



Rules of Procedures - Appendix V Compliance Questionnaire for the year 2022 (CoC20)

Deadline for submission: 13/2/2023

READING NOTES:

- The questionnaire is composed of 5 sections reporting on the implementation of IOTC Resolutions.
- Answers provided by CPCs are presented in blue text.
- A red dash ("-") indicates that no answer was provided.

Reporting CPC: Tanzania Date of submission: 11/2/2023

You can consult your previous Compliance questionnaire for CoC 19, by clicking here.

Note: All laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force must be uploaded in the requirement 1.5 named "Transposition of IOTC Conservation and Management Measures into national legislation".

Section 1 – Implementation obligations

1.1 IOTC Agreement

REQ 1.1 Part 1

Article X.2 of the IOTC Agreement – Report of Implementation Information required: Report of Implementation for CoC19 (2022)

1 - The Implementation Report has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat in 2022 (CoC19): Yes If YES, date of submission: 30/11/2022

2 - All sections of the Implementation Report have been completed: Yes

1.2 Scientific committee

REQ 1.3

Report of the Scientific Committee SC04 – National scientific report Information required: National scientific report

1 - The 2021 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2022 has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

2 - The 2021 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2022 has been completed using the latest template report as directed by the Circular 2022-40: Yes

Section 2 – Flag State Controls

2.1 Authorised vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 3.6

Information required: List of authorised vessels 24 metres in length overall or more

1 - A list of authorised vessels exists (vessels 24 metres in length overall or more): Yes

2 - All the mandatory information have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all authorized vessels 24 meters in length overall or more: Yes – Complete (–)

- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: Company registration number (-)
- 4 Number of vessels \ge 24m on the record of authorized vessel: 180377
- 5- The requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 3.7

REQ 2.6

REQ 2.5

Information required: List of authorised vessels less than 24 metres in length overall, operating in waters outside the EEZ of the Flag State

1 - A list of authorised vessels exists for vessels less than 24m, operating in waters outside EEZ of the flag state: No

2 - All the mandatory information have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all authorized vessels 24 metres in length overall or more: Yes – Complete (N/A)

- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: (N/A)
- 4 Number of vessels:
 - < 24m operating exclusively high sea: N/A.
 - < 24m operating both high sea and EEZ: N/A

5- The requirement is not applicable: CPC does not have vessels less than 24m, operating in waters outside EEZ of the flag state, fishing in the IOTC area of competence

Information required: IMO number for eligible vessels

1 - The IMO number for eligible vessels have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes - Complete (12/1/2022) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: –

Information required: Template of the official authorisation to fish outside national jurisdictions

1 - National flag vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels are issued authorisations to fish (ATF) outside National Jurisdiction for species managed by the IOTC: Yes

2 - The template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions, with associated information required, has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes - Complete (01.12.2022)

3 - All the mandatory information on the template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes - Complete

2.2 Chartering agreements

Resolution 19/07 On Vessel Chartering in the IOTC Area of Competence

REQ 3.3

Information required: Information on the particulars of the charter agreements and detail of vessels (chartering CP) in 2022

1 - We have chartering agreements signed in 2022: No

2 - The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022, (as Chartering CP) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: No

Mandatory information provided: -

3 - The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022 has been reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement: –

- Date of signature of the agreement(s): N/A
- Date of commencement of fishing: N/A
- Date of reporting: N/A

4 - Chartering agreements in 2022 have been signed with the following countries: -

5 - Regarding the chartered vessel(s) in 2022 under the charter agreement(s):

- Number of charter agreements: N/A
- Number of chartered vessels: N/A

6 - The requirement is not applicable in 2022: CPC does not charter vessels in 2022

REQ 3.4

Information required: Consent, measures, agreement implementation of IOTC CMMs (flag CPC) in 2022

1 - The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022, (as Flag CP) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: No

Mandatory information provided: -

2 - The information of the charter agreements signed in 2022 has been reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement: –

- Date of signature of the agreement(s): N/A
- Date of commencement of fishing: N/A
- Date of reporting: N/A

3 - Chartering agreements in 2022 have been signed with the following countries: -

4 - For the chartered vessel(s) in 2022 under the charter agreement(s):

- Number of charter agreements: N/A
- Number of chartered vessels: N/A

5 - The requirement is not applicable in 2022: CPC does not charter vessels and no chartering agreement in 2022

REQ 3.5

Information required: Start, suspension, resumption and termination of the fishing operations under the chartering agreement in 2022

1 - Reporting on Start, suspension, resumption and termination of the fishing operations under the chartering agreement in 2022 :

N/A

2 - The requirement is not applicable in 2022 : CPC does not charter vessels and no chartering agreement in 2022

2.3 Active vessels

REQ 3.1.

Resolution 10/08 Concerning a Record of Active Vessels Fishing for Tunas and Swordfish in the IOTC Area

Information required: List of active vessels

1 - List of vessels active in 2022 provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

2 - All the mandatory information on all vessels active in 2022 have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – Complete (–)

- 3 Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: (-)
- 4 For national vessels in 2022:
 - Number of vessels \geq 24m active: 3
 - Number of vessels < 24m active: -

5 - The requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

2.4 List of vessels fishing for yellowfin tuna

REQ 3.12

Resolution 21/01 on an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Information required: List of vessels having fished for yellowfin tuna in the preceding year

1 - List of vessels, which have fished for yellowfin tuna in 2022 provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

- 2 For national vessels in 2022:
 - Number of vessels ≥ 24m fishing for yellowfin tuna: 3
 - Number of vessels < 24m fishing for yellowfin tuna: 4334

3 - The requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

2.5 Control of domestic vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence

Information required: Vessels to carry on board authorisation to fish and/or tranship and certificate of vessel registration

1 - All documents, valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship, were found to be on board national vessels inspected in 2022: Yes - Complete (-) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: Fishing Vessels to be marked

1 - All national fishing vessels are marked in 2022 (FAO Standard Specification for the Marking and Identification of Fishing vessels): Yes – Complete (–) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: –

Information required: Passive fishing gears to be marked

1 - All passive fishing gears used by fishing vessels are marked: Yes - Complete (Number of fishing gears marked for Drifting longline/palangre dérivante : 1)

Information required: Vessels to carry on board bound national fishing logbook with consecutively numbered

1 - All national fishing logbooks were found to be on board national fishing vessels in 2022: Yes - Complete 2 - All national fishing logbooks were found to be on board with consecutively numbered pages in 2022: Yes -

3 - All national fishing logbook were found to be on board with the original recordings contained in the fishing

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

pages

Complete

REO 2.7

Resolution 15/01 On the recording of catch and effort data by fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence Information required: Template of official fishing logbooks

1 - This requirement is not applicable: -

4 - This requirement is not applicable: -

2 - Type of fishing logbook used by our vessels: Paper fishing logbook

logbooks for a period of at least 12 months in 2022 : Yes - Complete

- 3 Type of fishing vessels with fishing logbook onboard:
 - Paper fishing logbook: Purse seine fishing vessels Longline fishing vessels
 - Electronic logbook system: –

REQ 2.2

REQ 2.1

REQ 2.3

REO 2.4

4 - Category of area of operation of fishing vessels with fishing logbook on board: Vessels over 24 metres length overall and under 24 metres fishing outside the EEZs

5 - CPCs with paper official fishing logbook:

- The template of the official paper fishing logbook has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes
- If paper fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description of the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – the paper fishing logbook was provided in one of the two languages of the IOTC (for purse seine logbook 2022 and for Longline was 2021)

6 - CPCs with electronic fishing logbook system:

- The copy of the applicable regulations implementing the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: - (-)
- The set of screen captures of the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: (-)
- The name of the certified software of the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: - (-)
- If electronic fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description
 of the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: (-)

Resolutions 19/04 & 19/02 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence / Procedures on a fish aggregating devices (FADs) management plan Information required: FADs to be marked

1 - All Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels in 2022 are marked: Yes - Complete (-)

2 - If YES, Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels in 2022 are marked with: International Radio Call Sign of the vessel (–)

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

2.6 Vessel Monitoring System

Resolution 15/03 On the vessel monitoring system (VMS) programme

REQ 4.1

REO 2.10

Information required: Adoption of VMS for all vessels \ge 24 m and < 24 m fishing on the high seas

1 - A scheme to monitor fishing vessels through a satellite-based VMS exists: Yes

2 - The national satellite-based vessel monitoring system is used for the monitoring of: National fishing vessels • Foreign fishing vessels operating in the EEZ

3 - The national satellite-based vessel monitoring system has been adopted by law: Yes - Complete (23/04/2021)

- 4 If YES, the level of VMS coverage in 2022 of the national fleet is:
 - Coverage is < 10 %: vessels
 - 25 % > Coverage > 10%: vessels
 - 50 % > Coverage > 25 %: vessels
 - 75 % > Coverage > 50 %: vessels
 - 100 % > Coverage > 75 %: vessels
 - Coverage is 100 %: vessels

5 - If YES, total number of national vessels equipped with VMS in 2022:

- Vessel 24 m in length overall or above: 4
- Vessels less than 24 m operating outside the flag State EEZ: 0

6 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: VMS report on implementation and technical failures

1 - Report on the progress of implementation and technical failures in 2021 reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – Complete (–)

- 2 If Yes, number of technical failures in 2021: No technical failures in 2021 (0)
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: VMS Implementation Plan

1 - VMS implementation plan reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes - Complete (-)

2 - In September 2017, the level of VMS coverage of the national fleet was: -

3 - In 2022, the level of VMS coverage the national fleet is: – (In 2017 Tanzania had only artisanal fishing fleet operating within the territorial sea.)

4 - Providing an update of the VMS implementation plan, I have uploaded the updated VMS implementation plan: No (-)

5 - This requirement is not applicable: -

2.7 Transhipment

Resolution 22/02 On establishing a programme for transhipment by large-scale fishing vessels

Information required: At sea transhipments – CPCs reports participating in the ROP

1 - I have participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2021: No 2 - The reports on the list of LSTLVs & the quantities transhipped in 2021, and the assessment of observer reports in 2021, have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: No (15.09.2022) 3 - If YES:

- Number of LSTLVs having transhipped at sea in 2021: 0
- Quantities transhipped at sea (kg) in 2021: 0

4 - This requirement is not applicable: I have not participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2021

Information required: Report on transhipments in foreign ports

FOR ALL CPCS:

REQ 8.1

REQ 8.2

REQ 4.3

REQ 4.2

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1 - Flag LSTVs have transhipped in foreign ports in 2022: Yes

2 - The reports on the list of LSTVs & the quantities transhipped in foreign ports in 2022, have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes - Completely (-)

NIL report: -

- 3 If YES:
 - Number of LSTLVs having transhipped in foreign ports in 2022: 1
 - Quantities transhipped in foreign ports (kg) in 2022: 12308

4 - This requirement is not applicable: -

FOR MALDIVES ONLY:

1 - Flag Pole and line fishing vessel(s) and collector vessel(s) have transhipped in 2022: -

2 - The reports on the list of Pole and line fishing vessel(s) and collector vessel(s) & the quantities transhipped in 2022, have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: -(-)

NIL report: -

3 - If YES:

- Number of Pole and line fishing vessel(s) and collector vessel(s) having transhipped in 2022: -
- Quantities transhipped (kg) in 2022: -

4 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Required information: list of authorised carrier vessels

1 - Flag LSTLVs have transhipped in ports and/or at sea in 2022: No

2 - All the mandatory information has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all authorized carrier vessels: No (0)

3 - Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: -

Reason for missing information: Does not have flagged carrier vessels on the Record of Carrier Vessels (RCV) and not participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea.

4 - In 2022, we have authorized:

- Carrier vessels under our flag (Nb): 0
- Carrier vessels under the flag of other fleets (Nb): 0

5 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 8.4

REQ 8.3

Information required: Results of the investigation on possible infraction in 2022 of IOTC regulations by LSTLVs/carrier vessels

1 - The reports on the results of investigation on possible infractions in 2022 have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: No (Not participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea.)

2 - If YES:

- Number of possible infractions related to ATF: 0
- Number of possible infractions related to VMS: 0
- Number of possible infractions related to fishing logbook: 0
- Number of possible infractions related to LSTLVs marking: 0
- Total number of possible infractions in 2022: 0

3 - This requirement is not applicable: I have not participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2022

REQ 8.5

REQ 2.8

Information required: ROP fee

1 - I have participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2022: No 2 - I have paid my ROP contribution for the ROP last call for fund: No (-)

3 - This requirement is not applicable: I am not participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea

2.8 Compliance of flag vessels

Resolution 17/07 On the prohibition to use large-scale driftnets in the IOTC area

Objection received from Pakistan: does not apply to Pakistan

Prohibition from: using large-scale driftnets in the entire IOTC area of competence

1 - Use of large scale driftnets is banned in the IOTC area of competence (high seas and EEZ): Has been banned by national legislation (23/04/2021 and has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law.)

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 16 (1;2 &3) The operator of a fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or of any Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO or otherwise beyond areas of national jurisdiction shall not use large-scale driftnets.

Resolution 16/07 On the use of artificial lights to attract fish

Prohibition to: Use surface or submerged artificial lights to attract fish

1 - The use of submerged artificial lights for the purpose of aggregating tuna and tuna-like species beyond territorial waters: Has been banned by national legislation (-) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulations 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Prohibition to use artificial lights to attract tuna or tuna-like species Reg. 14.-(1) An operator of a fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO, shall not use, install or operate surface or submerged artificial lights, including on drifting Fish Aggregating **REQ 2.13**

Devices, for the purpose of aggregating any tuna or tuna-like species.
(2) For the purpose of this regulation "fishing vessel" includes support, supply and auxiliary vessels, in the Exclusive Economic Zone or any Tanzanian fishing vessel within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO.

Resolution 16/08 On the prohibition of the use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids

REQ 2.14

Prohibition to: Use aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles

1- A system exists to monitor compliance of flagged fishing vessels, support and supply vessels with the prohibition from using aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids: Yes 2 - The use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids: Has been banned by national legislation (23/04/2021 and has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law since 23/04/2023)

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulation 2021

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Prohibition to use aircraft Reg. 17.-An operator of a fishing vessel including support, supply and auxiliary vessels, in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or of any Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO, shall not use aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicles, as fishing aids, unless with authorization made under regulation 35(1)(c)

Resolution 11/02 Prohibition of fishing on data buoys

REQ 2.23

Prohibition from: Intentionally fish within 1 nautical mile of or interact with data buoy

1 - The Prohibition from intentionally fishing within 1 nautical mile of or interacting with data buoy: Has been implemented by national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulations 2021

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Regulation 15.-(1) A person, including the operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO, shall not deploy a data buoy unless the Director General has been notified of such deployment and provided with such information as may require. (2) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or of any Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO shall not cause or allow fishing within one nautical mile of or interactions with a

data buoy, which includes- (a) encircling the buoy with fishing gear; (b) tying up to or attaching the vessel, or any gear, part or portion of the vessel, to a data buoy or its mooring.

REQ 2.24

Prohibition from: Taking on board a data buoy

1 - The Prohibition from taking on board a data buoy: Has been implemented by national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)
 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulations 2021

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Regulation 15.- (2) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or of any Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO shall not cause or allow fishing within one nautical mile of or interactions with a data buoy, which includes- (a) encircling the buoy with fishing gear; (b) tying up to or attaching the vessel, or any fishing gear, part or portion of the vessel, to a data buoy or its mooring;

Resolution 13/04 On the conservation of cetaceans

REQ 2.25

Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a Cetacean

1 - The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a cetacean: Has been implemented by national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021) 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2022: –

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2020. Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 15.-(4) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or of any Tanzanian fishing vessel within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO, shall- (a) not cause to be taken on board a data buoy while engaged in fishing in the area of competence of a relevant RFMO, unless specifically authorized or requested to do so by the Director General or the owner responsible for that buoy; (b) keep watch for moored data buoys at sea and take all reasonable measures to avoid fishing gear entanglement or directly interacting in any way with such data buoys; and (c) where the fishing vessel or gear becomes entangled with a data buoy, remove the entangled fishing gear without damage to the data buoy.

Resolution 13/05 On the conservation of whale sharks (*Rhincodon typus***)**

REQ 2.26

Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a whale shark

1 - The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a whale shark: Has been implemented by national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2022 : -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 **Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:**

Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of Mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC Area of Competence

REQ 2.27

Prohibition to: intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays

1 - The Prohibition of intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays: Has not been implemented (-) 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 6.-(1) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO shall not-(In conservation when the term shark is used it includes Rays as well). Regulation 28 (2)(e) The operator of a fishing vessel holding a license, authorization or permission issued under these Regulations shall comply with all applicable ICMMs in areas including the area of competence of the relevant RFMO;

Resolution 17/05 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC

REQ 6.4

Prohibition to: fin sharks

1 - **Sharks landed fresh**: the removal of shark fins on board vessels, the landing, retention on-board, transhipment and carrying of shark fins which are not naturally attached to the shark carcass until the first point of landing: Has been banned by national legislation • Has been banned by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (-)

2 - **Sharks landed frozen**: CPCs that do not apply sub-paragraph 3 a) for all sharks shall require their vessels to not have on board fins that total more than 5% of the weight of sharks on board, up to the first point of landing: Has been banned by national legislation • Has been banned by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (-)

3 - This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 **Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:**

Regulation 6.-(1) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO shall not- (a) engage in commercial fishing of sharks; (b) engage in shark finning in the course of fishing; (c) possess, store, transship or land, or attempt to transship, land, buy or sell any- (i) shark fin including the tail that is not naturally attached to the whole corresponding carcass or as otherwise provided under the Act or these Regulations; or (ii) species of shark, in whole or in part, that is prohibited by an ICMMs to be retained onboard, transshipped, stored or otherwise;

Resolution 12/09 On the conservation of thresher sharks (family *Alopiidae*) caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence

REQ 6.5

Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell thresher sharks of all the species of the family Alopiidae

1 - Prohibition of catching and retention of thresher sharks: Has been implemented in the national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (-) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 8.-(1) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO shall- (a) not engage in or allow fishing for thresher sharks andoceanic whitetip sharks; (b) not allow or cause to be retained onboard, tranship, land or store any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks and oceanic whitetip sharks with the exception of subregulation (2); (c) promptly release unharmed, to the extent practicable, thresher sharks and oceanic whitetip sharks when brought alongside the fishing vessel for the purpose of taking onboard, including where they are identified on the line before bringing them onboard; and (d) keep

Resolution 13/06 On a scientific and management framework on the conservation of shark species caught in association with IOTC managed fisheries

REQ 6.6

Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell oceanic whitetip sharks

1 - Prohibition of catching and retention of oceanic whitetip sharks: Has been implemented in the national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (-) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 8.-(1) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO shall- (a) not engage in or allow fishing for thresher sharks andoceanic whitetip sharks; (b) not allow or cause to be retained onboard, tranship, land or store any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks and oceanic whitetip sharks with the exception of subregulation (2); (c) promptly release unharmed, to the extent practicable, thresher sharks and oceanic whitetip sharks when brought alongside the fishing vessel for the purpose of taking onboard, including where they are identified on the line before bringing them onboard; and (d) keep

Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence

Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store mobulid rays

1 - Retaining onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence: Has been banned by national legislation • Has been banned by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and the Regulations of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 7.- (a) not land, retain on board, tranship or carry shark fins which are not naturally attached to the shark carcass until the first point of landing where sharks landed are fresh; (b) not cause or allow at any time on board the fishing vessel shark fins that total more than 5 per cent of the weight of sharks on board, up to the first point of landing where sharks are landed frozen; (c) ensure compliance with any requirement made by the Director General to verify compliance with paragraph (b) through certification, monitoring by an observer or other measures; (d) not cause or allow any shark fins harvested in contravention of this regulation to be retained on board, transshipped or landed;

Prohibition to: gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies. **Obligation to**: release alive, implement of live release handling procedures of mobulid rays

1 - The prohibition to gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays: Is not implemented (The Mobulid ray species are treated the same under the provisions for shark species conservation.)
2 - The obligation to release alive, implement live release handling procedures of mobulid rays: Has been implemented by national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act of 2020 and Regulation of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulations 7 of the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles

REQ 6.11

Obligation: Longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board

1 - The obligation for all longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board: Has been implemented in national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 **Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:**

REQ 6.12

Obligation: Purse seine vessels to carry on board dip nets

1 - The obligation for all purse seine vessels to carry and employ dip nets on board: Has been implemented in national legislation • Has been implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 **Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:** 10. -(c) i The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone, or of any Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO shall;-carry line cutters and de-hookers on board the fishing vessel in order to facilitate the appropriate handling and prompt release of marine turtles caught or entangled;

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes: Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish

REQ 6.21

Prohibition to: Retain on board, tranship, land, striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin, indo-pacific sailfish smaller than 60 cm lower jaw fork length

1 - The prohibition to retain on board, tranship, land, any Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin, and Indo-pacific Sailfish smaller than 60 cm Lower Jaw Fork Length: Has not been implemented (Currently, there is no provision in the Regulations that directly prohibits the use of <60cm Marlins, Sailfish and Swordfish. However, the resolution on the conservation of marlins is implemented by placing Observers on board Longline vessels and catch verification in port and Regulation 28(2)(e)apply. "The operator of a fishing vessel holding a license, authorization or permission issued under these Regulations shall comply with all applicable ICMMs in areas including the area of competence of the relevant RFMO.)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Resolution 19/05 On a ban on discards of bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, yellowfin tuna, and non- targeted species caught by purse seine vessels in the IOTC area of competence

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1 - The obligation to retain on board and then land all bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, and yellowfin tuna caught: Has been implemented in national legislation • Has been implemented in terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (-)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and Regulations of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 5.-(1) The operator of any fishing vessel in the Exclusive Economic Zone or Tanzanian fishing vessel in any area beyond national jurisdiction or that is within the area of competence of a relevant RFMO equipped with purse seine gear shall- (a) retain on board and then land all albacore tuna, bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna and yellowfin tuna caught, except tuna considered unfit for human consumption; and (b) retain on board and then land, to the extent practicable, non-targeted species including other tunas or species group, except fish considered unfit for human consumption.

Obligation: retention of non target species on board purse seiners

1 - The obligation to retain on board and then land, to the extent practicable, the following non-targeted species or species group; other tunas, rainbow runner, dolphinfish, triggerfish, billfish, wahoo, and barracuda: Has been implemented in national legislation • Has been implemented in terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law (23/04/2021)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Legal obligation:

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and Regulations of 2021 Text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: Regulation 28. -2(i) The operator of a fishing vessel holding a license, authorization or permission issued under these Regulations shall- (I) not discard any bycatch at sea;

2.10 Regional Observer Scheme

Resolution 11/04 On a Regional observer scheme

NOT TO BE ASSESSED FOR THE YEAR 2021 FOR THE COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE 20

Obligation: Mandatory 5% observer coverage at sea (all vessels)

1 - The number of vessels monitored and the coverage achieved by gear type, have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat & the IOTC Scientific Committee: Yes – Complete (–) 2 - This requirement is not applicable: –

REQ 9.2

1 - The coverage is at least 5 % of artisanal fishing vessels landings: Yes – Partially (The observation is done in selected landing site where stratified random sampling is carried out under the Catch Assessment Survey process.)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 9.4

Obligation: Observer reports

1 - All observer reports of @reported have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – Partially (Later submission.)

2 - This requirement is not applicable: -

2.10 Bigeye tuna Statistical Document Programme

Resolution 01/06 Concerning the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme

Information required: 1st Semester 2022 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna

1 - A system for monitoring import, export, re-export of frozen BET exists: No

- 2 Bigeye tuna were imported in the 1st semester 2022: No
 - Total quantity of bigeye tunas imported in the 1st semester 2022 (kg): -
 - Country' vessels the Bigeye tuna were imported from: -
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: CPC did not import bigeye tunas during the 1st semester 2022

Information required: 2nd Semester 2021 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna

REQ 10.2

REQ 10.1

1 - Bigeye tuna were imported in the 2nd semester 2021: No

- Total quantity of bigeye tunas imported in the 2nd semester 2021 (kg):
- Country' vessels the Bigeye tuna were imported from: –

2 - This requirement is not applicable: CPC did not import bigeye tunas during the 2nd semester 2021

REQ 10.4

Information required: information on validation of statistical documents - national authorities and authorized officers

1 - A system for validating export and re-export of frozen bigeye tunas exists: Yes

2 - The Information on validation of statistical documents, the National authorities and authorized officers, have been reported/updated in 2022: Yes

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

2.11 Interim plan for rebuilding the Yellowfin tuna stock

REQ 2.17

Resolution 21/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Not applicable Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia: Resolution 19/01 remains binding.

Information required: Purse seiners served by supply vessels in 2023

1 - CPC has PS/SP vessels on the Record of authorised vessels: Yes

2 - The information on purse seiners served by each supply vessel in 2023 has been provided to the Secretariat: Yes

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.170bj2101

Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Only applicable to Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia.

Information required: Purse seiners served by supply vessels in 2023

- 1 CPC has PS/SP vessels on the Record of authorised vessels: -
- 2 The information on purse seiners served by each supply vessel in 2023 has been provided to the Secretariat:
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.19

Resolution 21/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Not applicable Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia: Resolution 19/01 remains binding.

Information required: Catch limits - Nominal catch of YFT in 2021

1 - CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions: Yes

2 - The catch of yellowfin tuna in 2021 reported to the IOTC Secretariat and the reductions were:

Fishing gear	Baseline year	YFT catch of baseline YFT catch in 2021 (T) Reduction (%) year		
Purse seine	-	-	-	-
Longline	4000	4000	100	0
Gillnet	4000	4000	2075	0
Pole and line	-	-	-	-

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.190bj2101

Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Only applicable to Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia.

Information required: Catch limits - Nominal catch of YFT in 2021

1 - CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions: -

2 - The catch of yellow fin tuna in 2021 reported to the IOTC Secretariat and the reductions were:

Fishing gear	Baseline year	YFT catch of baseline YFT catch in 2021 (T) Reduction (%) year		
Purse seine	-	-	-	-
Longline	-	-	-	-
Gillnet	-	-	-	-
Pole and line	-	-	-	-

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 2.190bj1901 Resolution 18/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Objections received:

• Only applicable to India.

Information required: Catch limits - Nominal catch of YFT in 2021

1 - CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions: -

2 - The catch of yellow fin tuna in 2021 reported to the IOTC Secretariat and the reductions were:

Fishing gear	Baseline year	YFT catch of baselin year	e YFT catch in 2021 (T) Reduction (%)
Purse seine	_	_	-	-
Longline	-	-	-	-
Gillnet	-	-	-	-
Pole and line	-	-	-	-

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Compliance Questionnaire for 2022 (CoC20) – Tanzania 22 /

Information required: prior notification periods in each port state CPC

1 - The prior notification periods established by each port State CPC have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

Section 3 – Control by IOTC coastal States of activities of foreign vessels involved in IOTC fishery

3.1 Port inspection programme

Resolution 05/03 Relating to the establishment of an IOTC programme of inspection in port

Information required: List of foreign vessels landings

1 - A system exist to monitor the activities of foreign vessels landings in our ports: Yes

2 - The list of foreign fishing vessels which have landed in 2021 and the details of catch composition submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

3 - This requirement is not applicable: No landing of IOTC Species in my ports in 2021

Resolution 16/11 On Port State measures to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing

Information required: List of designated ports

1 - A system exist to monitor the activities of foreign vessels calling into your port(s): Yes

2 - The list of designated ports have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

3 - My list of designated ports has been updated/changed in 2022 and I submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat: No

4 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: designated competent authority in each port state CPC

1 - The information on the designated competent authority in each port State CPC have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes

2 - The information on the designated competent authority in each port State CPC has been updated/changed in 2022 and I submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat: No

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ11.2

REQ11.3

REQ11.1

REQ11.4

2 - My prior notification periods has been updated/changed in 2022 and I submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat: No

3 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: inspection reports

1 - A system exist to inspect foreign vessels calling into our port(s): Yes

- 2 Number of calls into our port(s) made by foreign vessels:
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: -
- 3 Number of foreign vessels denied entry into our port(s):
 - Fishing vessels: -
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
 - Supply vessels: -

4 - Number of foreign vessels denied use of our port(s):

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

5 - Number of foreign vessels inspected:

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

6 - Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-PSM to the Secretariat:

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

7 - Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-mail to the Secretariat:

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

8 - Number of cases brought against foreign vessels for undermining the coastal CPCs Fisheries Law and/or Fisheries Regulations:

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

9 - Number of cases reported to the IOTC Secretariat in 2022:

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

REQ11.5

10 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: at least 5% inspection of LAN or TRX

1 - A system exist to monitor foreign vessels landings and transhipments in your port(s): Yes

- 2 Number of foreign vessels callings into your port(s) for the purpose of:
 - Landing: 0
 - Transhipment: 0
 - Landing & transhipment: 0

3 - Number of foreign vessels offloading monitored into your port(s) for:

- Landing: 0
- Transhipment: 0
- Landing & transhipment: 0

4 - The monitoring of landing and transhipment in my port(s) is implemented/conducted by:

- The designated competent authority of the Port State
- --
- - -
- --
- --
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: report on denial of entry into port

1 - Foreign vessels were denied entry into our port(s): No

- 2 Number of foreign vessels denied entry into your port(s):
 - Fishing vessels: 0
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: 0

3 - Reason(s) for denial of entry in port(s):

- --
- --
- - -

4 - The denial of entry was communicated to:

- --
- --
- -

5 - This requirement is not applicable: -

REO 11.7

REQ 11.8

Information required: report on denial of use of port

- 1 Foreign vessels were denied use of our port(s): No
- 2 Number of foreign vessels denied use of our port(s):
 - Fishing vessels: 0
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: 0
- 3 Reason(s) for denial of use of our port(s):
 - - -
 - --
 - --
- 4 The denial of entry was communicated to:
 - --
 - --
 - -
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: report on withdrawal of a denial of use of port

1- Foreign vessels were denied use of our port(s) and the denial was withdrawn: -

- 2 Number of foreign vessels denied use of our port(s) for which the denial was withdrawn:
 - Fishing vessels: 0
 - Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
 - Supply vessels: 0
- 3 Reason(s) for withdrawal of denial of use of port(s):
 - Sufficient proof that the grounds on which use was denied were inadequate or erroneous or that such grounds no longer apply: –
 - Other reasons: -
- 4 The withdrawal of denial of use was communicated to:
 - The flag State(s) of the vessel(s): -
 - Relevant coastal States: -
 - -
 - Other RFMOs: -
 - Other relevant international organisations: –
- 5 This requirement is not applicable: -

REQ 11.10

Information required: report of vessels engaged in IUU fishing following an inspection

1 - There was clear grounds for believing that vessel(s) has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities following an inspection: No

- 2 Following the inspection, we have communicated the findings to:
 - The flag State(s) of the vessel(s): -
 - Relevant coastal States: -
 - -
 - Other RFMOs: -
 - Other relevant international organisations: -
 - The State of which the vessel's master is a national: -
 - •
 - Findings provided in e-MARIS: No –
- 3 This requirement is not applicable: -

3.2 Foreign vessels licensed

Resolution 14/05 Concerning a record of licensed foreign vessels fishing for IOTC species in the IOTC area of competence and access agreement information

Information required: list of foreign vessels licensed in EEZ

- 1 A system exist to license foreign vessels to operate in your waters, within the IOTC Area: Yes
- 2 Foreign vessels were licensed in 2022: Yes
- 3 The list of licensed foreign fishing vessels (in 2022) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes Complete

4 - All the mandatory information on all vessels active in 2022 have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – Complete –

- 5 Mandatory information are not fully provided or missing: -
- 6 Number of licenses issued to foreign fishing vessels in 2022:
 - Number of active vessels ≥ 24m: 30
 - Number of active vessels < 24m: 0
- 7 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

REQ 3.9

Information required: foreign vessels denied a license

- 1 Foreign vessels were denied a license in 2022: No
- 2 The list of foreign fishing vessels denied a license (in 2022) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat: N/A
- 3 If NO, information on foreign fishing vessels denied a license (in 2022): N/A
- 4 Number of licenses denied to foreign fishing vessels in 2022:
 - Number of active vessels \geq 24m: 0
 - Number of active vessels < 24m: 0
- 5 This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

REQ 3.8

REQ 3.11

Information required: Access agreements information

1 - A system exist to sign Government to Government access agreement for foreign vessels to operate in your waters, within the IOTC Area: Yes

2 - Foreign vessels were licensed in 2022 under a Government to Government access agreement: Yes

3 - CPC-to-CPC agreements in 2022 exist and information concerning these agreements submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – Partially –

4 - If No, information about these agreements:

Agreement 1: China Overseas Fisheries Association (COFA) government of China, Start date: Jul022, End dates June 2023, 29 LL Vessels

Agreement 2: Albacora company Ltd of Spain; December 2021 to November 2030. Purse seine.

- 5 All the mandatory information has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all CPC/CPC access agreement: Yes Partially
 - The stock or species authorized for harvest, including any applicable catch limits: Yellowfin catch limit for Albacore company : 2800T. Longliners are operating under the China flag
 - The CPC's quota or catch limit to which the catch will be applied, where applicable: CPC's Quota for Yellowfin tuna 4000T
 - Monitoring, control, and surveillance measures required by the flag CPC and coastal CPC involved: Routine
 data report of catch by species and weight, number of FADs used monthly, catch verification and VMS
 monitoring
 - Data reporting obligations stipulated in the agreement, including those between the parties involved, as well as those regarding information that must be provided to the Commission: The CPCs and Albacora company agreed to comply to both IOTC CMMs and National legislation.

6 - Mandatory information are not fully provided or missing: A copy of the written agreement -

7 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Information required: Official coastal State fishing License

1 - The template of the official coastal State fishing License with information required concerning these licenses submitted to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – Complete 01.12.2022

2 - All the mandatory information on official coastal State fishing License have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat: Yes – Complete

3 - Mandatory information not fully provided or missing: - -

4 - This requirement is not applicable: -

Section 4 – Responsibility of all CPCs

4.1 Control of nationals

Resolution 07/01 To promote compliance by nationals of contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties with IOTC conservation and management measures

REQ 7.2

Information required: Compliance by nationals at previous session

1 - Vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at the previous session of the Commission with natural or legal persons under my jurisdiction: No

2 - If YES, information on the national(s) (natural or legal persons):

IOTC IUU Vessels List_20220526(E+F): No nationals on board vessels listed on IOTC IUU list in 2022. // IOTC IUU Vessels List_20220526(E+F): Aucun ressortissant à bord de navires figurant sur la liste INN de la CTOI en 2022.

REQ 7.XJ

Information required: reports on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals

1 - Reporting on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals: No

2 - If YES, information on the national(s) (natural or legal persons): -

3 - NIL report: -

REO 5.1

REQ 5.5

Section 5 – Flag State Controls (Data)

5.1. Fisheries statistics for IOTC species and main shark species provided to the IOTC Secretariat

IOTC Species

Resolution 15/02 Mandatory statistical reporting requirements for IOTC contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties (CPCs)

Information required: Nominal catches – Coastal fisheries
 1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Coastal fisheries nominal catches data: Yes - Partially 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -
REQ 5.2 Information required: Nominal catches – Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet
inomation required. Norminal catches Surface Insteries. Furse Serie, Dait Doat, Gimet
1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Surface fisheries nominal catches data: No
2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021 : No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels • No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence
REQ 5.3
Information required: Nominal catches – Longline Provisional/Final
 1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Longline Provisional/Final nominal catches data: Yes - Partially 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -
REQ 5.4
Information required: Nominal catches – Discards
1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 discards data: No
2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: –

Information required: Nominal catches – Report on zero catches matrix

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Report on zero catches matrix : No

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Information required: Catch & Effort - Coastal Fisheries

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort data for Coastal Fisheries : Yes - Partially

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Information required: Catch & Effort - Coastal Fisheries

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort data for Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet : No

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels • No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence

Information required: Catch & Effort - Longline Provisional/Final

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort data for Longline Provisional/Final : Yes - Partially

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Information required: Size Frequency – Coastal Fisheries

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Coastal Fisheries: Yes - Partially 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Information required: Size Frequency – Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Surface fisheries: Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet: No 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels • No Purse Seine, Bait boat, Gillnet fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence

Information required: Size Frequency – Longline Provisional/Final

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Longline Provisional/Final: No 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

REQ 5.10

REQ 5.11

REQ 5.6

REQ 5.6

REO 5.9

REQ 5.8

Shark Species

Resolution 17/05 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC

Information required: Nominal catches – Sharks

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Nominal catches for Sharks: Yes - Partially 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Information required: Catch & Effort - Sharks

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Catch & Effort for Sharks: Yes - Partially

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Information required: Size Frequency - Sharks

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Size Frequency for Sharks: Yes - Partially

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

5.2. Fisheries statistic for FAD provided to the **IOTC Secretariat**

Resolution 19/02 Procedures on a fish aggregating devices (FADs) management plan

Information required: FAD – Number & characteristics of Supply vessel

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 FAD -Number & characteristics of Supply vessel: No 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No supply vessels on the IOTC Record of Fishing Vessels

Information required: FAD – Days at sea (Effort) by supply vessels

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 FAD -Days at sea (Effort) by supply vessels: No

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No supply vessels on the IOTC Record of Fishing Vessels

REQ 6.3

REQ 5.13

REQ 5.12

REQ 6.1

REO 6.2

REQ 5.14

REQ 5.15

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 FADs set by type: No

Information required: FAD – FADs set by type

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: No supply/purse seine vessels on the IOTC Record of Fishing Vessels

Information required: FAD - Number of active FADs at any one time

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2022 Number of active FADs at any one time: March 2022 • April 2022 • May 2022 • June 2022 • July 2022 • August 2022 • September 2022 • October 2022

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2022: -

5.3. Statistics on bycatch provided to the Secretariat

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles

Information required: Data on interactions with marine turtles

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with marine turtles: Yes - partially 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: –

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles

Information required: Data on interactions with marine turtles

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with marine turtles: Yes - partially
 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 12/06 On reducing the incidental bycatch of seabirds in longline fisheries

Information required: Data on interactions with seabirds

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with seabirds: No

REO 6.10

REQ 6.13

REQ 6.10

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with seabirds reported by flag longline vessels through fishing logbooks in 2021 • Nil Report for observers - No interactions with seabirds reported by flag longline vessels through observers in 2021

Resolution 13/04 On the conservation of Cetaceans

Information required: Data on interactions with Cetaceans

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with Cetaceans: Yes - partially
 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 13/05 On the conservation of whale sharks (*Rhincodon typus***)**

Information required: Data on interactions with whale sharks

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with whale sharks: Yes - partially

2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: Nil Report - No interactions with whale sharks reported in 2021 in national fishing logbook AND by the national observer programme (Resolution 22/04) for flag vessels in 2021

Resolution 19/03 – Data on interactions with Mobulid rays

Information required: Data on interactions with Mobulid rays

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 Data on interactions with Mobulid rays: Yes - partially
 2 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

5.4. Information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches

Resolution 18/02 On Management Measures for the Conservation of Blue Shark Caught in Association with IOTC Fisheries

REQ 6.19

Information required: Information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches of Blue Shark

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 information: Yes

2 - The actions taken domestically to monitor catches of blue shark are: – Report received 20.11.2022. Action: No monitoring tool specified. IOTC-2022-SC25-NR27: This has been transposed under the Deep Sea Fisheries Management And Development Act, 2020) under Section 21 with regards to Conservation and Management Measures as well as under section 25 with regard to Marking and protection of set fishing gears. 5.1.3 Blue shark: Tanzania is committed to implementing the IOTC Resolution 18/02 on conservation of Blue Sharks in the IOTC area

REQ 6.15

REQ 6.17

REQ 6.24

of competence by ensuring that effective management measures are in place. Tanzania has included a section to collect Blue shark information and its interaction with fishing gears. 3 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: –

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes: Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish

REQ 6.20

Information required: information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches & manage fisheries of striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin and indo-pacific sailfish

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 information: Yes

2 - The actions taken domestically to monitor catches of blue shark are: – IOTC-2022-SC25-NR27: The URT continues to monitor the catch of billfish from both semi industrial longline vessels and artisanal fisheries while ensuring that they do not exceed the 2014 and 2015 catches as per Resolution 18/05. 6.6 Actions taken to monitor catches and manage fisheries for Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish: Tanzania continued to monitor catches and manage fisheries for Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Black Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish by implementing IOTC CMMs through her legislation, specifically by deploying on board inspection and incorporating terms and conditions of fishing licenses. Furthermore, Tanzania has developed a tuna fisheries management plan that provides guidance on how to implement IOTC Scientific committee advice. The Plan will be endorsed in this year 2022.

3 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes: Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish

REQ 6.20

Information required: information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches & manage fisheries of striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin and indo-pacific sailfish

1 - I have already uploaded in IOTC statistical data management system / e-MARIS / submitted the 2021 information: Yes

2 - The actions taken domestically to monitor catches of blue shark are: – IOTC-2022-SC25-NR27: The URT continues to monitor the catch of billfish from both semi industrial longline vessels and artisanal fisheries while ensuring that they do not exceed the 2014 and 2015 catches as per Resolution 18/05. 6.6 Actions taken to monitor catches and manage fisheries for Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish: Tanzania continued to monitor catches and manage fisheries for Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Black Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish by implementing IOTC CMMs through her legislation, specifically by deploying on board inspection and incorporating terms and conditions of fishing licenses. Furthermore, Tanzania has developed a tuna fisheries management plan that provides guidance on how to implement IOTC Scientific committee advice. The Plan will be endorsed in this year 2022.

3 - This requirement is not applicable in 2021: -