Commission des Thons de l'Ocean Indien
Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations
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# < Methodology of data collection (OPENARTFISH) and estimation of small-scale fisheries catches in Madagascar » 

## SUMMARY

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2-Note on fisheries
3-OPENARTFISH survey system:
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.How to collect data (Strategies)
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## Introduction

An island country located in the southwest of the Indian Ocean, Madagascar, the fourth largest island in the world with an area of $587,000 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$, is located to the east of the African continent from which it is separated by the Mozambique Channel. The latest statistical estimates put its population at around 27 million inhabitants. With more than $5,600 \mathrm{~km}$ of coastline, 117,000 $\mathrm{km}^{2}$ of continental shelf, more than $113,000 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ of territorial waters and an Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) extending over 1,140,000 $\mathrm{km}^{2}$, Madagascar has immense resources fisheries. Furthermore, the surface area of lakes, lagoons and other bodies of water favorable to inland fishing, and therefore of obvious fishing interest, is estimated at around 1,500 $\mathrm{km}^{2}$.

## Tunas

- tunas and associated species which cross the Malagasy EEZ during their migration.

The main species targeted in the western Indian Ocean are skipjack, yellowfin, bigeye tuna and swordfish. Their potential in Malagasy waters is estimated at 51,600 $t$ by the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (CTOI) which supervises their exploitation. This is an indicative and unpredictable estimate due to the highly migratory nature of these species.

The potential for sensitive species (sharks and rays) is unknown for the ministry in 2021. Shark and ray species are mainly caught by industrial tuna fishing (longline and purse seine fishing), industrial shrimp fishing, artisanal fishing and small fishing

## 1-Fisheries data collection system in Madagascar

-The framework surveys (ECN)
These were carried out during the period two thousand twelve to two thousand thirteen (20122013), twenty-four years after that of nineteen hundred and twenty eight (1988) for marine waters traditional and continental. Updated national framework survey (ECN 2022-2023) currently undergoing final validation.
-Catch Evaluation Survey (CEE) or CAS
These data are not available since 1991-1997. Partials (1998-2005)
-Routine data collection
This is a daily data collection carried out by fisheries staff and management unit members. Mainly, it deals with the collection of data on catch weight and value of fish by species and fishing vessel

## 2-Note on fisheries

In Madagascar, there are 3 types of fisheries:
-Industrial fishing;


Industrial Fishing
-Artisanal fishing ;


## Artisanal Fishing

-Small fishing or ex traditional or small scale fishing.


## Small scale Fishing

## Definition Small fishing:

Fishing activity reserved for natural persons of Malagasy nationality, practiced in waters under Malagasy jurisdiction using motorized boats, the total engine power of which is less than fifteen (15) horsepower (HP), non-motorized boats or foot.

## REFERENCE IN AFRICA AND REGIONAL COUNTRIES:

-Small-scale fishing: Artisanal fishing ( +7 to 13 m )
-Artisanal fishing: Semi-industrial

## 3-OPENARTFISH survey system: .Context

DOCUMENTS: National strategy on improving the collection, analysis and dissemination of fisheries and aquaculture data

The new strategy takes into consideration the Pan-African policy defined by the Policy Framework and Strategy for Fisheries and Aquaculture Reform in Africa.
At the national level, this strategy aligns with the MPEB Policy through its statement by promoting transparent and responsible governance by highlighting the implementation of reliable decision-making tools through the establishment of a centralized statistical system, reliable and usable in real time for the entire sector
-The last estimate of Malagasy small-scale fishing catches was in nineteen hundred and ninety (1990) (with the assistance of project MAG/85/014, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Madagascar, October 1991), during the period from nineteen hundred and forty twenty-one to two thousand and eleven (1991-2011), no collection of information at the fishermen level, due to lack of resources (financial, human, material, etc.) and production remains still from a first estimate by the FAO in 1990.

From the year two thousand and twelve (2012) until today, the fisheries administration with the person responsible for fishing and aquaculture statistics has been decided to estimate the production of small-scale fishing from marketing data

- In two thousand fifteen to two thousand sixteen (2015-2016), the SWIOFISH2 project, at the level of the three (3) priority regions (Diana, Analanjirofo and Melaky) allowed the establishment of production data collection, with the support FAO of OPENARTFISH or (Approaches, Rules and Techniques for FISHeries statistical monitoring) systems with mobile phone application (ODK or IONIC) including an appropriate sampling strategy



## CONVERT OPENARTFISH MADAGASCAR INTO A WEB APPLICATION BASED DATABASE

-In two thousand and nineteen (2019): it is strongly recommended (FAO statistics expert «M.GERTJAN Degraaf» in Madagascar) to convert the OPENARTFISH database to the WEB application to have a decentralized system.

The use of this software in general is divided into two categories including:
-Entry or consultation of data on the web application (decentralized statistical manager)
-Entering and sending data via mobile to server (data collectors or Investigators)

Link : (google chrome ou Microsoft edge)
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Identifiez vous à votre compte
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Mot de passe
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Pas encors inscrit? Créer un compte

WEB application interface:


-After the dissolution of the Antsiranana Tuna Statistical Unit or (Ex USTA) at the beginning of the year two thousand and twenty two (2022), the fisheries administration with the Directorate of Studies, Statistics and planning (DESP) was decided to estimate the production of small-scale tuna fishing and assimilated species from the OPENARTFISH system and software at the level of thirteen (13) coastal regions.

Why?
-No coastal fishing data and declaration of statistical data following the IOTC requirement from July 2021 until today.

## -OPENARTFISH coverage area since 2019-2023

SMALL FISHING: Estimated small-scale fishing catches
Branches of activity: Maritime and continental
Products: all species combined


## .How to collect data (Strategies)

-Evaluate existing data sets;
-Describe the operating characteristics of the sector or sub-sector (e.g.: fishing, market, fleet, community, etc.), also known as census, framework survey;
-Decide which approach to take: complete enumeration or sampling
-Design collection methods based on the approach taken, including the form of stratification to be used in sampling;
-Implement a test phase to validate the method (pilot phase) including the participation of other stakeholders;
-Establish a continuous feedback mechanism between data sources and data users

## 4-Methodological approach

Data collection is carried out by full-time data collectors residing throughout the duration of the survey in the fishing village.

The OPENARTFISH system estimation procedure is summarized schematically as follows:
-NEED FOR DATA COLLECTORS (INVESTIGATORS) The aim is to collect sample data on total catch and species composition, associated effort, and other secondary data such as prices/values
-APPROACHES: by sampling, where only a portion of the members of the total population are assessed
-CALCULATION (sample, estimate) :


- CPUE sample (catches per unit of effort)

CATCHES/ESTIMATED DAILY VALUES $=$ total sample X extrapolation factor

Extrapolation factor $=$ Number of landings for the same boat-gear combination on the Number of samples of the same boat-gear combination

The quantity [TOTAL EFFORT] is not directly observable. It is therefore developed in the following form.

```
[TOTAL EFFORT] = [TOTAL UNIT] x [PAB] x [NUMBER OF FISHING DAYS]
```

[TOTAL UNIT] is the total number of fishing units. It is known during the framework investigation.
$[\mathrm{PAB}]$ is the abbreviation for "Probability of Boat Activity".

Total fishing effort $=\mathrm{F} \times \mathrm{PAB} \times \mathrm{D}$
Or:
F is the total number of canoes in the frame survey;
PAB is coefficient of boat activity or fishing activity;
$D$ is the total number of days in a month for PAB.
$\mathrm{PAB}=($ Fishing yesterday $(\mathrm{yes}=1$ or no $=0)+$ Fishing before yesterday $(\mathrm{yes}=1$ or no $=0)+$ number of fishing days last week ( 1 to 7,0 if no activity) on the number of fishing days in a month

## -PAB system: Direct interviews with fishermen (system adopted in Madagascar after the pilot survey in 2018)

-As the total number of units of the site is already known during the framework survey, it is enough to observe the "number of units released" per day and take the average to obtain the PAB of a site at course of one month. PAB SURVEY OR EFFORT SURVEY
-EFFORTsample
MONTHLY CATCHES/VALUES/FISHING EFFORT = total sampling days X Extrapolation factor

Extrapolation factor = number of fishing days in the month for the boat-gear combination over the number of sampling days in the month for the same boatgear combination
-STRATAL ESTIMATION
ESTIMATED CATCHES/VALUES/TOTAL EFFORT = total sample in stratum X extrapolation factor
Extrapolation factor $=$ total number of boats in the stratum on the total boats in survey sites)

Data on the number of boats must come from the framework survey

## So, after extrapolation, the estimated total catches are:

## Estimated TOTAL CATCHES: (Number of fishing units $\mathbf{X}$ Average PAB X Monthly Days X Average CPUE) / 1000 (tons)

## -EXISTENCE OF FRAMEWORK SURVEY DATA

The objective being to exhaustively enumerate fishing units in the entire study area, the work carried out in the field for data collection is of two types, namely the identification and enumeration of fishing villages. then the survey of fishing households.
-Definition of fishing unit:
Characteristic of canoes with their main gear or combination of boat / gear
example: monoxyl canoe + gill line
canoe plank + line

## -TECHNIQUES:

In Madagascar there are two (2) fishing techniques:
a- Canoe fishermen
b- Fishermen on foot
-Design collection methods based on the approach taken, including the form of stratification to be used in sampling
-In principle, there are three sampling methods and their application depends on the availability of staff and budget.

Sampling in space and time is more or less the real situation

## Important: to remember

-on certain sites, boats are sampled (space)
-sampling is carried out on certain days only (times)
-There are two main types of stratification in a data collection program:
-Major strata: done for administrative classification, e.g. region, district
-Minor strata: to improve sampling for greater precision and to reduce costs, e.g. boat types, gear types

A minor stratum must be a geographical partition of homogeneous climate
Homogeneity is essential because it is at the level of the minor stratum that the estimation and extrapolation will be made.

Stratification reduces error in sample estimates by systematically eliminating as much of the data variability as possible through the sampling design. This result is obtained by dividing the sample population into homogeneous groups or strata.

The major practical objective of stratification is to reduce the variability of sampled data, which will improve the reliability of the collected data

Example stratification :
.Major stratum: Madagascar
.Minor stratum: Region
.Survey site

## -CHOICE OF SITES

The criteria for choosing sites are:
Representativeness with regard to the fishing techniques identified in the framework survey (all fishing units);
Representativeness with respect to the resources of the stratum;
The viability of the locality (accessibility, security in all areas)
Number of fishermen in the survey site
Existence of the telephone network (telma, orange, airtel)

## -SAMPLING OF CATCHES

-It is also a sampling survey, that is to say that for the days defined on the calendar, it will record the catches of a few fishing units (exhaustiveness is not possible).
-It is the landing of a fishing unit that must be weighed and broken down by species according to the list previously defined with the supervisor.
-The type of fishing unit, which he notes on the form, must appear in the framework survey.
-The fishing duration in number of days must appear on the form.
-The following information was mentioned in the sheet established for this purpose: canoe/foot, fishermen's exit and the total weight landed.

- SURVEY SHEETS

Modèle fiche d'enquête de la petite pêche
Échantillonnage des Captures


- SAMPLE MONITORING PER MONTH

FICHE DE SUIVI NOMBRE D'ECHANTILLON
Région: DIANA
Nom enquêteur : MODESTE 水iziky
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## -DATA INPUT AND PROCESSING

The data to be compiled is obtained from a sample survey.
The entry and processing of data from the small-scale fishing effort/catch survey were carried out over time with the OPENARTFISH software.

## -DISTRIBUTION OF THE SAMPLE

To obtain a relative error of fifteen to twenty percent (15 to $20 \%$ ) for P.U.E at a $90 \%$ probability level, from approximately 50 to 75 samples, an average of 60 per month should be taken for each fishing unit and for each minor stratum

## 5-OPENARTFISH results for the year 2020-2022

Since two thousand and fifteen (2015), the statistics officer in charge of fishing with the SWIOFish2 project assistant has been trying to set up a statistical system for Malagasy small-scale fishing. Preparing such a system requires prior knowledge of the structural characteristics of the fishery. These types of information were obtained thanks to the results of the framework survey on the entire island in both the marine and continental environments (national framework survey report 2012-2013/PACP project).

The field phase of the pilot survey (field report no. 01) of small-scale fishing catches could only start between June and November 2018 for maritime fishing. The results of the 2019-2022 survey have already been processed and are the subject of an initial estimate of Malagasy small-scale fishing production (field report $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 02$ ).

## 1-a-Number of samples/month and number of data collectors per survey site-Diana

IOTC-2023-WPDCS19-31

| Region | district | Survey site | number of data collectors | Fishing unit |  | number of sample |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIANA | Ambilobe | ANKAZOMBORONASUD | 2 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 20 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | kaokobe | 30 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | poto harato | 30 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | poto horoba | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | sihitry | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | valakira | 10 |
|  |  | ANKAZOMBORONA NORD | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | poto horoba | 35 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | valakira | 30 |
|  |  | ANTSATRANA | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | garigary | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | poto horoba | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | valakira | 20 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 20 |
|  | Ambanja | AMPAMPAMENA | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | kaokobe | 30 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Snorkel | 10 |
|  |  | ANKIGNY | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 20 |
|  | Diego II | AMBOLOBOZOKELY | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | fusil à poissons | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Snorkel | 10 |
|  |  | AMPASINDAVA | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Snorkel | 25 |
|  | Nosy Be | AMBATOZAVAVY | 1 | Canoe board/plank | gill net | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Canoe board/plank | line | 60 |
|  |  | DZAMANDZAR AMPASY | 2 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 35 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | nasse | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Turlute | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Snorkel | 20 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 30 |

1-b-Number of samples/month and number of data collectors per survey siteANALANJIROFO

| Region | district | Survey site | number of data collectors | Fishing unit |  | number of sample |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANALANJIROFO | Maroantsetra | NAVANA | 2 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | jarifa | 40 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | moustiquaire | 50 |
|  |  | MASINDRANO | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | jarifa | 20 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | moustiquaire | 10 |
|  |  | RANTOHELY | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  |  |  | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 15 |
|  |  | A | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  | Mananara Nord | ANTANAMBE | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Snorkel | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | nasse | 30 |
|  |  | FONTSIMARO | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 60 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 15 |
|  |  | AGNIRIBE | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | Longline | 30 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | line | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue | gill net | 25 |

1-c-Number of samples/month and number of data collectors per survey site-MELAKY

| Region | district | Survey site | number of data collectors | Fishing unit | number of sample |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MELAKY | MAINTIRANO | Ampasimandroro Sud | 1 | Canoe board/plank + longline | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Filet maillant | 7 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Jarifa | 7 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Moustiquaire | 10 |
|  |  | Ampasimandroro Sud | 1 | Canoe board/plank + longline | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Canoe board/plank + Gillnet | 7 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Jarifa | 7 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Moustiquaire | 10 |
|  |  | Maro-Antaly | 1 | Planché+Jarifa | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Filet zz | 10 |
|  |  | Ambalahonko | 1 | Canoe board/plank + longline | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | Canoe board/plank + Gillnet | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Moustiquaire | 20 |
|  |  | Nosy- lava | 1 | Planché+Jarifa | 6 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Palme masque tuba | 60 |
|  | MASOARIVO | Mozambiky | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gillnet | 12 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+longline | 10 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyle+Moustiquaire | 8 |
|  |  | Antsingilo | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gillnet | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+longline | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyle+Moustiquaire | 6 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyle+Garigary | 15 |
|  |  | Ankelilaly | 1 | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gillnet | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+longline | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyle+Moustiquaire | 6 |
|  |  |  |  | Monoxyle+Garigary | 15 |
|  | BESALAMPY | Ampongobe | 1 | Canoe board/plank + longline | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Canoe board/plank + Gillnet | 10 |
|  |  | Beloba | 1 | Canoe board/plank + Gillnet | 15 |
|  |  |  |  | Planché+Filetzz | 15 |

2-Number of sample per fishing unit per month per minor stratum : case of the DIANA-2020 Region

| Fishing unit | Number of fishing units in the framework survey | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue +fusil à poissons | 95 | 60 | 35 | 12 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ garigary | 56 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ harato poto | 58 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 0 | 30 | 12 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ horoba | 88 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 15 | 10 | 45 | 32 | 16 | 34 | 33 | 24 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ kaokobe | 83 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 15 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 28 | 30 | 56 | 29 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + line | 207 | 66 | 70 | 39 | 72 | 70 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 40 | 61 | 57 | 55 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+moustiquaire | 459 | 31 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 31 | 24 | 30 | 30 | 31 | 26 | 57 | 30 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + nasse | 251 | 59 | 60 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 53 | 53 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline | 402 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 10 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+snorkel | 97 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 32 | 36 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 28 | 42 | 52 | 65 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gill net | 2511 | 42 | 45 | 44 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 94 | 52 | 45 | 33 | 36 | 44 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + turlute | 89 | 60 | 60 | 58 | 58 | 60 | 60 | 58 | 60 | 59 | 60 | 60 | 59 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ valakira | 280 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 9 | 22 | 10 | 37 | 11 | 10 | 24 | 14 | 0 |
| Canoe board/plank + Line | 64 | 59 | 58 | 56 | 51 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 58 | 58 | 52 | 60 |
| Canoe board/plank + Gillnet | 425 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 60 | 59 | 55 | 12 | 53 | 57 | 54 | 49 | 59 |

Orange color: OK
Red color: Insufficient sample number
Green color: Error
Color white: No sending to the server

## 3-a-Catches by fishing unit and by species (Unit: Tons): case of the DIANA Region 2020

| Fishing unit | squid | chubs | Congress | crabs | shrimp | rays | fish | octopuses | sharks | tunas nca | blue marlin | bigeye tuna | king mackerel | sea cucumber | varilava |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue +fusil à poissons |  |  |  |  |  |  | 151,47 |  |  | 8,29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + garigary |  |  |  | 31,41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + harato poto |  |  |  | 0,16 | 33,03 |  | 6,36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,29 |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + horoba |  | 160,19 |  | 3,48 | 70,42 |  | 37,18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16,22 |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + kaokobe | 1,92 |  | 0,65 |  | 27,77 | 9,53 | 1147,22 | 1,65 | 8,01 | 6,28 |  | 5,52 | 7,06 |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + line | 0,25 |  |  | 1,56 |  | 1,42 | 697,05 |  | 2,97 | 15,80 | 13,56 | 2,71 | 29,82 |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + moustiquaire |  | 938,62 |  | 27,50 | 373,31 |  | 535,08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 117,46 |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue tnasse |  |  |  |  |  |  | 517,59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline |  |  |  |  |  | 10,44 | 391,46 |  | 54,54 | 1,49 |  |  | 0,79 |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+snorkel | 0,51 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56,35 |  |  |  |  |  | 333,74 |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gill net | 27,06 | 9,31 |  | 25,72 | 900,20 | 287,58 | 7996,70 | 27,20 | 48,39 | 34,44 |  | 118,03 | 235,00 | 235,59 |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue +turlute | 317,82 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,66 |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + valakira |  | 0,95 | 0,95 | 15,35 | 207,26 | 20,91 | 310,21 |  | 39,52 |  |  |  |  |  | 35,29 |  |
| Canoe board/plank + Line |  |  |  |  |  | 2,32 | 258,66 |  |  |  |  |  | 15,24 |  |  |  |
| Canoe board/plank + Gillnet |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1690,74 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| grand total | 347,56 | 1109,07 | 1,60 | 105,18 | 1611,99 | 332,20 | 13739,72 | 85,20 | 153,43 | 66,30 | 13,56 | 126,26 | 287,91 | 570,99 | 170,26 | 18721,23 |

## 3-b-Catches by fishing unit and by species (Unit: Tons): case of the ANALANJIROFO Region 2020

| products | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + line | monoxyle nasse | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+snorkel | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gill net |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| squid |  |  |  | 0,85 |  |  |
| Congress | 3,29 |  |  | 0,43 |  |  |
| shells |  |  |  | 74,82 |  |  |
| crabs |  | 2,30 |  | 0,63 | 33,12 |  |
| shrimp |  |  |  |  | 117,83 |  |
| lobsters |  | 8,01 |  | 6,38 |  |  |
| rays | 6,58 |  |  | 29,99 |  |  |
| fish | 950,49 | 1724,26 | 27,68 | 100,45 | 6485,83 |  |
| octopuses |  |  |  | 35,43 |  |  |
| sharks | 3,84 |  |  |  | 41,84 |  |
| tunas nca | 87,75 |  | 30,20 |  |  |  |
| blue marlin |  |  | 22,65 |  |  |  |
| bigeye tuna | 331,12 |  | 352,63 |  | 701,78 |  |
| king mackerel | 4,39 |  | 16,36 |  |  |  |
| sea cucumber | 4,39 |  |  | 37,42 | 12,80 |  |
| varilava |  |  |  |  | 0,43 |  |
| Grand total | 1391,85 | 1734,57 | 449,51 | 286,41 | 7 393,63 | 11 255,96 |

3-c-Catches by fishing unit and by species (Unit: Tons): case of the MELAKY Region 2020

| Fishing unit | chubs | Congress | crabs | shrimp | rays | fish | sharks | tunas nca | Yellofin Tuna | common <br> dolphinfish | Bigeye <br> Tuna | sea cucumber |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gill net | 47,60 | 1,00 | 14,50 | 49,40 | 35,70 | 1750,70 | 229,80 | 43,10 |  | 1,70 | 113,50 |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ Filet ZZ |  |  |  |  | 76,90 | 407,00 | 160,70 | 657,60 |  |  | 38,20 |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ garigary |  |  | 11,90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ Jarifa |  |  |  |  | 507,90 | 268,70 | 1259,90 |  |  |  |  | 10,10 |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+snorkel |  |  |  |  |  | 0,60 |  |  |  |  |  | 247,20 |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+moustiquaire | 954,70 |  |  |  | 41,90 | 990,00 | 146,50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline |  | 39,40 | 1,80 | 0,10 | 220,10 | 1259,50 | 94,40 | 17,00 | 1,80 |  | 1,80 |  |  |
| Grand Total | 1002,30 | 40,40 | 28,20 | 49,50 | 882,50 | 4676,50 | 1891,30 | 717,70 | 1,80 | 1,70 | 153,50 | 257,30 | 9702,70 |

4-Catches by fishing unit and by species (Unit: in Tons): case of the ANALANJIROFO Region 2020

|  | Fishing unit |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + line | monoxyle nasse | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+snorkel | Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gill net |
| squid |  |  |  | 0,09 |  |
| Congress | 0,19 |  |  | 0,37 |  |
| shells |  |  |  | 5,39 |  |
| crabs |  | 0,33 |  | 0,18 | 0,37 |
| shrimp |  |  |  |  | 1,23 |
| lobsters |  | 1,12 |  | 0,92 |  |
| rays | 0,39 |  |  | 2,60 |  |
| fish | 42,53 | 33,98 | 2,64 | 9,19 | 50,10 |
| octopuses |  |  |  | 3,06 |  |
| sharks | 0,23 |  |  |  | 1,40 |
| tunas nca | 2,99 |  | 2,88 |  |  |
| blue marlin |  |  | 2,16 |  |  |
| bigeye tuna | 7,52 |  | 17,63 |  | 4,13 |
| king mackerel | 0,26 |  | 1,56 |  |  |
| sea cucumber | 0,26 |  |  | 6,92 | 0,20 |
| varilava |  |  |  |  | 0,01 |

5-Estimates of catches/values by minor stratum and species and local name and the relative error in CPUE and catches at the 90\% probability level (Unit: Tons): case of the DIANA Region 2020

| Famille | Espèces | Nom local | Nom scientifique | Capures totales (tonnes) | composition <br> espèces (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Prix } / \mathrm{Ke} \\ & \text { en Ar } \end{aligned}$ | Valeurs totales (Ar) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Echneidae | Poissons | Samakeboana | Echeneis naucrates | 53,256 | 0,28 | 4049 | 215612 |
| Echneidae | Poissons | Sampatra | Valamugil spp | 1,767 | 0,01 | 3538 | 6251 |
| Lethrinidae | Poissons | Senta, Ambitryfo | Lethrinus harak | 695,092 | 3,71 | 5623 | 3908720 |
| Drepaneidae | Poissons | Takropa | Drepane longimana | 517,625 | 2,76 | 3 | 1656 |
| Drepaneidae | Poissons | Takropa | Drepane africana | 525,51 | 2,81 | 3 | 1682 |
| Sparidae | Poissons | Tsiboraina | Acanthopagrus berda | 20,112 | 0,11 | 3829 | 77001 |
| Psettodidae | Poissons | Tsimananila | Psettodes erumei | 25,449 | 0,14 | 3537 | 90018 |
| Serrantdae | Poissons | Tsivaravarabe, kikiantany, alovo, gabamainty | Serranidae | 121,064 | 0,65 | 3666 | 443769 |
| Lethrinidae | Poissons | Vahô, Zavotrohy | Lethrinidae | 322,718 | 1,72 | 5961 | 1923729 |
| Chanidae | Poissons | Vano | Chanos chanos | 125,504 | 0,67 | 2018 | 253289 |
| Clupeides | Poissons | Vatritra | Amblygaster sirm | 120,815 | 0,65 | 3586 | 433213 |
| Lethrinidae | Poissons | Vôtro | Gymnocranius grandoculis | 11,585 | 0,06 | 2784 | 32248 |
|  | Poissons | zoho | Lutjanus argentimaculatus | 65,979 | 0,35 | 3027 | 199714 |
| Octopodidae | Poulpes | Orita | Octopodidae | 85,2 | 0,45 | 3818 | 325252 |
|  | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 112,821 | 0,60 | 2873 | 324169 |
|  | Requins | Maroalala (Ankio) | Arildae | 40,616 | 0,22 | 2017 | 81925 |
| Scombridae | Thons | Bepakitsy | Lutjanus sebae | 14,1 | 0,08 | 2709 | 38194 |
| Scombridae | Thons | jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus obesus | 33,149 | 0,18 | 3628 | 120268 |
| Scombridae | Thons | Jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus albacares | 8,772 | 0,05 | 4000 | 35090 |
| Scombridae | Thons | Tabaka, lamatra | Katsuwonus pelamis | 10,269 | 0,05 | 3161 | 32464 |
| Scombridae | Thons (Makaire bleu) | Androaro | Makaira nigricans | 11,277 | 0,05 | 2767 | 31203 |
| Scombridae | Thons (Makaire bleu) | Ndoaro, androaro | Istiophorus platypterus | 2,285 | 0,01 | 3000 | 6854 |
| Scombridae | Thons (Patudo, thon obese) | Jaodary, angoho. belonary, diodary | Euthynnus affinis | 126,263 | 0,67 | 4024 | 508038 |
| Scombridae | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 287,757 | 1,54 | 4064 | 1169381 |


| Famille | Espèces | Nom local | Nom scientifique | Capures totales (tonnes) | composition espèces (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Prix } / \mathrm{Kg} \\ & \text { en } \mathrm{Ar} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Valeurs totales (Ar) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Echneidae | Poissons | Samakeboana | Echeneis naucrates | 53,256 | 0,28 | 4049 | 215612 |
| Echneidae | Poissons | Sampatra | Valamugil spp | 1,767 | 0,01 | 3538 | 6251 |
| Lethrinidae | Poissons | Senta, Ambitryfo | Lethrinus harak | 695,092 | 3,71 | 5623 | 3908720 |
| Drepaneidae | Poissons | Takropa | Drepane longimana | 517,625 | 2,76 | 3 | 1656 |
| Drepaneidae | Poissons | Takropa | Drepane africana | 525,51 | 2,81 | 3 | 1682 |
| Sparidae | Poissons | Tsiboraina | Acanthopagrus berda | 20,112 | 0,11 | 3829 | 77001 |
| Psettodidae | Poissons | Tsimananila | Psettodes erumei | 25,449 | 0,14 | 3537 | 90018 |
| Serranidae | Poissons | Tsivaravarabe, kikiantany, alovo, gabamainty | Serranidae | 121,064 | 0,65 | 3666 | 443769 |
| Lethrinidae | Poissons | Vahô, Zavotrohy | Lethrinidae | 322,718 | 1,72 | 5961 | 1923729 |
| Chanidae | Poissons | Vano | Chanos chanos | 125,504 | 0,67 | 2018 | 253289 |
| Clupeides | Poissons | Vatritra | Amblygaster sirm | 120,815 | 0,65 | 3586 | 433213 |
| Lethrinidae | Poissons | Vôtro | Gymnocranius grandoculis | 11,585 | 0,06 | 2784 | 32248 |
|  | Poissons | zoho | Lutjanus argentimaculatus | 65,979 | 0,35 | 3027 | 199714 |
| Octopodidae | Poulpes | Orita | Octopodidae | 85,2 | 0,45 | 3818 | 325252 |
|  | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 112,821 | 0,60 | 2873 | 324169 |
|  | Requins | Maroalala (Ankio) | Arildae | 40,616 | 0,22 | 2.017 | 81,925 |

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| Unite de pêche | Famille | Espèces | Nom local | Nom scientifique | Capures <br> totales | Composition espèces (\%) | Prix/kg en <br> Ar | Valeurs totales | Moy Erreur Relative PUE 90\% | Moy Erreur Relative Capture 90\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| monoxyle periky |  | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 48,393 | 0,26 | 3775,96 | 182730 | 24 | 31 |
| monoxyle ligne |  | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 2,972 | 0,02 | 2217,36 | 6590 | 16 | 22 |
| monoxyle kaokobe |  | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 6,912 | 0,04 | 3727,00 | 25761 | 22 | 27 |
| monoxyle palangre |  | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 54,544 | 0,29 | 1999,98 | 109087 | 97 | 97 |
| monoxyle kaokobe |  | Requins | Maroalala (Ankio) | Ariidae | 1,101 | 0,01 | 2628,52 | 2894 | 23 | 28 |
| monoxyle valakira |  | Requins | Maroalala (Ankio) | Ariidae | 39,516 | 0,21 | 1999,97 | 79031 | 23 | 37 |
| monoxyle ligne | Scombridae | Thons | Bepakitsy | Lutjanus sebae | 12,613 | 0,07 | 2674,62 | 33735 | 18 | 25 |
| monoxyle palangre | Scombridae | Thons | Bepakitsy | Lutjanus sebae | 1,486 | 0,01 | 3000,67 | 4459 | 21 | 21 |
| monoxyle periky | Scombridae | Thons | jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus obesus | 26,075 | 0,14 | 3408,63 | 88880 | 54 | 64 |
| monoxyle periky | Scombridae | Thons | Jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus albacares | 8,361 | 0,04 | 4000,00 | 33444 | 29 | 38 |
| monoxyle ligne | Scombridae | Thons | jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus obesus | 3,188 | 0,02 | 4631,12 | 14764 | 11 | 17 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Scombridae | Thons | jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus obesus | 3,886 | 0,02 | 4 277,92 | 16624 | 25 | 30 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Scombridae | Thons | Jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus albacares | 0,411 | 0,00 | 4002,43 | 1645 | 29 | 34 |
| monoxyle fusil à poissons | Scombridae | Thons | Tabaka, Iamatra | Katsuwonus pelamis | 8,29 | 0,04 | 3 200,00 | 26528 | 19 | 20 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Scombridae | Thons | Tabaka, Iamatra | Katsuwonus pelamis | 1,979 | 0,01 | 2999,49 | 5936 | 26 | 31 |
| monoxyle ligne | Scombridae | Thons (Makaire bleu) | Androaro | Makaira nigricans | 11,277 | 0,06 | 2766,96 | 31203 | 22 | 29 |
| monoxyle ligne | Scombridae | Thons (Makaire bleu) | Ndoaro, androaro | Istiophorus platypterus | 2,285 | 0,01 | 2999,56 | 6854 | 6 | 11 |
| monoxyle periky | Scombridae | Thons (Patudo, thon obèse) | Jaodary, angoho, belonary, diodary | Euthynnus affinis | 118,028 | 0,63 | 4020,10 | 474484 | 36 | 44 |
| monoxyle ligne | Scombridae | Thons (Patudo, thon obèse) | Jaodary, angoho, belonary, diodary | Euthynnus affinis | 2,713 | 0,01 | 4586,07 | 12442 | 19 | 27 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Scombridae | Thons (Patudo, thon obèse) | Jaodary, angoho, belonary, diodary | Euthynnus affinis | 5,522 | 0,03 | 3823,25 | 21112 | 25 | 30 |
| monoxyle periky | Scombridae | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 235 | 1,25 | 3843,95 | 903329 | 30 | 37 |
| monoxyle ligne | Scombridae | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 28,939 | 0,15 | 4871,56 | 140978 | 18 | 25 |
| plancheNM Ligne | Scombridae | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 15,236 | 0,08 | 5985,10 | 91189 | 10 | 12 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Scombridae | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 7,055 | 0,04 | 4242,66 | 29932 | 24 | 28 |
| monoxyle palangre | Scombridae | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 0,79 | 0,00 | 5003,80 | 3953 | 66 | 66 |
| monoxyle ligne | Carangidae | Thons (thazard) | Tefo, ango | Elagatis bipinnulata | 0,879 | 0,00 | 5005,69 | 4400 | 21 | 28 |


| Unite de pêche | Espèces | Nom local | Nom scientifique | Jours de petche annuelle | Captures totales | Valeurs totales en Ar | CPUE ( $\mathrm{Kg} /$ jour) | Moy Erreur <br> Rel PUE 90\% | Moy Erreur Rel Capture 90\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Rales | Makoba | Himantura uarnak | 16852 | 9,525 t | 33886 Ar | 0,565 | 22 | 27 |
| monoxyle ligne | Raies | Makoba | Himantura uarnak | 11648 | 1,422 t | 2165 Ar | 0,122 | 18 | 25 |
| monoxyle palangre | Raies | Makoba | Himantura uarnak | 7236 | 10,436 t | 20871 Ar | 1,442 | 66 | 66 |
| monoxyle periky | Raies | Makoba | Himantura uarnak | 494777 | 285,069 t | 1176481 Ar | 0,576 | 39 | 46 |
| monoxyle valakira | Raies | Makoba | Himantura uarnak | 19125 | 20,911 t | 41822 Ar | 1,093 | 40 | 60 |
| plancheNM Ligne | Raies | Makoba | Himantura uarnak | 4356 | 2,320 t | 4853 Ar | 0,533 | 9 | 12 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 13351 | 6,912 t | 25761 Ar | 0,518 | 22 | 27 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | requins | Maroalala (Ankio) | Arildae | 3501 | 1,101 t | 2894 Ar | 0,314 | 23 | 28 |
| monoxyle ligne | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 15550 | 2,972 t | 6590 Ar | 0,191 | 16 | 22 |
| monoxyle palangre | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 14713 | 54,544 t | 109087 Ar | 3,707 | 97 | 97 |
| monoxyle periky | Requins | Ankio | Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata) | 221502 | 48,393 t | 182730 Ar | 0,218 | 24 | 31 |
| monoxyle valakira | requins | Maroalala (Ankio) | Ariidae | 21161 | 39,516 t | 79031 Ar | 1,867 | 23 | 37 |
| monoxyle fusil à poissons | Thons | Tabaka, lamatra | Katsuwonus pelamis | 3792 | 8,290 t | 26528 Ar | 2,186 | 19 | 20 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Thons | jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus obesus | 8490 | 3,886 t | 16624 Ar | 0,458 | 25 | 30 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Thons | Jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus albacares | 1630 | 0,41t | 1645 Ar | 0,252 | 29 | 34 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Thons | Tabaka, lamatra | Katsuwonus pelamis | 1609 | 1,979 t | 5936 Ar | 1,23 | 26 | 31 |
| monoxyle ligne | Thons | Bepakitsy | Lutjanus sebae | 47578 | 12,613 t | 33735 Ar | 0,265 | 18 | 25 |
| monoxyle ligne | Thons | jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus obesus | 15530 | 3,188 t | 14764 Ar | 0,205 | 11 | 17 |
| monoxyle palangre | Thons | Bepakitsy | Lutjanus sebae | 7477 | 1,486 t | 4459 Ar | 0,199 | 21 | 21 |
| monoxyle periky | Thons | jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus obesus | 169992 | 26,075 t | 88880 Ar | 0,153 | 54 | 64 |
| monoxyle periky | Thons | Jaodary, lamatra | Thunnus albacares | 55124 | 8,361 t | 33444 Ar | 0,152 | 29 | 38 |
| monoxyle ligne | Thons (Makaire bleu) | Androaro | Makaira nigricans | 23624 | 11,277 t | 31203 Ar | 0,477 | 22 | 29 |
| monoxyle ligne | Thons (Makaire bleu) | Ndoaro, androaro | Istiophorus platypterus | 3886 | 2,285 t | 6854 Ar | 0,588 | 6 | 11 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Thons (Patudo, thon obese) | Jaodary, angoho, belonary, diodary | Euthynnus affinis | 10257 | 5,522 t | 21112 Ar | 0,538 | 25 | 30 |
| monoxyle ligne | Thons (Patudo, thon obese) | Jaodary, angoho, belonary, diodary | Euthynnus affinis | 11619 | 2,713 t | 12442 Ar | 0,233 | 19 | 27 |
| monoxyle periky | Thons (Patudo, thon obèse) | Jaodary, angoho, belonary, diodary | Euthynnus affinis | 272136 | 118,028 t | 474484 Ar | 0,434 | 36 | 44 |
| monoxyle kaokobe | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 8325 | 7,055 t | 29932 Ar | 0,847 | 24 | 28 |
| monoxyle ligne | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 47578 | 28,939 t | 140978 Ar | 0,608 | 18 | 25 |
| monoxyle ligne | Thons (thazard) | Tefo, ango | Elagatis bipinnulata | 4435 | 0,87t | 4400 Ar | 0,198 | 21 | 28 |
| monoxyle palangre | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 7236 | 0,79t | 3953 Ar | 0,109 | 66 | 66 |
| monoxyle periky | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 436638 | 0,23t | 903329 Ar | 0,54 | 30 | 37 |
| plancheNM Ligne | Thons (thazard) | Ango, variagnavo, angoho, lamatra | Acanthocybium solandri | 17175 | 15,236 t | 91189 Ar | 0,887 | 10 | 12 |

6- Catch/value estimates by minor stratum and species (Unit: Tons): DIANA, ANALANJIROFO and MELAKY regions for the year 2020

|  | Diana |  | Analanjirofo |  | Melaky |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products | Quantity (t) | Values in MGA (000') | Quantity (t) | Values in MGA (000') | Quantity (t) | Values in MGA (000') |
| squid | 347,55 | 4562613 | 0,85 | 5660 |  |  |
| Chubs | 1109,07 | 7176365 |  |  | 1002 | 1002282 |
| Congress | 1,60 | 2568 | 3,73 | 22967 | 40 | 74261 |
| crabs | 105,19 | 377290 | 36,05 | 114162 | 28 | 47285 |
| shrimp | 1611,97 | 8914868 | 117,83 | 1080579 | 50 | 239452 |
| rays | 332,19 | 1291366 | 36,58 | 148330 | 882 | 774859 |
| octopuses | 85,20 | 325252 | 35,43 | 131717 |  |  |
| sea cucumber | 571,00 | 6688496 | 54,61 | 80444 | 258 | 4816249 |
| varilava | 170,26 | 170263 | 0,43 | 1296 |  |  |
| shells |  |  | 74,82 | 40013 |  |  |
| lobsters |  |  | 14,39 | 211307 |  |  |
| fish | 13739,72 | 49678994 | 8650,98 | 47860795 | 4680 | 7990065 |
| tunas nca | 494,01 | 1945891,00 | 1546,86 | 12041794,00 | 875 | 5037762 |
| sharks | 153,44 | 406093 | 45,68 | 186573 | 1891 | 3616279 |
| Grand Total | 18 721,20 | 81540065 | 10 618,23 | 61925637 | 9706 | 23598494 |

7-Catch estimates/values at level 14 Coastal regions by species after reconstitution (Unit: in Tonnes): For the year 2021-2022

| Year: 2021 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products | Menabe | Analanjirofo | Atsimo Andrefana | Atsimo Atsinanana | Atsinanana | Boeny | Melaky | Diana | Vatovavy Fitovinany | TOTAL |
| Rays | - | 156,19 |  | 0,49 | 6,94 | - | - | 241,22 | 22,60 | 427,44 |
| Sharks | 0,10 | 9,74 |  | 3,24 | 17,32 | 7,22 | 0,32 | 930,53 | 28,96 | 997,44 |
| Tunas | - | 1230,83 |  | 7,25 | 13,84 | - | - | 327,11 | - | 1 579,03 |


| Year: | 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products | Menabe | Analanjirofo | Atsimo Andrefana | Atsimo Atsinanana | Atsinanana | Boeny | Melaky | Diana | Vatovavy | Fitovinany | TOTAL |
| Rays | - | 154,74 | 14,54 | 4,69 | 2,77 | - | 107,54 | 135,19 | 15,00 | 10,37 | 444,84 |
| Sharks | 1,69 | 215,84 | 18,65 | 4,45 | 2,06 | 30,49 | 140,31 | 78,76 | - | 10,18 | 502,43 |
| Tunas | - | 739,25 | - | 9,85 | 11,52 | - | 27,38 | 78,81 | 40,62 | 5,34 | 912,77 |

Source: DRPEB activity report
Unit : Tons

## -Per fishing unit per species

Year: 2021

| Fishing unit | Rays | Sharks (Mâchoirons nca) | Sharks nca | Total Sharks (Tons) | Bastard mackerel | Kawakawa | Unclassified tuna and bullet tuna | Yellofin tuna | Bigeye <br> tuna | Skipjack tuna | Indo Pacific sailfish | Total Tunas (Tons) | Grand Total(Tons) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ kaokobe | 20,55 | 5,36 |  | 25,91 |  | 11,50 |  |  | 8,84 |  |  | 20,34 | 46,24 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + line | 144,94 | 3,36 | - | 148,30 | 52,22 | 156,91 | - | 0,61 | 89,90 | 5,14 | 8,21 | 312,99 | 461,30 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gill net | 479,83 | 905,10 | 657,81 | 2042,74 | 3,15 | 760,52 | 222,85 | - | 344,47 | - | - | 1330,99 | 3 373,73 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ valakira | 29,31 | 23,55 | 2,89 | 55,76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 55,76 |
| Canoe board/plank + Line | 11,84 |  |  | 11,84 | 20,95 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20,95 | 32,79 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline (palangrotte) | 8,27 |  |  | 8,27 |  | 166,64 |  |  | 484,02 |  | 18,59 | 669,25 | 677,52 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+snorkel | 13,14 |  |  | 13,14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 13,14 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline | 56,60 |  | 66,10 | 122,70 |  | 1,70 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,70 | 124,40 |
|  | 764,48 | 937,38 | 726,81 | 2 428,66 | 76,32 | 1097,27 | 222,85 | 0,61 | 927,22 | 5,14 | 26,80 | 2 356,22 | 4 784,87 |

## Sharks:



Tunas:


Year: 2022

| Fishing unit | Rays | Sharks (Mâchoirons nca) | Sharks nca | Hammerhead sharks nei | Total Sharks (Tons) | Bastard mackerel | Kawakawa | Yellofin <br> tuna | Bigeye <br> tuna | Skipjack tuna | Indo Pacific sailfish | Tunas nca | Total <br> Tunas <br> (Tons) | Grand Total(Tons) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue +fusil à poissons | 4,09 |  |  |  | 4,09 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 4,09 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ kaokobe | 4,60 | 2,06 |  |  | 6,66 |  | 4,34 | 0,36 | 0,98 |  |  |  | 5,68 | 12,34 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + line | 293,10 | 38,20 | 254,49 | - | 585,79 | 122,52 | 295,72 | 5,44 | 126,36 | 18,17 | 7,28 | 94,71 | 670,21 | 1255,99 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+Gill net | 78,33 | 33,20 | 21,59 | - | 133,12 | - | 59,43 | - | 129,68 | 21,46 | - |  | 210,58 | 343,70 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue+ valakira | 64,71 | 51,41 | 6,08 | 8,74 | 130,94 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 130,94 |
| Canoe board/plank + Line |  |  |  |  | - | 5,70 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,70 | 5,70 |
| Monoxyl canoe/pirogue + longline (palangrotte) |  | 88,35 |  |  | 88,35 |  |  |  | 20,61 |  |  |  | 20,61 | 108,96 |
| Grand Total(Tons) | 444,83 | 213,22 | 282,16 | 8,74 | 948,95 | 128,22 | 359,49 | 5,80 | 277,64 | 39,63 | 7,28 | 94,71 | 912,77 | 1861,72 |

## Sharks :



## Tunas:



## 8-Catch estimate Per species (Unit :Tons)

| Species | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Bastard mackerel | 76,32 | 128,22 |
| Unclassified tuna and bullet tuna | 222,85 |  |
| Kawakawa | 1097,27 | 359,49 |
| Yellofin tuna | 0,61 | 5,80 |
| Bigeye tuna | 927,22 | 277,64 |
| Skipjack tuna | 5,14 | 39,63 |
| Indo Pacific sailfish | 26,80 | 7,28 |
| Tunas nca | 764,48 | 94,71 |
| Rays | 937,38 | 444,83 |
| Sharks (Mâchoirons nca) | 726,81 | 213,22 |
| Sharks nca |  | 8,74 |
| Hammerhead sharks nei |  |  |




In summary, the data from OPENARTFISH are all species of the small-scale fishery combined, on the one hand the estimate of tuna fishing catches is between two thousand three hundred and fifty six $(2,356)$ tonnes to three thousand one hundred and sixty $(3,160)$ tonnes (maximum catches) and on the other hand for sharks and rays it is between two thousand four hundred and thirty $(2,430)$ tonnes to two thousand eight hundred $(2,800)$ tonnes (maximum catches) .

## 6-Future prospects

-Carry out a framework survey specific to small-scale tuna fishing (Analanjirofo, Atsinanana, Sofia, Boeny, Atsimo Andrefana, Menabe, Androy, Anosy, Melaky, Atsimo Atsinanana and Diana);
-Recruitment and deployment of data collectors at the survey site level;
-Establishment of a data collection network on small-scale tuna fishing;
-Updating basic data in the WEB application: framework survey, species identification and settings in the web application and updating the mobile application, distribution of the sample by investigators;

-measurement: height and weigh

