaw fork length

- 1 The prohibition to retain on board, tranship, land, any Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin, and Indo-pacific Sailfish smaller than 60 cm Lower Jaw Fork Length: Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (2010)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Large Pelagic Longline Permit Conditions

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

«The catching of SBT (Thunnus maccoyii), with a mass of less than 6.4 kg, and Swordfish (Xiphias gladius) with a Lower Jaw Fork Length (LJFL) of less than 119 cm, Pectoral Fork Length (PFL) of less than 87cm or a Cleithrum

to Keel (CK) measurement of less than 63 cm, and marlins less than 120cm LJFL or less than 90 cm PFL is prohibited.»

Resolution 19/05 On a ban on discards of bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, yellowfin tuna, and non- targeted species caught by purse seine vessels in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 6.22

Obligation: retention of target tuna species on board purse seiners

- 1 The obligation to retain on board and then land all bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, and yellowfin tuna caught: Has not been implemented (-)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: No PS vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

REQ 6.23

Obligation: retention of non target species on board purse seiners

- 1 The obligation to retain on board and then land, to the extent practicable, the following non-targeted species or species group; other tunas, rainbow runner, dolphinfish, triggerfish, billfish, wahoo, and barracuda: (–) 2 This requirement is not applicable: No PS vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels
- Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

2.10 Regional Observer Scheme

Resolution 11/04 On a Regional observer scheme

NOT TO BE ASSESSED FOR THE YEAR 2021 FOR THE COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE 20

REQ 9.2

Obligation: Mandatory 5% observer coverage at sea (all vessels)

- 1 The number of vessels monitored and the coverage achieved by gear type, have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat & the IOTC Scientific Committee: Yes Complete (29.06.2022)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 9.3

Obligation: Mandatory 5% coverage of artisanal landings

- 1 The coverage is at least 5 % of artisanal fishing vessels landings: (-)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: No artisanal/coastal fisheries/vessels active in 2021

REQ 9.4

Obligation: Observer reports

- 1 All observer reports of 2021 have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes Complete (-)
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

2.10 Bigeye tuna Statistical Document Programme

Resolution 01/06 Concerning the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme

REQ 10.1

Information required: 1st Semester 2022 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna

- 1 A system for monitoring import, export, re-export of frozen BET exists: Yes
- 2 Bigeye tuna were imported in the 1st semester 2022: Yes
 - Total quantity of bigeye tunas imported in the 1st semester 2022 (kg): 47012
 - Country' vessels the Bigeye tuna were imported from: Japan, Taiwan Province of China
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 10.2

Information required: 2nd Semester 2021 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna

- 1 Bigeye tuna were imported in the 2nd semester 2021: Yes
 - Total quantity of bigeye tunas imported in the 2nd semester 2021 (kg): 60092
 - Country' vessels the Bigeye tuna were imported from: Japan, Taiwan Province of China
- 2 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 10.4

Information required: information on validation of statistical documents - national authorities and authorized officers

- 1 A system for validating export and re-export of frozen bigeye tunas exists: Yes
- 2 The Information on validation of statistical documents, the National authorities and authorized officers, have been reported/updated in 2022: No
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

2.11 Interim plan for rebuilding the Yellowfin tuna stock

REQ 2.17

Resolution 21/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Not applicable Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia: Resolution 19/01 remains binding.

Information required: Purse seiners served by supply vessels in 2023

- 1 CPC has PS/SP vessels on the Record of authorised vessels: -
- 2 The information on purse seiners served by each supply vessel in 2023 has been provided to the Secretariat: -
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: CPC has no purse seiners (PS) and no supply vessel (SP) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels

REQ 2.170bj2101

Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Only applicable to Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia.

Information required: Purse seiners served by supply vessels in 2023

- 1 CPC has PS/SP vessels on the Record of authorised vessels: -
- 2 The information on purse seiners served by each supply vessel in 2023 has been provided to the Secretariat:
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.19

Resolution 21/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Not applicable Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia: Resolution 19/01 remains binding.

Information required: Catch limits - Nominal catch of YFT in 2021

- 1 CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions: -
- 2 The catch of yellowfin tuna in 2021 reported to the IOTC Secretariat and the reductions were:

Fishing gear	Baseline year	YFT catch of baseline YFT catch in 2021 (T) Reduction (%) year		
Purse seine	_	_	_	_
Longline	_	_	_	_
Gillnet	_	_	_	-
Pole and line	_	_	_	_

3 - This requirement is not applicable: Catch reduction does not apply to CPC

REQ 2.190bj2101

Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Only applicable to Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia.

Information required: Catch limits - Nominal catch of YFT in 2021

1 - CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions: -

Fishing gear	Baseline year	YFT catch of baseline YFT catch in $2021\ (T)$ Reduction (%) year		
Purse seine	-	-	-	-
Longline	_	_	_	_
Gillnet	_	_	_	_
Pole and line	_	_	_	_

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.190bj1901

Resolution 18/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

• Only applicable to India.

Information required: Catch limits - Nominal catch of YFT in 2021

- 1 CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions: -
- 2 The catch of yellowfin tuna in 2021 reported to the IOTC Secretariat and the reductions were:

Fishing gear	Baseline year	YFT catch of baselin year	e YFT catch in 2021 (T	Reduction (%)
Purse seine	-	_	_	_
Longline	-	-	_	-
Gillnet	-	-	_	-
Pole and line	-	-	_	_

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Section 3 – Control by IOTC coastal States of activities of foreign vessels involved in IOTC fishery

3.1 Port inspection programme

Resolution 05/03 Relating to the establishment of an IOTC programme of inspection in port

REQ11.1

Information required: List of foreign vessels landings

- 1 A system exist to monitor the activities of foreign vessels landings in our ports: Yes
- 2 The list of foreign fishing vessels which have landed in 2021 and the details of catch composition submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

Resolution 16/11 On Port State measures to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing

REQ11.2

Information required: List of designated ports

- 1 A system exist to monitor the activities of foreign vessels calling into your port(s): Yes
- 2 The list of designated ports have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
- 3 My list of designated ports has been updated/changed in 2022 and I submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat: No
- 4 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ11.3

Information required: designated competent authority in each port state CPC

- 1 The information on the designated competent authority in each port State CPC have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
- 2 The information on the designated competent authority in each port State CPC has been updated/changed in 2022 and I submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat: No
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ11.4

Information required: prior notification periods in each port state CPC

1 - The prior notification periods established by each port State CPC have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

- 2 My prior notification periods has been updated/changed in 2022 and I submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat: No
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ11.5

Information required: inspection reports

- 1 A system exist to inspect foreign vessels calling into our port(s): Yes
- 2 Number of calls into our port(s) made by foreign vessels:
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: N/A
- 3 Number of foreign vessels denied entry into our port(s):
 - Fishing vessels: 0
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: -
- 4 Number of foreign vessels denied use of our port(s):
 - Fishing vessels: 0
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: N/A
- 5 Number of foreign vessels inspected:
 - Fishing vessels: 76
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: N/A
- 6 Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-PSM to the Secretariat:
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: N/A
- 7 Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-mail to the Secretariat:
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: N/A
- 8 Number of cases brought against foreign vessels for undermining the coastal CPCs Fisheries Law and/or Fisheries Regulations:
 - Fishing vessels: 0
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: N/A
- 9 Number of cases reported to the IOTC Secretariat in 2022:
 - Fishing vessels: 0
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: N/A

10 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 11.6

Information required: at least 5% inspection of LAN or TRX

- 1 A system exist to monitor foreign vessels landings and transhipments in your port(s): Yes
- 2 Number of foreign vessels callings into your port(s) for the purpose of:
 - Landing: -
 - Transhipment: -
 - Landing & transhipment: -
- 3 Number of foreign vessels offloading monitored into your port(s) for:
 - Landing: -
 - Transhipment: -
 - Landing & transhipment: -
- 4 The monitoring of landing and transhipment in my port(s) is implemented/conducted by:
 - The designated competent authority of the Port State
 - --
 - --
 - . . .
 - --
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: -

REO 11.7

Information required: report on denial of entry into port

- 1 Foreign vessels were denied entry into our port(s): No
- 2 Number of foreign vessels denied entry into your port(s):
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: -
- 3 Reason(s) for denial of entry in port(s):
 - - -
 - . . .
 - --
- 4 The denial of entry was communicated to:
 - - -
 - - -
 - -
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 11.8

Information required: report on denial of use of port

- 1 Foreign vessels were denied use of our port(s): No
- 2 Number of foreign vessels denied use of our port(s):
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: -
- 3 Reason(s) for denial of use of our port(s):
 - --
 - --
 - _ _ _
- 4 The denial of entry was communicated to:
 - -
 - --
 - –
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 11.9

Information required: report on withdrawal of a denial of use of port

- 1- Foreign vessels were denied use of our port(s) and the denial was withdrawn: No
- 2 Number of foreign vessels denied use of our port(s) for which the denial was withdrawn:
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: -
- 3 Reason(s) for withdrawal of denial of use of port(s):
 - Sufficient proof that the grounds on which use was denied were inadequate or erroneous or that such grounds no longer apply: -
 - Other reasons: -
- 4 The withdrawal of denial of use was communicated to:
 - The flag State(s) of the vessel(s): -
 - Relevant coastal States: -
 - -
 - Other RFMOs: -
 - Other relevant international organisations: –
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 11.10

Information required: report of vessels engaged in IUU fishing following an inspection

1 - There was clear grounds for believing that vessel(s) has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities following an inspection: No

- 2 Following the inspection, we have communicated the findings to:
 - The flag State(s) of the vessel(s): -
 - Relevant coastal States: -
 - -
 - Other RFMOs: -
 - Other relevant international organisations: –
 - The State of which the vessel's master is a national: -
 - •
 - Findings provided in e-MARIS: No -
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

3.2 Foreign vessels licensed

Resolution 14/05 Concerning a record of licensed foreign vessels fishing for IOTC species in the IOTC area of competence and access agreement information

REQ 3.8

Information required: list of foreign vessels licensed in EEZ

- 1 A system exist to license foreign vessels to operate in your waters, within the IOTC Area: -
- 2 Foreign vessels were licensed in 2022: -
- 3 The list of licensed foreign fishing vessels (in 2022) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: -
- 4 All the mandatory information on all vessels active in 2022 have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: -
- 5 Mandatory information are not fully provided or missing: -
- 6 Number of licenses issued to foreign fishing vessels in 2022:
 - Number of active vessels ≥ 24m: –
 - Number of active vessels < 24m: -
- 7 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: CPC does not license foreign flag vessels to fish in the EEZ for species managed by the IOTC in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 3.9

Information required: foreign vessels denied a license

- 1 Foreign vessels were denied a license in 2022: -
- 2 The list of foreign fishing vessels denied a license (in 2022) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: --
- 3 If NO, information on foreign fishing vessels denied a license (in 2022):
- 4 Number of licenses denied to foreign fishing vessels in 2022:
 - Number of active vessels ≥ 24m: -
 - Number of active vessels < 24m: -
- 5 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: CPC does not license foreign flag vessels to fish in the EEZ for species managed by the IOTC in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 3.10

Information required: Access agreements information

- 1 A system exist to sign Government to Government access agreement for foreign vessels to operate in your waters, within the IOTC Area: –
- 2 Foreign vessels were licensed in 2022 under a Government to Government access agreement: -
- 3 CPC-to-CPC agreements in 2022 exist and information concerning these agreements submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: --
- 4 If No, information about these agreements: -
- 5 All the mandatory information has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all CPC/CPC access agreement:
 - The stock or species authorized for harvest, including any applicable catch limits: -
 - The CPC's quota or catch limit to which the catch will be applied, where applicable: -
 - Monitoring, control, and surveillance measures required by the flag CPC and coastal CPC involved: -
 - Data reporting obligations stipulated in the agreement, including those between the parties involved, as well as those regarding information that must be provided to the Commission:
- 6 Mandatory information are not fully provided or missing: -
- 7 This requirement is not applicable: CPC does not have CPC-CPC agreement in 2022

REQ 3.11

Information required: Official coastal State fishing License

- 1 The template of the official coastal State fishing License with information required concerning these licenses submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: --
- 2 All the mandatory information on official coastal State fishing License have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: –
- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: -
- 4 This requirement is not applicable: CPC does not license foreign flag vessels to fish in the EEZ for species managed by the IOTC in the IOTC area of competence

Section 4 - Responsibility of all CPCs

4.1 Control of nationals

Resolution 07/01 To promote compliance by nationals of contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties with IOTC conservation and management measures

REQ 7.2

Information required: Compliance by nationals at previous session

- 1 Vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at the previous session of the Commission with natural or legal persons under my jurisdiction: No
- 2 If YES, information on the national(s) (natural or legal persons):

REQ 7.XJ

Information required: reports on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals

- 1 Reporting on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals: No
- 2 If YES, information on the national(s) (natural or legal persons): -
- 3 NIL report: Nil report for 2022 no nationals engage in IUU fishing in the IOTC Area of Competence

Section 5 - Flag State Controls (Data)

5.1. Fisheries statistics for IOTC species and main shark species provided to the IOTC Secretariat

IOTC Species

Resolution 15/02 Mandatory statistical reporting requirements for IOTC contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties (CPCs)

REQ 5.1

Information required: Nominal catches - Coastal fisheries

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Coastal fisheries nominal catches data: Yes Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.2

Information required: Nominal catches - Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Surface fisheries nominal catches data: No
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021 : No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence

REQ 5.3

Information required: Nominal catches – Longline Provisional/Final

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Longline Provisional/Final nominal catches data: Yes Complete for longline Provisional / Final
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.4

Information required: Nominal catches - Discards

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 discards data: Yes Complete for discards
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.5

Information required: Nominal catches – Report on zero catches matrix

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Report on zero catches matrix : YES - Complete for the zero catches matrix

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.6

Information required: Catch & Effort - Coastal Fisheries

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort data for Coastal Fisheries : Yes Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.6

Information required: Catch & Effort - Coastal Fisheries

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort data for Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet: No
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence

REQ 5.8

Information required: Catch & Effort – Longline Provisional/Final

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort data for Longline Provisional/Final : Yes Complete for Complete for longline Provisional / Final
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.9

Information required: Size Frequency – Coastal Fisheries

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Coastal Fisheries: Yes Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.10

Information required: Size Frequency – Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet: No
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence

REQ 5.11

Information required: Size Frequency – Longline Provisional/Final

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Longline Provisional/Final: Yes Complete for longline Provisional / Final
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Shark Species

Resolution 17/05 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC

REQ 6.1

Information required: Nominal catches - Sharks

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Nominal catches for Sharks: Yes Complete for Sharks nominal catches
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 6.2

Information required: Catch & Effort - Sharks

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort for Sharks: Yes Complete for sharks catch & effort
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 6.3

Information required: Size Frequency - Sharks

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Sharks: Yes Complete sharks
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

5.2. Fisheries statistic for FAD provided to the IOTC Secretariat

Resolution 19/02 Procedures on a fish aggregating devices (FADs) management plan

REQ 5.12

Information required: FAD – Number & characteristics of Supply vessel

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 FAD Number & characteristics of Supply vessel: No
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No supply vessels on the IOTC Record of Fishing Vessels

REQ 5.13

Information required: FAD – Days at sea (Effort) by supply vessels

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 FAD Days at sea (Effort) by supply vessels: No
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No supply vessels on the IOTC Record of Fishing Vessels

REQ 5.14

Information required: FAD – FADs set by type

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 FADs set by type: No
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No supply/purse seine vessels on the IOTC Record of Fishing Vessels

REQ 5.15

Information required: FAD – Number of active FADs at any one time

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2022 Number of active FADs at any one time: –
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: No supply/purse seine vessels on the IOTC Record of Fishing Vessels

5.3. Statistics on bycatch provided to the Secretariat

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles

REO 6.10

Information required: Data on interactions with marine turtles

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with marine turtles: Yes Complete for interactions with marine turtles
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles

REQ 6.10

Information required: Data on interactions with marine turtles

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with marine turtles: Yes Complete for interactions with marine turtles
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 12/06 On reducing the incidental bycatch of seabirds in longline fisheries

REQ 6.13

Information required: Data on interactions with seabirds

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with seabirds: Yes Complete for interactions with seabirds
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 13/04 On the conservation of Cetaceans

REQ 6.15

Information required: Data on interactions with Cetaceans

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with Cetaceans: Yes Complete for interactions with cetaceans
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 13/05 On the conservation of whale sharks (Rhincodon typus)

REQ 6.17

Information required: Data on interactions with whale sharks

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with whale sharks: Yes Complete for interactions with whale sharks
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 19/03 – Data on interactions with Mobulid rays

REQ 6.24

Information required: Data on interactions with Mobulid rays

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with Mobulid rays: Yes Complete for interactions with Mobulid rays
- 2 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

5.4. Information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches

Resolution 18/02 On Management Measures for the Conservation of Blue Shark Caught in Association with IOTC Fisheries

REO 6.19

Information required: Information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches of Blue Shark

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 information: Yes
- 2 The actions taken domestically to monitor catches of blue shark are: Fishing logbook on board Observer on board fishing vessels IOTC-2022-SC25-NR24: Has reported catch of blue sharks. The following permit conditions (6.1) regulate shark catches in the South African Large Pelagic Longline sector: (b) Targeting of sharks is prohibited. Targeting is defined as landing 50% or more sharks per fishing season in terms of landed total mass. (c) The Permit Holder is restricted to landings of less than 60% sharks in terms of landed total mass in any quarter. If quarterly landings exceed 60%, the Permit Holder will be required to have 100% observer coverage for the remainder of the fishing season. (d) A Precautionary Upper Catch Limit (PUCL) applies to the total landed shark mass. (e) Once 80% of the PUCL has been caught, the remaining 20% of the PUCL shall be subdivided equally among active right holders. This PUCL will, in line with the prohibition on targeting of sharks, be reduced seasonally over a five-year period. (f) Once the PUCL has been reached, no pelagic sharks shall be landed, and

fishing will only be allowed with the presence of an onboard Observer. (g) Thresher sharks belonging to the genus Alopias, hammerhead sharks (belonging to genus Sphyrna), oceanic whitetip sharks, porbeagle sharks, dusky sharks and silky sharks shall not be retained on board the vessel. The Permit Holder shall encourage the crew to release live sharks. (i) Fins may not be removed from the shark trunks (i.e., headed, gutted). Fins are to be kept attached to the specific trunk either through a partial cut and folded over or tethered to the trunk via a cord (any loop in the cord shall not exceed approximately 8 cm in diameter and shall follow similar specifications to permit condition 21.1 (b)). 5.1.3. Blue shark: South African Large Pelagic longline permit condition 10.3 includes the following: a Landing Declaration (Annexure 7 and electronic version available upon request from Large Pelagics Marine Research Technician, Table 2) is to be completed after every discharge and certified by a FCO or a DFFE appointed Monitor. The Landing Declaration is to be submitted by the right holder along with the monthly catch statistics forms (Clause 11.2). And permit condition 16.1: The Department shall require each Permit Holder to carry one or more Scientific observers on board its vessel on request (72 hours), a minimum of one per quarter so as to ensure that 20% of all fishing days per quarter are monitored. Failure to comply with this request shall result in the vessel being ordered to remain in port and may result in the initiation of proceedings under section 28 of the MLRA. Annual observer coverage per vessel is required to be spatially representative of annual fishing effort and needs to fulfil RFMO specific requirements. If coverage of observed trips is not temporally and spatially representative of effort, the Department shall require vessels to carry scientific observers on board additional trips.

3 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes: Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish

REQ 6.20

Information required: information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches & manage fisheries of striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin and indo-pacific sailfish

- 1 I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 information: Yes
- 2 The actions taken domestically to monitor catches of blue shark are: Fishing logbook on board Observer on board fishing vessels IOTC-2022-SC25-NR24: Has reported catch of billfish. Catches of marlin species (Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish) in the South African large pelagic longline remains low (< 10 tons per annum for all species combined). The following permit conditions aim to further reduce catches for these species: 6.1 (a) Billfishes of the genera Makaira, Tetrapturus, Istiophorus are designated as secondary species. 6.1 (h) Marlins (Black, Blue, Stripped and White) shall not be retained on board the vessel, West of 20 degrees. The Permit Holder shall encourage the crew to release live marlins. 6.3 The catching of and marlins less than 120cm LJFL or less than 90 cm PFL is prohibited. No discarding of dead marlins is permitted. 6.5. Actions taken to monitor catches & manage fisheries for Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish: Catches of marlin species (Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish) in the South African large pelagic longline remains low (< 10 tons per annum for all species combined). The following permit conditions aim to further reduce catches for these species: 6.1 (a) Billfishes of the genera Makaira, Tetrapturus, Istiophorus are designated as secondary species. 6.1 (h) Marlins (Black, Blue, Stripped and White) shall not be retained on board the vessel, West of 20 degrees. The Permit Holder shall encourage the crew to release live marlins. 6.3 The catching of and marlins less than 120cm LJFL or less than 90 cm PFL is prohibited.
- 3 This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes: Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish

REQ 6.20

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