

## 1. Implementation obligations

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
1.1	Article X Agreement (2022)	Report of Implementation	Session -60d 9/3/2023	C	C	C	C	Received 09.03.2023. All applicable sections completed.	
1.2	Rules of P. (4.1) (2022)	Compliance questionnaire	13/2/2023	C	C	L	C	Received 15.02.2023. All sections/questions applicable completed.	We are still familiarizing the use of e-MARIS in the submission of reports.
1.3	SC04 (111) (-2021)	National Scientific Report	20/11/2022	C	PC	C	C	Report received 20.11.2022 IOTC-2022-SC25-NR21	
1.4	Commission (S17, 52) (2022)	Response to Feedback letter	9/3/2023	C	C	C	C	Received 09.03.2023. Had 7 Compliance issues. All responded.	

## 2. Management Standards

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
2.1	Res. 19/04 (11.c & 17.c) (2022)	Certificates of registration & valid authorisation to fish/tranship on board	13/2/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2023-CoC20-CQ21. The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present.	
2.2	Res. 19/04 (18) (2022)	Marking of vessels	9/3/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2023-CoC20-CQ21. The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present.	
2.3	Res. 19/04 (19.a & b) (-2022)	Marking of gears	9/3/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2023-CoC20-CQ21. The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present.	
2.4	Res. 19/04 (20) (2022)	Fishing logbook on board, bound, consecutive numbered pages, 12 months recording	9/3/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2023-CoC20-CQ21. The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present.	
2.5	Res. 19/04 (6) (2022)	Official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions (ATF)	13/2/2023 Since 15/02/2014	C	C	C	C	Update received 06.09.2021: For Competent authority, official stamp, ATF template. No update received for 2022, has not authorized any fishing vessels to fish in the IOTC Area of Competence in 2022.	
2.6	Res. 19/04 (3.b & c) (-2022)	IMO number for eligible vessels	13/2/2023 Since 01/01/2016	L	PC	L	P/C	In 2022, Philippines had 55 vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels and 2 with IMO numbers. 53 vessels IMO numbers not provided (Delisting of the 55 Philippine-flagged fishing vessels in the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels on 01 January 2023; This requirement will be assessed for the year reporting on 2023 at the next Compliance Committee (CoC21) in 2024).	The Philippines has officially requested the delisting of the 55 Philippine-flagged fishing vessels in the IOTC Record of Vessels (delisting date: 01 January 2023). None of these vessels are actively operating in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. The Philippines shall be submitting a new list in accordance with Resolution 19/04 and other relevant IOTC Resolutions

									and Conservation and Management Measures.
2.7	Res. 15/01 (4) (2022)	Official national fishing logbooks	13/2/2023 Since 15/02//2016	C	C	N/A	N/A	Received 27.02.2014 for LL. Had PS vessels on the the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2022, no logbook provided. The Philippines has had no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence form the years 2018 to the present.	
2.8	Res. 17/07 (2) / PAK: 12/12 (2) (-2022)	Ban on large-scale driftnets in IOTC Area	9/3/2023	C	C	C	C	Received 15.02.2023. Banned by national legislation in municipal waters, bays and other fishery management areas. Legal Reference: Republic Act No.8550 as amended by Republic Act No. 10654. BFAR Circular No.252	
2.9	Res. 17/07 (6) / PAK: 12/12 (5) (-2022)	MCS actions related to large-scale driftnets in IOTC Area	9/3/2023	NA	NA	C	C	Received: 08.03.2023. MCS actions applicable to Flag & Foreign vessels: Control of flag vessels at licensing, Inspection at sea (EEZ) foreign & flag vessels, Inspection in port flag & foreign vessels. Control/ban of large-scale driftnet import & sale. Legal reference: Department of agriculture administrative order no. _10_ series of 2015, the implementing rules and regulations of republic act no. 8550 as amended by republic act no. 10654.	
2.10	Res. 19/02 (21) & 19/04 (19.c) (2022)	Marking of FADs	13/2/2023 Since 31/12/2013	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	In 2022 , no purse seine vessels / supply vessels have used FADs	
2.11	Res. 19/02 (12) (2023)	FADs management plan	13/2/2023 Since 31/12/2013	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	For 2023 no purse seine vessels / supply vessels be registered on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels and fishing on Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices.	
2.12	Res. 19/02 (16) (2022)	Progress report on implementation of FADs management plan	13/2/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	In 2022 no purse seine vessels / supply vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels and fishing on Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices. No 2022 FADs management plan was implemented & submitted to the IOTC Secretariat.	
2.13			13/2/2023	C	C	C	C		

	Res. 16/07 (1&2) (2022)	Prohibition of surface and sub-merged artificial lights to attract fish	Since 27/09/2016					Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32; BFAR Circular 204.
2.14	Res. 16/08 (1) (2022)	Prohibition of aircrafts & unmanned aerial vehicles	13/2/2023 Since 27/09/2016	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32; BFAR Circular 252.
2.15	Res. 21/01 (15) (2021)	CPC subject to catch reductions, over-catch: report corrective actions taken to adhere to prescribed catch levels	9/3/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2023-CoC20-CQ21. The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present.
2.16	Res. 21/01 (12) / OMN IDN IRN MDG SOM: 19/01 (12) / IND: 18/01 (7) (-2022)	Report methods for achieving YFT catch reductions	9/3/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2023-CoC20-CQ21. The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present.
2.17	Res. 21/01 (20) / OMN IDN IRN MDG SOM: 19/01 (18) (2023)	Purse seiners served by supply vessel in 2023	Before 1/1/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Has declared: The Philippines has had no active fishing vessels in the IOTC area of competence from 2018 to the present. Also, on 11 January 2022, we reported to the IOTC that there might not be any Philippine-flagged purse seiner fishing vessels that have signified their intention of operation within the convention area and that we are unable to identify any supply vessel that will serve such purse seiner fishing vessel under the requirements of paragraph 20 of Resolution 21/01. Should there be any changes in this status, the Philippines shall report to the Commission such changes.
2.18	Res. 21/01 (18) / OMN IDN IRN MDG SOM: 19/01 (16) / IND: 18/01 (3c) (-2022)	Status/Plan reducing the use of supply vessels	9/3/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	In 2022, no purse seiners (PS) and no supply vessel (SP) operating in the IOTC Area of Competence.
2.19	Res. 21/01 (5-15) / OMN IDN IRN MDG	Catch limits - Nominal catch of YFT in 2021	9/3/2023 Since 03/10/2017	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2023-CoC20-CQ21. The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present.

	SOM: 19/01 (5-15) / IND: 18/01 (3-6) (2021)								
2.20	Res. 21/01 (21-24) / OMN IDN IRN MDG SOM: 19/01 (20/23) (-2022)	Gillnet - Report level of implementation of paragraphs 21-23	9/3/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Received 08.03.2023. No gillnet fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of authorized Vessels in 2022.	
2.21	Res. 18/07 (1) (2022)	Report actions taken to implement reporting obligations & improve data collection of catches	9/3/2023	NA	NA	C	C	Received 08.03.2023 e-MARIS. Actions detailed in IOTC-2023-CoC20-IR21.	
2.22	Res 11/02 (6) (2022)	Reports observations of damaged data buoys	9/3/2023	C	C	N/A	N/A	No fishing vessel operating in the IOTC Area of Competence in 2022.	
2.23	Res 11/02 (2) (2022)	Prohibition from intentionally fishing within 1 nautical mile of or interacting with data buoy	13/2/2023 Since 2011	C	C	C	C	Banned by national legislation of 2015. In 2022, Philippines had 55 vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels, although does not have active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present. Section 32 of the Order No.10 Series of 2015, establishes in general terms that distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation and management measures, and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal States. However, it does not include specific text for this prohibition or obligation.	
2.24	Res 11/02 (3) (2022)	Prohibition from taking on board data buoy	13/2/2023 Since 2011	C	C	C	C	Banned by national legislation of 2015. In 2022, Philippines had 55 vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels, although does not have active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present. Section 32 of the Order No.10 Series of 2015, establishes in general terms that distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation and management measures, and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal States. However, it does not include specific text for this prohibition or obligation.	

2.25	Res. 13/04 (2) (2022)	Prohibition of intentionally setting purse seine net around cetacean	13/2/2023 Since 2013. For PS	C	C	C	C	Banned by national legislation of 2015. In 2022, Philippines had 55 vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels, although has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area from 2018 to present. Legal reference provided: Department of Agriculture administrative Order No.10 Series of 2015 and Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No.8550. Section 32 on Distant Water Fishing establishes in general terms that "distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation and management measures, and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal States". However, it does not include specific text for this prohibition or obligation.	
2.26	Res. 13/05 (2) (2022)	Prohibition of intentionally setting purse seine net around whale shark	13/2/2023 Since 2013. For PS	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32; BFAR Circular 252.	
2.27	Res. 19/03 (2) (2022)	Prohibition of intentionally setting any gear type on mobulid rays	13/2/2023 Since 2019. All gears	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32; BFAR Circular 252.	
2.28	Res. 19/04 (11&12) (-2022)	Report on review of flag State internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions on flag vessels on the RAV	9/3/2023			C	C	Received 17.03.2023. Had vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2022. Has conducted review of internal actions/measures, punitive actions & sanctions. Report provided for all paragraphs 11. <u>Legal reference provided: DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. _10_ Series of 2015; THE IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS OF REPUBLIC ACT No. 8550 AS AMENDED BY REPUBLIC ACT No. 10654; SEC. 32. Distant Water Fishing. – Fishing vessels of Philippine registry may engage in distant water fishing as defined in this Code: Provided, that they comply with the safety, manning and other requirements of the Philippine Coast Guard, Maritime Industry Authority and other agencies concerned: Provid-</u>	

								<p><i>ed, however, That they secure a fishing permit, gear license and other clearances from the Department: Provided, further, That the fish caught by such vessels shall be considered as caught in Philippine waters and therefore not subject to all import duties and taxes only when the same is landed in duly designated fish landings and fish ports in the Philippines: Provided, furthermore, That landing ports established by canneries, seafood processors and all fish landing sites established prior to the effectivity of this Code shall be considered authorized landing sites: Provided, finally, That fish workers on board Philippine registered fishing vessels conducting fishing activities beyond the Philippine Exclusive Economic Zone are not considered as overseas Filipino workers. Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation and management measures, and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states.</i></p>	
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### 3. Reporting on Vessels

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
3.1	Res. 10/08 (1) (2022)	List of Active vessels	15/2/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Philippines has had no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence from years 2018 to the present.	
3.2	Res. 19/07 (8) (2022)	Particulars of charter agreements, catches, effort, observer coverage (Chartering CP)	28/2/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Has confirmed there is no charter agreement in 2022.	
3.3	Res. 19/07 (4.1) (2022)	Information on the particulars of the charter agreements and detail of vessels (Chartering CP)	13/2/2023 Within 15 days before fishing	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Received: 07.02.2023. Has declared does not charter vessels and no chartering agreement in 2022.	
3.4	Res. 19/07 (4.2) (2022)	Consent, measures, agreement implementation of IOTC CMMs (Flag CPC)	13/2/2023 Within 15 days before fishing	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Received: 07.02.2023. Has declared does not charter vessels and no chartering agreement in 2022.	
3.5	Res. 19/07 (6) (2022)	Start, suspension, resumption and termination of the fishing operations of chartering agreement	13/2/2023 Since 2018	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Received: 07.02.2023. Has declared does not charter vessels and no chartering agreement in 2022.	
3.6	Res. 19/04 (3) (2022)	List of Authorized vessels 24 metres in length overall or more	13/2/2023 Since 01/07/2003	C	PC	C	P/C	Philippines have 55 vessels on the RAV in 2022. Missing information in IMO numbers, date of end of authorisation, photographs and beneficial owner data. (Delisting of the 55 Philippine-flagged fishing vessels in the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels on 01 January 2023; Requirement to be assessed for year reporting on 2023 at the next Compliance Committee (CoC21) in 2024).	The Philippines has officially requested the delisting of the 55 Philippine-flagged fishing vessels in the IOTC Record of Vessels (delisting date: 01 January 2023). None of these vessels are actively operating in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. The Philippines shall be submitting a new list in accordance with Resolution 19/04 and other relevant IOTC



									Resolutions and Conservation and Management Measures.
3.7	Res. 19/04 (3) (2022)	List of Authorized vessels (less than 24m, operating in waters outside EEZ of the flag state)	13/2/2023 Since 01/07/2006	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	No vessels <24m on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2022.	
3.8	Res. 14/05 (1) (2022)	List of foreign vessels licensed in EEZ	15/2/2023 Since 01/07/2006	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not located in the IOTC area of competence.	
3.9	Res. 14/05 (6) (2022)	Foreign vessels denied a licence	15/2/2023 Since 01/07/2006	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not located in the IOTC area of competence.	
3.10	Res. 14/05 (3&5) (2022)	Access Agreement information	13/2/2023 Since 26/02/2015	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC coastal State. Has declared: does not have CPC-CPC agreement in 2022.	
3.11	Res. 14/05 (7,8) (2022)	Official coastal State fishing License	13/2/2023 Since 14/01/2014	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC coastal State. Has declared: is not a coastal State located in the IOTC area of competence, does not have CPC-CPC access agreement, does not have private access agreement in 2022.	
3.12	Res. 21/01 (26) (2022)	List of vessels fishing for yellowfin tuna	15/2/2023	████████	████████	C	C	Received 15.02.2023. Nil report - Has reported no vessel fishing for yellowfin tuna in the IOTC area of competence in 2022. No active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence from years 2018 to the present.	

## 4. Vessel Monitoring System

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
4.1	Res. 15/03 (1) (2022)	Adoption VMS for all vessels > 24 m, and for vessels < 24 m fishing outside flag State's EEZ	13/2/2023 Since 01/07/2007	C	C	C	C	Has declared 100% Coverage, 295 vessels > 24 m and 44 vessels < 24 m are equipped with VMS in 2022. Legal reference: Fisheries administrative order 266 Series of 2020 - Rules and Regulations on the Implementation of Vessel Monitoring System and Electronic Reporting System for Commercial Philippine-Flagged Vessels Amending FAO 260 Series of 2018.	
4.2	Res. 15/03 (12) (2021)	VMS report on implementation & technical failures	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Report received 30.06.2022. Had no active vessel in 2021, has reported 339 vessels with VMS. Has reported 1 technical failure. Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Convention from 2018 to 2021.	
4.3	Res. 15/03 (2) (2021)	VMS implementation plan	13/2/2023 Since 30/04/2016	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Has declared 100% Coverage, 295 vessels > 24 m and 44 vessels < 24 m are equipped with VMS in 2022. the Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Convention from 2018 to present.	

## 5. Mandatory statistical requirement – Flag State CPCs

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
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### Nominal catch

5.1	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Coastal fisheries	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence, Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2021, Nil Report for observers - No interactions with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through observers in 2021. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS: "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."	
5.2	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Surface fisheries: PS, BB, GN	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREG-	

								<p>ULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Dis- tant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance re- quirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."</p>	
5.3	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Longline fisheries	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	<p>Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Au- thorised Vessels, No fishing vessels autho- rised to fish tuna and tuna-like species man- aged by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries.</p> <p>Has declared: has no active fishing ves- sels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMI- NATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREG- ULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Dis- tant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance re- quirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."</p>	
5.4	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Discards	30/6/2022	██████████	██████████	N/A	N/A	<p>Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Au- thorised Vessels, No fishing vessels autho- rised to fish tuna and tuna-like species man- aged by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries.</p> <p>Has declared: has no active fishing ves- sels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMI- NATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREG- ULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Dis- tant water fishing vessels shall comply with</p>	

								the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."	
5.5	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Report on zero catches matrix	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	

## Catch & Effort

5.6	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Coastal fisheries	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."	
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5.7	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Surface fisheries: PS, BB, GN	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	<p>Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries.</p> <p>Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS: "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."</p>
5.8	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Longline fisheries	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	<p>Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries.</p> <p>Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS: "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."</p>

## Size frequency

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5.9	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Coastal fisheries	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	<p>Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries.</p> <p>Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS: "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."</p>
5.10	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Surface fisheries: PS, BB, GN	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	<p>Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries.</p> <p>Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS: "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."</p>
5.11	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Longline fisheries	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	<p>Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the</p>

									IOTC Area of Competence, Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."
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## Fish Aggregating Devices (FAD)

5.12	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Supply vessels	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	In 2021, No supply vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Fisheries Administrative Order 244, Series of 2012: : National Tuna Fish Aggregating Device (FAD) Management Policy."
5.13	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	Days at sea by supply vessels	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022.In 2021, No supply vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Fisheries Administrative Order 244, Series of 2012: : National Tuna Fish Aggregating Device (FAD) Management Policy."
5.14	Res. 15/02 (1 to 7), 18/05 (8), 18/07 (4), 19/02 (4, 22 & 24) (2021)	FADs set by type	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022.In 2021, No supply vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Fisheries Administrative Order 244, Series of 2012: : National Tuna Fish Aggregating Device (FAD) Management Policy."
5.15	Res. 19/02 (4.24) (2022)	Number of active FAD	Before 1st of month	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018.



## 6. Implementation of mitigation measures and bycatch of non-IOTC species

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current content	Official observations	CPC remarks
6.1	Res. 17/05 (6) (2021)	Sharks nominal catch data	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. The Fisheries Administrative Orders drafts regarding sharks are still undergoing stakeholders consultation.	
6.2	Res. 17/05 (6) (2021)	Sharks catch & effort data	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS: "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."	
6.3	Res. 17/05 (6) (2021)	Sharks size frequency data	30/6/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Compe-	

								tence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – no Coastal/Artisanal fisheries. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018 & has already drafted a Fisheries Administrative Order (FAO): Rules and Regulations for the Conservation and Management of Sharks for Philippine-Flagged Commercial Fishing Vessels. The draft FAO is now undergoing stakeholder consultation.	
6.4	Res. 17/05 (3) (2022)	Prohibition on sharks finning	13/2/2023 Since 03/10/2017	C	C	N/A	N/A	Received 14.02.2023. Is not an IOTC Coastal State and all vessels in the IOTC Record of authorised vessels have their authorisation expired long ago.	
6.5	Res. 12/09 (2) (2022)	Prohibition on thresher sharks - all species of family <i>Alopiidae</i>	13/2/2023 Since 07/07/2010	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32.	
6.6	Res. 13/06 (3) (2022)	Prohibition on oceanic whitetip sharks ( <i>Carcharhinus longimanus</i> )	13/2/2023 Since 14/08/2013	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32.	
6.7	Res. 19/03 (3) (2022)	Prohibition to retain onboard, tranship, land, store mobulid rays	13/2/2023 Since 29/10/2019	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32.	
6.8	Res. 19/03 (5, Annex 1) (-2022)	Prohibition to gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies. Obligation to release alive, implementation of live release handling procedures of mobulid rays	13/2/2023 Since 29/10/2019	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32.	
6.9	Res. 12/04 (5) (2022)	Report on progress of implementation of Res. 12/04	9/3/2023 Since 29/10/2019	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Received 08.03.2023. Has declared <i>No active fishing vessels (no fishing activities) in the IOTC Area of Competence from 2018 to the present.</i>	
6.10	Res. 12/04 (3) (2021)	Data on interactions with marine turtles	30/6/2022 Since 29/10/2019	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC	

								Area of Competence. Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence. Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with marine turtles reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2021. Nil Report for observers - No interactions with marine turtles reported by flag vessels through observers in 2021. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: MNR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER No. 12, Series of 1979, The Philippines advertise the use of circle hooks for long-line fishing operations to reduce sea turtle bycatch as part of its activities in the Coral Triangle [CTI] initiatives. As early as November 15, 1979, the Philippine government through "MNR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER No. 12, Series of 1979" declared the 7 islands located in Tawi-Tawi as a protected area. For five islands the government decided on special protection zones. Within these zones, only scientific and conservation activities are allowed. In other zones, there are certain rules in order to prevent too much impact by people on the environment and the turtles. Visiting these zones is only possible with strict guidelines and under the supervision of the staff of the officials of the government.	
6.11	Res. 12/04 (8) (2022)	Longliner carry & employ line cutters & de-hookers on board	13/2/2023 Since 06/08/2009	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32.	
6.12	Res. 12/04 (9) (2022)	Purse seiners carry & employ dip nets on board	13/2/2023 Since 06/08/2009	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32.	
6.13	Res. 12/06 (1 & 2) (2021)	Data on seabirds interactions	30/6/2022 Since 06/08/2009	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence, Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with seabirds reported by flag longline vessels through fishing logbooks in 2021. Nil Report for observers - No interactions with seabirds reported by flag longline vessels through observers in 2021. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED,	

								AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."
6.14	Res. 12/06 (5) (2022)	Implementation of mitigation measures south of 25°S	13/2/2023 Since 01/11/2010	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Has no active vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Has no longline fishing vessels fishing south of 25°S.
6.15	Res. 13/04 (7) (2021)	Data on interactions with Cetaceans	30/6/2022 (All gears)	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence, Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2021, Nil Report for observers - No interactions with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through observers in 2021. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Republic Act 10654: AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER, AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS AS:"THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. Section 32: "Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control, and surveillance requirements, conservation, and management measures; and fishing access conditions of the Department, the RFMO, or other coastal states."
6.16	Res. 13/04 (8) (2022)	Instances of Cetaceans encircled	9/3/2023 (For PS)	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Has no purse seine vessels operating in the IOTC area of competence in 2022.
6.17	Res 13/05 (7) (2021)	Data on interactions with Whale Sharks	30/6/2022 (All gears)	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 30.06.2022. In 2021, No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels, No fishing vessels authorised to fish tuna and tuna-like species managed by the IOTC, No fishing vessels active

								in the IOTC Area of Competence, Nil Report - No interactions with whale sharks reported in 2021 in national fishing logbook AND by the national observer programme (Resolution 22/04) for flag vessels in 2021. Has declared: has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018. Legal reference: Whale sharks are protected by legislation in the Philippines. All Philippine-flagged purse seine vessels are prohibited from setting on whale sharks if the animal is sighted prior to the commencement of the set. This species is also protected under Fisheries Administrative Order 193. Also, legislation on the mandatory application of conservation and management measures that are adopted by the various Regional Fisheries Management Organizations [RFMOs] is now part of the law of the land as included in Republic Act 10654 effective 2015.	
6.18	Res 13/05 (8) (2022)	Instances Whale Sharks encircled	9/3/2023 (For PS)	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	In 2022 no purse seine fishing vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence.	
6.19	Res 18/02 (4) (2021)	Information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches of Blue Shark	20/11/2022 (SC)	C	PC	C	P/C	Report received 20.11.2022. No specific action reported to monitor catches of Blue shark. IOTC-2022-SC25-NR21: Section 33 of Republic Act 8550 as amended by Republic Act Number 10654 requires Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control and surveillance requirements, conservation and management measures, and fishing access conditions of the. 5.1.3. Blue shark: In a bid to protect our critically endangered marine wildlife, the Philippine House of Representatives unanimously approved the final reading of the Shark Conservation Act (HB 8296) which regulates the catching, selling, purchasing, possessing, transporting, importing, and exporting of all sharks, rays, and chimeras (collectively known as sharks). In addition, the Philippines has already drafted a Fisheries Administrative Order (FAO): Rules and Regulations for the Conservation and Management of Sharks for Philippine-Flagged Commercial Fishing Vessels. The draft FAO is now undergoing stakeholder consultation.	The final draft of Fisheries Administrative Order (FAO) Rules and Regulations for the Conservation and Management of Sharks for Philippine Flagged Commercial Fishing Vessels are in the final stage of deliberation with the concerned stakeholder for approval. The proposed FAO requires fishing operators to report incidental catches of all sharks in their logsheets whether released alive, dead, or retained. For purse seine and ring net vessels, the 100% observer coverage requirement by 2023 under FAO 261 will also provide more detailed information on the monitoring of all shark catches.
6.20			20/11/2022	C	PC	C	C		

	Res 18/05 (9) (2021)	Information on actions taken domestically to monitor catches & manage fisheries of Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish	(SC)					Report received 20.11.2022. Actions: Electronic Reporting System (ERS) and Integrated Marine Environment Monitoring System (IMEMS). IOTC-2022-SC25-NR21: Section 33 of Republic Act 8550 as amended by Republic Act Number 10654 requires Distant water fishing vessels shall comply with the monitoring, control and surveillance requirements, conservation and management measures, and fishing access conditions of the. 6.6. Actions taken to monitor catches & manage fisheries for Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-pacific Sailfish: The Philippines under its Fisheries Code and other subsequent issuances recognizes the prohibition in the catching of sharks, turtles and other species that have been listed under CITES. Fishing vessels authorized to fish in other RFMOs convention areas, complies with the provisions and applicable strategies to mitigate and avoid such mortalities of sharks, turtles and other species. The reporting for marlin fish, sailfish etc. Is covered in the Electronic Reporting System (ERS) and Integrated Marine Environment Monitoring System (IMEMS) of the Philippines, but for now it only covers Philippine-flagged vessels including the high seas.	
6.21	Res 18/05 (5) (2022)	Prohibition to retain on board, tranship, land, any Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin, Indo-pacific Sailfish smaller than 60 cm Lower Jaw Fork Length	13/2/2023 Since 04/10/2018	C	C	C	C	Banned since 2015. Legal reference: RA 10654 Sec. 32.	
6.22	Res 19/05 (1) (2022)	Retention of target tuna species (YFT/SKJ/ BET) on board	13/2/2023 Since 29/10/2019 (PS)			N/A	N/A	Received 15.02.2023. Has no PS vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence.	
6.23	Res 19/05 (2) (2022)	Retention of non target species on board	13/2/2023 Since 29/10/2019 (PS)			N/A	N/A	Received 14.02.2023. Has no PS vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence.	
6.24	Res 19/03 (8) (2021)	Data on interactions with mobulid rays	30/6/2022 (All gears)			N/A	N/A	The Philippines has no active fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence since 2018.	

## 7. Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated (IUU) Vessels

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current content	Official observations	CPC remarks
7.1	Res. 18/03 (5 & 18) (2022)	IUU listing	13/2/2023	C	C	C	C	IOTC-2022-S26-R & IOTC IUU Vessels List_20220526(E+F): No vessel listed on IOTC IUU list in 2022.	
7.2	Res. 07/01 (2) (2022)	Compliance by nationals	13/2/2023	C	PC	C	C	IOTC IUU Vessels List_20220526(E+F): No nationals on board vessels listed on IOTC IUU list in 2022.	

## 8. Transhipments

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
8.1	Res. 22/02 (28) (2021)	At sea transhipments – CPC report	Before 15/9/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2022-CoC19-04a Not participating in the ROP. Philippine withdraw its participation in ROP starting January 8, 2015 (Email received 08.01.15).	
8.2	Res. 22/02 (Annex 1, p.6) (2022) [Annex 2 p7 MDV]	Transhipments in port report	9/3/2023	NA	NA	C	C	Received 15.02.2023. Has no LSTVs on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2022.	
8.3	Res. 22/02 (8&9) (2022)	List of Authorised carrier vessels	13/2/2023 Since 01/07/2008	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Does not have flagged carrier vessels on the Record of Carrier Vessels (RCV), not participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea.	
8.4	Res. 22/02 (31) (2022)	Report on results of investigations on possible infractions	15/1/2023	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2022-CoC19-04a Not participating in the ROP Received 16.06.14. Philippine withdraw its participation in ROP starting January 8, 2015 (Email received 08.01.15).	
8.5	Res. 22/02 (Annex 4, p.13) (2022)	Payment ROP fee (Call for fund 03/03/2022)	1/4/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	IOTC-2022-CoC19-04a Not participating in the ROP Received 16.06.14. Philippine withdraw its participation in ROP starting January 8, 2015 (Email received 08.01.15).	



## 9. Observers [NOT TO BE ASSESSED FOR THE YEAR 2021 AT THE COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE 20]

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
9.1	Res. 11/04 (9) (2021)	Regional Observer Scheme (No. of vessels monitored and coverage by gear type)	9/3/2023	NA	NA	Not assessed	Not Assessed	N/A	
9.2	Res. 11/04 (2) (2021)	5% Mandatory, at sea (All vessels)	13/2/2023 Since 2013	NA	NA	Not assessed	Not Assessed	N/A	
9.3	Res. 11/04 (4) (2021)	5% Artisanal landings	13/2/2023 Since 2013	NA	NA	Not assessed	Not Assessed	N/A	
9.4	Res. 11/04 (11) (2021)	Observer reports	13/2/2023 150 days after trip	NA	NA	Not assessed	Not Assessed	N/A	

## 10. Statistical document programme

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
10.1	Res. 01/06 (5) (2022)	1st Semester report (2022)	1/10/2022	NA	NA	L	P/C	Received 14.02.2023: Submission not at IOTC standard, some mandatory information missing: Fishing Flag, Fishing Area, Fishing Gear, Product Shape.	As of the moment, we can only provide bigeye import data on country of origin and quantity. However, we are already in the process of amending/updating of our national legislation on the traceability of imports.
10.2	Res. 01/06 (5) (2021)	2nd Semester report (2021)	1/4/2022	C	PC	L	N/C	Received 02.03.2023: Has not submitted the 2nd semester report instead has submitted an annual report (455 T). Submission not at IOTC standard, some mandatory information missing: Fishing Flag, Fishing Area, Fishing Gear, Product Shape.	As of the moment, we can only provide bigeye import data on country of origin and quantity. However, we are already in the process of amending/updating of our national legislation on the traceability of imports.
10.3	Res. 01/06 (6) (2021)	Annual report (2021)	9/3/2023	NA	NA	C	C	Received 08.03.2023. Did not export/re-export frozen bigeye tunas.	
10.4	Res. 01/06 (2) (2022)	Information on authorised institutions and personnel	13/2/2023 Since 01/07/2022	C	C	C	C	Last update 25.02.2017.	

# 11. Port inspection

Req. n°	Source (para n°) (year)	Information required	Deadline	Previous timeliness	Previous assessment	Current timeliness	Current assessment	Official observations	CPC remarks
11.1	Res. 05/03 (8) (2021)	Port inspection programme : foreign vessels landings	1/7/2022	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Nil report received 01.07.2022. No landing of FFV in 2021. Not an IOTC port or coastal State.	
11.2	Res. 16/11 (5.1 & 19.1a) (2022)	List of designated ports	13/2/2023 Since 31/12/2010	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC port or coastal State. Nil report received 06.02.2023.	
11.3	Res. 16/11 (5.1 & 19.1c) (2022)	Designated competent Authority	13/2/2023 Since 31/12/2010	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC port or coastal State. Nil report received 06.02.2023.	
11.4	Res. 16/11 (5.1 & 19.1b) (2022)	Prior notification periods	13/2/2023 Since 31/12/2010	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC port or coastal State. Nil report received 06.02.2023.	
11.5	Res. 16/11 (13.1) (2022)	Port inspection reports	13/2/2023 3 days after inspection	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC port or coastal State.	
11.6	Res. 16/11 (10.1) (2022)	At least 5% inspection of LAN / TRX	13/2/2023 Since 01/03/2011	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC port or coastal State. Nil report received 06.02.2023.	
11.7	Res. 16/11 (7.3) (2022)	Denial of entry in port	13/2/2023 Since 01/03/2011	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	CPC is not an IOTC port / coastal State.	
11.8	Res. 16/11 (9.3) (2022)	Denial of use of port	13/2/2023 Since 01/03/2011	████████	████████	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC port or coastal State. Nil report received 06.02.2023.	
11.9		Withdrawal of denial of use of port	13/2/2023	████████	████████	N/A	N/A		

	Res. 16/11 (9.4) (2022)		Since 01/03/2011					Not an IOTC port or coastal State. Nil report received 06.02.2023.	
11.1	Res. 16/11 (15.1) (2022)	Report vessel engaged in IUU fishing following an inspection	13/2/2023 Since 01/03/2011	██████████	██████████	N/A	N/A	Not an IOTC port or coastal State. Nil report received 06.02.2023.	

# Current issues on the level of implementation by **Philippines** of IOTC Conservation and Management Measures identified for discussion in the CoC20 in 2023

Having reviewed the 2023 Compliance Report for Philippines, the Chair of the Compliance Committee has identified the following significant non-compliance issues for discussion.

## Repeated compliance issues:

e-Maris CR Ref (1)	Compliance Issue	Current status (2022)	Previous status (2021)
2.6	Has partially implemented the IMO number requirement for eligible vessels, as required by Resolution 19/04.	P/C	P/C
3.6	Has not provided all information related to the List of Authorized vessels > 24 metres, mandatory information missing (IMO numbers, date of end of authorisation, beneficial owner data, photographs), not at IOTC standard, missing information, as required by Resolution 19/04.	P/C	P/C
6.19	Has reported information but no actions taken domestically to monitor catches of Blue Shark, as required by Resolution 18/02.	P/C	P/C
10.2	Has not provided the BET 2nd semester report, as required by Resolution 01/06.	N/C	P/C
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1 : Requirement reference number of the Compliance report and e-MARIS

### Non-repeated compliance issues:

e-Mar <sup>is</sup> CR Ref (1)	Compliance Issue	Current status (2022)	Previous status (2021)
10.1	Has not provided the BET 1st semester report at IOTC standard, missing information, as required by Resolution 01/06.	P/C	N/A
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1 : Requirement reference number of the Compliance report and e-MARIS

<b>Repeated compliance issues:</b>	4
<b>Non repeated compliance issues:</b>	1