

Rules of Procedures 2023 - Appendix V

Compliance Questionnaire for the year 2024 (CoC22)

Deadline for submission: 23/1/2025

READING NOTES:

- The questionnaire is composed of 5 sections reporting on the implementation of IOTC Resolutions.
- Answers provided by CPCs are presented in **blue text**.
- A red dash ("-") indicates that no answer was provided.
- Some requirements have submission(s) deadline post CQ submission date. At the time of submission of the CQ, they may have not been submitted as individual requirement and they will appear blank in the CQ. However, the assessment will be available in the Compliance Report CoC22.

**All sections/questions applicable of the Compliance Questionnaire
(CQ) Report must be completed.**

Consult the Assessment criteria at the end of the Compliance Questionnaire report (For C, P/C, NC1, NC2).

Reporting CPC: Mozambique

Date of submission: 21 January 2025 - 19:52

You can consult your previous Compliance questionnaire for CoC 21 in e-MARIS Campaign CoC21 Assessment.

User Manual

[e-MarIs Quick Start series: e-MARIS REPORTS: Compliance Questionnaire](#)

Section 1 – Implementation obligations

1.1 Scientific committee



Report of the Scientific Committee SC04 – National scientific report **Information required: National Scientific Report in 2023 - Deadline: 17/11/2024**

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

2. The 2024 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2024 provided to the IOTC Secretariat ?

in -

3. The 2024 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2024 completed using the latest template report as directed by the Circular ?

National scientific report ?

No -

Comments/remarks about the submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 1 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None

Section 2 – Flag State Controls

2.1 Authorised vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence



Information required: List of authorised vessels 24 metres in length overall or more in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- 1. NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have vessels 24 meters in length overall or more fishing in the IOTC area of competence
- 2. A list of authorised vessels exists - vessels 24 metres in length overall or more ?

3. All the mandatory information have been provided in the e-RAV application for all authorized vessels 24 metres in length overall or more ?

4. Mandatory information not fully provided or missing:

Information required: Template of the official authorisation to fish outside national jurisdictions in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have fishing vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels

2. National flag vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels are issued authorisations to fish (ATF) outside National Jurisdiction for species managed by the IOTC:

3. The template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions, with associated information required, has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

Reasons: –

Reasons: –

- YES - Complete

Last date reporting: 14/02/2024

4. The information concerning the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions has been updated/changed in 2024 and we submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat:

- YES - We submit the updated information below

5. All the mandatory information on the template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat:

- YES - Complete

Mandatory information are not fully provided or missing :

– Reasons: –

2.2 Chartering agreements

Resolution 19/07 On Vessel Chartering in the IOTC Area of Competence



Information required: Start, suspension, resumption and termination of the fishing operations under the chartering agreement in 2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. Reporting on start, suspension, resumption and termination of charter agreements signed in 2024 :

- Yes

Charter 1

CPC involved:

- SYC / Seychelles / Seychelles

Start date: 11/11/2024

Suspension date FROM: – - Suspension date TO: –

Resumption: – - Termination date: 31/12/2024

Charter 2

CPC involved:

Start date: –

Suspension date FROM: – - Suspension date TO: –

Resumption: – - Termination date: –

Information required: Information on the particulars of the charter agreements and detail of vessels (chartering CP) in 2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

2. You have chartering agreements signed in 2024 ?

- Yes as chartering CP

3. The information of the charter agreements signed in 2024 , (as Chartering CP) reported to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- Yes

4. The information of the charter agreements signed in 2024 is reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement ?

Date of signature of the agreement(s): 10/06/2024

Date of commencement of fishing: -

Date of reporting: 22/07/2024

5. Chartering agreements have been signed with the following countries ?

- Seychelles

6. For the chartered vessel(s) in 2024 under the charter agreement(s) :

Number of charter agreements ? 1

Number of charter vessels ? 1

Information required: Consent, measures, agreement implementation of IOTC CMMs (flag CPC) in 2024**1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?**

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have flag vessel chartered in 2024

2. The information of the charter agreements signed (as Flag CP) reported to the IOTC Secretariat ?**3. The information of the charter agreements signed is reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement ?**

Date of signature of the agreement(s) ? -

Date of commencement of fishing ? -

Date of reporting ? -

4. Chartering agreements signed with the following countries ?**5. For the chartered vessel(s) under the charter agreement(s):**

Number of charter agreements ? -

Number of charter vessels ? -

2.3 Active vessels

Resolution 10/08 Concerning a Record of Active Vessels Fishing for Tunas and Swordfish in the IOTC Area



Information required: List of active vessels in 2024 - Deadline: 15/2/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does NOT have vessel fishing in the IOTC area of competence and on the Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024

2. List of vessels active provided to the IOTC Secretariat ?

What criteria/information you are using to establish the List of Active Vessels?

The List of Active Vessels includes the following categories of vessels ?

3. For national vessels - number of active vessels ?

Number of active vessels \geq 24m: -

Number of active vessels $<$ 24m: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation:

-

2.4 List of vessels fishing for yellowfin tuna

Resolution 21/01 on an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence



Information required: List of vessels having fished for yellowfin tuna in the preceding year in 2024 - Deadline: 15/2/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does NOT have vessels fishing for yellow fin tuna (YFT) in the IOTC area of competence in 2024 - No catch of YFT in High sea fisheries and no catch of YFT in coastal fisheries.

2. The list of vessels which have fished yellowfin tuna (YFT) provided to the IOTC Secretariat and attached ?

- YES – The list of YFT vessels with catch of YFT in High sea fisheries AND catch of YFT in coastal fisheries in 2024 , is uploaded below.

Criteria/information used to establish the List of vessels fishing YFT?

- Periodic catch reporting
- Issuance of Fishing license in EEZ, Authorised target species include YFT
- Issuance of Authorisation to Fish high sea (ATF), Authorised target species include YFT

3. For national vessels - number of vessels ?

a. For vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels (RAV):

Number of vessels ≥ 24m on the RAV fishing for yellowfin tuna ? -

Number of vessels < 24m on the RAV fishing for yellowfin tuna ? -

b. For vessels **NOT** registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels (RAV):

Number of coastal/artisanal vessels fishing for yellowfin tuna ? -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

All fishing vessels listed are foreigner and operated within the EEZ.

2.5 Control of domestic vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence



Information required: Vessels to carry on board authorisation to fish and/or tranship and certificate of vessel registration in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship to be on board national vessels:

- YES - CPC has systems / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port
- Implemented according to FAO Voluntary Guidelines for Flag State Performance to effectively exercise jurisdiction and control over vessels flying my flag
- Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations
- System for planning/funding/undertaking MCS operations that maximize compliance by vessels /persons for IOTC obligations
- Registration/licensing procedures - Mandatory information on owners/operators which identifies beneficial owners & operators

- At sea inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
- In port inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
- Exchange information & coordinate activities among relevant national enforcement agencies relating to the verification of IOTC obligations

Describe : The Mandatory documents on board on vessels are monitored and controlled by Sea National Institute (INAMAR, IP), institution responsible to implement surveillance and port state measures, involving custom, immigration, health authorities. The tuna foreign fishing vessels/operators are required to submit AREP prior to entry into Mozambique designate port for prior assessment and decision . A team of inspectors is always assign to inspect tuna fishing vessels in port where all mandatory documents on board are verified. According to national legislation all tuna fishing vessels are required to report VMS sign to the FMC and also required fill and report catch data through logbooks which are mandatory. Observer program is conducted by Oceanography Institute of Mozambique (InOM, IP) following procedures under IOTC resolution. Mozambique hold national database to record all maintain national records of all vessels, owners, operators authorized to undertake fishing subject to Mozambique jurisdiction.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements
- Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
- Unusual situations, unexpected risks/hazards & potential/actual compliance incidents are identified by the national MCS scheme
- Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures
- Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing
- Sanction schemes prevent vessels from non-compliance behaviour & from engaging in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing
- Authority & capacity to conduct timely investigations of violations, including the establishment of the identity of the violators and the nature of the violations
- System of sanctions proportionate to the seriousness of the violation and adequate in severity to be effective in securing compliance and to discourage violations, and deprive offenders of benefits accruing from their illegal activities

Describe: The fisheries law and its regulations sets measures and sanctions to be apply in case of non-compliance. The sanctions include among others fishing license suspension, denies entry into port of suspected fishing vessels under port state measures, suspension of the fishing vessel master to fishing in Mozambique EEZ and forfeiture fishing gear.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Other sanctions (specify below)

Describe: All actions stated above are in according with the sanction scheme in the fishing law. Such sanctions are implemented through coordination with relevant competent authorities such as immigration, port authorities and others, involving maritime court.

3. All documents, valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship, were found to be on board national vessels inspected in 2024 ?

Reasons –

Reasons –

- YES - Complete - Implemented by :

For

- National legislation, obliges national vessels to carry on board authorisation to fish and/or tranship and certificate of vessel registration

National legislation with provision of documents onboard ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 11:52

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Lei n 22/2013, de 1 de Novembro

Decreto 89/2020, de 8 de Outubro

Comments/remarks about submission and implementation of this requirement:

NONE

Information required: Fishing vessels to be marked in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025**1. Did you implement the obligation ?**

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance, by persons/vessels, with the obligation for national vessel marking ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- MCS strategy, policy, plan implemented by enforcement Government agencies
- Maintain national records of all vessels & current beneficial owners/owners/operators authorized to undertake fishing subject to CPC jurisdiction
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
- Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies
- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
- National monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) & enforcement system in place with adequate assets, human resources & budget for implementation
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port
- Implemented according to FAO Voluntary Guidelines for Flag State Performance to effectively exercise jurisdiction and control over vessels flying my flag
- Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations
- System for planning/funding/undertaking MCS operations that maximize compliance by vessels /persons for IOTC obligations
- System & procedures to ensure that persons subject to CPC jurisdiction, including beneficial owners/owners/operators comply with IOTC obligations
- In port inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations

Describe : The marking of vessels is mandatory according to National Legislation (REPMAR). It include specification on size and height of letters/characters and placement in the fishing vessels. This information is monitored and controlled by government administration such as INAMAR,IP, Port Authorities, Fisheries Administration and others. The marking of vessels follows the standards stated under the FAO voluntary Guidelines for Flag State Performance to exercise jurisdiction and control over vessels

flying Mozambique vessels. This information is later recorded in the national database for reference and it is also used by the INAMAR, IP to verify compliance with obligation when conducting at sea inspection.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements
- Implementation of responses to non-compliance & infringements to ensure prompt control and remediation
- Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
- Unusual situations, unexpected risks/hazards & potential/actual compliance incidents are identified by the national MCS scheme
- Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures
- Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing
- Sanction schemes prevent vessels from non-compliance behaviour & from engaging in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing
- Maintain compliance/infringement records
- Authority & capacity to conduct timely investigations of violations, including the establishment of the identity of the violators and the nature of the violations
- Appropriate system for the acquisition, collection, preservation and maintenance of the integrity of evidence
- System of sanctions proportionate to the seriousness of the violation and adequate in severity to be effective in securing compliance and to discourage violations, and deprive offenders of benefits accruing from their illegal activities

Describe: The Law and its Regulation provide sanction scheme for non-compliance with this requirement. Implement corrective and preventive measures Mozambican Authorities conduct pre-fishing briefing prior to start fishing activities where the master of fishing vessels are briefed about the necessary requirement with the vessels marking. Analyse of infringement findings to identify opportunity to improve control are conducted by assessing pictures of the suspected vessels or by visiting fishing port in a daily working routine by fishing inspectors. The competent authorities is responsible to maintenance compliance and infringement record.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: The fishing law classified this as simple infringement (which does not have heavy sanction scheme).

3. All national fishing vessels are marked (e.i FAO Standard Specification for the Marking and Identification of Fishing vessels) ?

Reasons –

Reasons –

- YES - Complete - Implemented by :

4. National legislation obliges vessels to be marked with ?

–

National legislation with provision of documents onboard ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:06

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

MOZ - Marine Fisheries Regulations Decreto n.º 89 2020 - article 94

Comments/remarks about submission and implementation of this requirement ?

NONE

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO fishing vessel registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 .

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance, by persons/vessels, with the obligation to mark passive fishing gears ?

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe:

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

3. All passive fishing gears used by national fishing vessels are marked ?

Reasons -

Reasons -

4. National legislation obliges gears to be marked with ?

Other: -

National legislation with provision of gears marked ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 18:27

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

MOZ - Marine Fisheries Regulations Decreto n.º 89 2020 - article 89 & 90

Comments/remarks about submission and implementation of this requirement ?

NONE

Information required: Vessels to carry on board bound national fishing logbook with consecutively numbered pages in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025**1. Did you implement the obligation ?**

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures to monitor and to ensure persons/vessels compliance with the obligation for fishing vessels/persons to keep fishing national logbook on board, bound, with consecutively numbered pages and original kept on board at least 12 months ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- MCS strategy, policy, plan implemented by enforcement Government agencies
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
- Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies
- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port
- Implemented according to FAO Voluntary Guidelines for Flag State Performance to effectively exercise jurisdiction and control over vessels flying my flag
- Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations
- At sea inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
- In port inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
- Exchange information & coordinate activities among relevant national enforcement agencies relating to the verification of IOTC obligations

Describe : All fishing vessels must take on board and fill correctly the logbook. This information is verified during inspection at sea and in port.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
- Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures
- Sanction schemes prevent vessels from non-compliance behaviour & from engaging in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing
- Authority & capacity to conduct timely investigations of violations, including the establishment of the identity of the violators and the nature of the violations
- Appropriate system for the acquisition, collection, preservation and maintenance of the integrity of evidence
- System of sanctions proportionate to the seriousness of the violation and adequate in severity to be effective in securing compliance and to discourage violations, and deprive offenders of benefits accruing from their illegal activities

Describe: The Law and its Regulation provide sanction scheme for non-compliance with this requirement. Implement corrective and preventive measures Mozambican Authorities conduct pre-fishing briefing prior to start fishing activities where the master of fishing vessels are briefed among the necessary requirement with the main the logbook on board. Analyse of infringement findings to identify opportunity to improve control are conducted by assessing landings or by visiting fishing port in a daily working routine by fishing inspectors.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period

Describe: The fishing law classified this as simple infringement (which does not have heavy sanction scheme) according the number 1, line c) of article 106 of the Fishing Law

3. All national fishing logbooks were found to be bound on board national fishing vessels ?

Reasons: -

Reasons: -

- YES - Complete - The national legislation obliges national fishing vessels to carry on board national fishing logbooks

4. All national fishing logbooks were found to be on board with consecutively numbered pages ?:

Reasons: -

Reasons: -

- YES - Complete - The national legislation obliges national fishing vessels to carry on board national fishing logbooks, with consecutively numbered pages.

5. All national fishing logbook were found to be on board with the original recordings contained in the fishing logbooks for a period of at least 12 months ?

Reasons : -

Reasons : -

- YES - Complete - The national legislation obliges national fishing vessels to carry on board national fishing logbooks with original recordings contained in the fishing logbooks for a period of at least 12 months

National legislation with provision for: i) Logbooks to be carried onboard and bound? ii) Logbooks with consecutively numbered pages? iii) Logbooks with original recordings for at least 12 months on board ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:13

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Line e) of article 100 of the Fishing Law

Article 130, 132 and 133 on the Fishing Regulation.

Article 100 of the Fishing Law and article 130, 132 and 133 on the Fishing Regulation. These provision are also implemented through Terms and Condition for tuna licensing and ATF.

Resolution 15/01 On the recording of catch and effort data by fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence



Information required: Template of official fishing logbooks in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- 1 . NIL Report / Not Applicable - No vessels over 24 metres length overall and under 24 metres fishing outside the EEZs registered on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels

2. The information concerning the official fishing logbook has been updated/changed and submit the updated information:**4. CPCs with paper official fishing logbook:**

a. If paper fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description of the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

Additional information:

-

5. CPCs with electronic fishing logbook system:

a. The copy of the applicable regulations implementing the electronic logbook system is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

Additional information:

-

b. The set of screen captures of the electronic logbook system is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

Additional information:

-

c. The name of the certified software of the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

Additional information:

-

d. If electronic fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description of the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

Additional information:

-

Information required: Data recording system for vessels below 24m operating inside the EEZ in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025**1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?**

- YES - Submitted

2. The data/catch recording systems for vessels less than 24 metres of developing CPCs operating inside the EEZ is implemented at the standard of the Resolution 15/01:

Reasons: -

Reasons : -

The -

Information: -

Remarks: -

Remarks: -

Remarks: -

3. Implementation of the data recording system for coastal fisheries (EEZ), for which coastal fisheries/fishing gears, the system is implemented (since 2016):

Other types of coastal fisheries/fishing gears:

-

4. Describe your coastal data recording system for the fisheries/fishing gears checked above:

Other: -

Resolution 24/02 On management of drifting fish aggregating devices (FADs) In the IOTC Area of Competence – Marking of drifting fish aggregating devices



Obligation: DFADs to be marked in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation?

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels to mark DFADs?

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe: -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

2. All drifting Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels are marked?

Reasons: -

Number DFAD marked: -

Number DFAD marked: -

3. Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices (DFADs) marked with?

Format of the marking: -

4. Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels are marked, the national legislation obliges DFADs to be marked with?

DFAD marked provision in national legislation / ATF T&C ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

-

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 23/01 - On management of anchored fish aggregating devices (AFADs) – Marking of anchored fish aggregating devices.



Obligation: AFADs to be marked in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO AFADs fishery fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate in 2024 .

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels to only use AFADs permanently marked with a Unique National Identification (UNI) number : ?

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

2. All anchored Fish Aggregating Devices are marked ?

Reasons : -

Number of AFADs marked: -

Number of AFADs marked: -

3. Anchored Fish Aggregating Devices are marked, the national legislation obliges AFADs to be marked clearly and permanently with a Unique National Identification (UNI) number that identifies either the CPC or the vessel(s) that the AFAD belongs to ?

AFAD marked provision in national legislation / ATF T&C ?

No the –

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

–

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

2.6 Vessel Monitoring System

Resolution 15/03 On the vessel monitoring system (VMS) programme



Information required: Adoption of VMS for all vessels ≥ 24 m and < 24 m fishing on the high seas / VMS report on implementation and technical failure in 2023 - Deadline: 30/6/2024

1. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for persons/vessels to install & operate a satellite-based vessel monitoring system (VMS):

- YES - CPC has ONLY systems to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe : –

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: –

Adoption VMS for all vessels ≥ 24 m and < 24 m fishing high seas

2. The national satellite-based vessel monitoring system has been adopted by law:

- Yes – Adopted by law.

Year : 01/11/2013

Report on the progress of implementation of VMS

3. VMS Reporting - Report on the progress of implementation and technical failures ?

- NO - NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have vessel on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels in 2023

4. Total number of national vessels equipped with VMS ?

Vessels 24 m in length overall or above: –

Vessels less than 24 m operating outside the flag State EEZ: –

National Fisheries Monitoring Centre (FMC) exists?

- Yes

Technical failures recorded ?

- NO - No technical failures in 2023

number –

National legislation with provision of requirements/obligation under Resolution 15/03 ?

Yes the 15 March 2024 - 11:51

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Fishing Law, article 54

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Not fulfill with this obligation is a serious fishing infraction and the sanctions are stated on the Fishing Law, article 99 and 105, the established fine are between half the minimum salary up to 120 minimum salaries.

2.7 Transshipment

Resolution 24/05 On establishing a programme for transshipment by large-scale fishing vessels



Required information: List of authorised carrier vessels in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

2. Flagged LSTLVs have transhipped at sea ?

3. Mandatory information not fully provided or missing:

INTEGRATION E-MARIS - E-RAV

The below figures are automatically sourced from Mozambique reporting in the e-RAV as of 31 december.

Information required: Results of the investigation on possible infraction of IOTC regulations by LSTLVs/carrier vessels in 2024 - Deadline: 15/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

2. The reports on the results of investigation on possible infractions in 2024 have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat:

Reasons: –

Reasons : –

If YES:

- Number of possible infractions related to ATF: -
- Number of possible infractions related to VMS: -
- Number of possible infractions related to fishing logbook: -
- Number of possible infractions related to LSTLVs marking: -
- Total number of possible infractions in : -

Information required: ROP fee in 2024 - Deadline: 5/4/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

2. I have participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transshipment at sea in 2023/2024 ?

3. I have paid my ROP contribution for the ROP last call for fund ?

Reasons: -

Reasons : -

The -

Proof of ROP fee payment?

No the -

2.8 Compliance of flag vessels

Resolution 16/07 On the use of artificial lights to attract fish**Prohibition to: Use surface or submerged artificial lights to attract fish in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025**

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition i) from using/installing/operating surface/submerged artificial lights beyond territorial waters and ii) from intentionally conducting fishing activities around/near any vessel/DFAD equipped with artificial lights :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : [Prohibition to use artificial light in the tun fisheries, according to number 1 of article 42 of the Marine Fishing Regulation.](#)

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- [Established by national regulation implemented by Government](#)

Describe: [Prohibition to use artificial light in the tun fisheries, according to number 1 of article 42 of the Marine Fishing Regulation.](#)
Verified during inspection in port and at sea.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- [Prohibition of fishing for a determined period](#)
- [Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish](#)
- [Fine](#)

Describe: [Fine from half the minimum wage to one hundred and twenty minimum wages, confiscation of fishing gear and catches, prohibition of the captain from his professional activity for between 15 and 90 days.](#)

2. The use of submerged artificial lights for the purpose of aggregating tuna and tuna-like species beyond territorial waters ?

- [Is implemented \(ban\) by national legislation](#)

Since: [08/10/2020](#)

- [Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish \(ATF\) with force of law](#)

Since : [2017](#)

Reasons: -

Information :

[NONE](#)

Provision for [Prohibition to:](#) Use surface or submerged artificial lights to attract fish in national legislation / ATF T&C ?

[Yes the 21 January 2025 - 11:57](#)

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

[MOZ - Marine Fisheries Regulations Decreto n.º 89/2020](#)

[- Article 42, number 1](#)

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

[Please check Article 42, number 1 of the Marine Fisheries Regulation, implemented since 2020.](#)

Resolution 16/08 On the prohibition of the use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids



Prohibition to: Use aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- [YES - Implemented](#)

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition from using aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids:

- [YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements](#)

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
- National monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) & enforcement system in place with adequate assets, human resources & budget for implementation

Describe: Implemented through Terms and Condition (T&C) of the ATF and tuna fishing license. INAMAR is the national authority responsible to verify the implementation of this measure through patrol mission and port inspection.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: Non-compliance with this measure fall under simple infringement as stated in the fisheries law article 100 and sanctions include suspension of the fishing master and its professional activity for a period between 15 to 60 days.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period

Describe: Fishing master activity are suspended for a period between 15 to 60 days.

3. The use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids ?

Since: -

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2017

Reasons: -

Information :

NONE

Provision for Prohibition to: Use aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles - National legislation & ATF T&C ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:04

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF)

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

The T&C for ATF and tuna license implemented through line a) of the article 100 of the Fisheries Law.

Resolution 11/02 Prohibition of fishing on data buoys



Prohibition from: Intentionally fish within 1 nautical mile of or interact with data buoy in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition of fishing vessels from intentionally fishing/interacting with data buoy:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe: Vessels are not allowed to take on board data buoy through T&C for tuna licensing and ATF, masters are advised during pre-fishing briefing. Inspector verification through inspection in port, at sea and during landing.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: Non-compliance to this obligation is a simple infringement, according to the Fishing Law article 100 and sanctions are described on article 106 of the Fishing Law.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Fine

Describe: Fine from half minimum salary up to 80 minimum salaries and master are prohibited to operate any vessel in national waters from 15 up to 60 days.

3. Intentionally fishing within 1 nautical mile of or interacting with data buoy:

Since: -

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2012

Reasons: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

-

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit fishing vessels from intentionally fishing within one nautical mile of or interacting with a data buoy in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 11/02 (2) ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:07

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

T&C for tuna licensing and ATF updated in 2024 under article 100, line a) of the Fishing Law.

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

This provision is implemented through T&C for tuna licensing and ATF updated in 2024. The following Terms and Conditions for Tuna Fishing are compiled for foreign and national tuna fishing vessel masters that are licensed to fish in Mozambique's EEZ and also for national tuna fishing vessel masters authorized to fish outside Mozambique's EEZ. These conditions are an integral part of the Terms and Conditions of the license.

Mozambique, Maputo,

Prohibition from: Taking on board a data buoy in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition of fishing vessels to take onboard data buoy :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
- At sea inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
- In port inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations

Describe : Vessels are not allowed to take on board data buoy through T&C ATF, masters are advice during pre-fishing briefing. Inspector verification through inspection in port, at sea and during landing.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government

Describe: Non-compliance to this obligation is a simples infringements, according to the Fishing Law article 100 and sanctions are described on article 106 of the Fishing Law.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
- Fine

Describe: Fine from half minimum salary up to 80 minimum salaries and master are prohibited to operate any vessel in national waters from 15 up to 60 days.

3. Taking on board a data buoy:

Since –

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since 2012

Reasons –

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

NONE

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit fishing vessels from taking on board a data buoy while engaged in fishing for tuna and tuna-like species in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 11/02 (3) ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:09

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

T&C for tuna licensing and ATF updated in 2024.

Fishing Law, articles 100 and 106.

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

T&C for tuna licensing and ATF updated in 2024. The following Terms and Conditions for Tuna Fishing are compiled for foreign and national tuna fishing vessel masters that are licensed to fish in Mozambique's EEZ and also for national tuna fishing vessel masters authorized to fish outside Mozambique's EEZ. These conditions are an integral part of the Terms and Conditions of the license.

Resolution 23/06 On the conservation of cetaceans**Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a Cetacean in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025**

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a cetacean*:

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

3. The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a cetacean ?

Since -

Since -

Reasons -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

-

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit flagged fishing vessels from intentionally setting a purse seine net around a cetacean in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 23/06 (2) ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

-

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 13/05 On the conservation of whale sharks (*Rhincodon typus*)**Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a whale shark in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025**

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *Prohibition of intentionally setting purse seine net around a whale shark*:

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe: -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

3. The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a whale shark:

Since: -

Since: -

Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit flagged fishing vessels from intentionally setting a purse seine net around a whale shark in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 13/05 (2) ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

-

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of Mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC Area of Competence



Prohibition to: intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *Prohibition of intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays*:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : Implemented through Marine Fisheries Regulation and also T&C for tuna Licensing and ATF

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: Implemented by T&C for tuna Licensing and ATF and Marine Fisheries Regulation (REPMAR) article 146.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: Forfeiture of catches and fine from half minimum salary up to 80 minimum salaries.

3. The Prohibition of intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2014

Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit all flagged vessels from intentionally setting any gear type for targeted fishing of mobulid rays in the IOTC Area of Competence - Resolution 19/03 (2) ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:10

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Maritime fishing regulation, article 146, number 2, as well as, T&C for tuna licensing and ATF.

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

T&C for tuna licensing and ATF updated in 2024. The following Terms and Conditions for Tuna Fishing are compiled for foreign and national tuna fishing vessel masters that are licensed to fish in Mozambique's EEZ and also for national tuna fishing vessel masters authorized to fish outside Mozambique's EEZ. These conditions are an integral part of the Terms and Conditions of the license. Nevertheless this measure is implemented since 2014

Resolution 17/05 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC



Prohibition to: fin sharks in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *Prohibition of shark finning* :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
- National monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) & enforcement system in place with adequate assets, human resources & budget for implementation
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port
- In port inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations

Describe : The vessel request entry into port to the Competent Authority. Upon entry compliance is assessed during landing. During fishing activity compliance is assessed through fisheries surveillance at sea.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements
- Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing
- Maintain compliance/infringement records

Describe: Established in REPMAR, under article 146 the prohibition of landing sharks without fins attached. Implementation of preventive actions conducted through sensitization forum for best practices.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period

Describe: -

3. Sharks landed fresh: the removal of shark fins on board vessels, the landing, retention on-board, transshipment and carrying of shark fins which are not naturally attached to the shark carcass until the first point of landing:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2020

Reasons: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

-

4. Sharks landed frozen: CPCs that do not apply sub-paragraph 3 a) for all sharks shall require their vessels to not have on board fins that total more than 5% of the weight of sharks on board, up to the first point of landing:

Since: -

Since: -

Reasons: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

-

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for Prohibition of shark finning ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:33

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

T&C ATF and REPMAR, under article 146



Resolution 12/09 On the conservation of thresher sharks (family *Alopiidae*) caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence

Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae* in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?1. Avez-vous mis en œuvre l'obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of flag vessels with the prohibition from retaining on board, transhipping, landing, storing, selling or offering for sale any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae*:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : The prohibition is stated by REPMAR and Terms and Conditions. Implemented by the competent authority (INAMAR, IP) at the landing sites

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

Describe:

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish

Describe: In case of non-compliance sets as a sanctions the forfeiture of the catch and fishing gear.

3. Retaining on board, transhipping, landing, storing, selling or offering for sale any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae* ?

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2015

Raisons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for the prohibition from retaining on board, transhipping, landing, storing, selling or offering for sale any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae* ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 13:27

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

REPMAR, article 146, annex XIII, Fishing Law, article 99, line f) and ATF.

Resolution 13/06 On a scientific and management framework on the conservation of shark species caught in association with IOTC managed fisheries
Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell oceanic whitetip sharks in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025



1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Mozambique flag vessels with the prohibition on oceanic whitetip sharks :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : The prohibition is stated by REPMAR and Terms and Conditions. Implemented by the competent authority (INAMAR, IP) at the landing sites

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

Describe: Fishing Law article 105, line a)

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish

Describe: In case of non-compliance sets as a sanctions the forfeiture of the catch and fishing gear.

3. Retaining onboard, transhiping, landing or storing any part or whole carcass of oceanic whitetip sharks:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2015

Raisons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for prohibition on oceanic whitetip sharks ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 18:39

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

REPMAR, article 146, annex XIII, Fishing Law, article 99, line f) and ATF.

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

NONE

Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence



Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store mobulid rays in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Mozambique flag vessels with the prohibition of retaining onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : The prohibition is stated by REPMAR and Terms and Conditions. Implemented by the competent authority (INAMAR, IP) at the landing sites

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

Describe: Fishing Law article 105, line a)

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish

Describe: In case of non-compliance sets as a sanctions the forfeiture of the catch and fishing gear.

3. Retaining onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2020

Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for the prohibition of retaining onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 13:29

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

REPMAR, article 146, annex XIII, Fishing Law, article 99, line f) and ATF.

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

NONE

Prohibition to: gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025**1. Did you implement the obligation ?**

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Mozambique flag vessels with:

- The prohibition to gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays
- The obligation to release alive, implement of live release handling procedures of mobulid rays
- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe: The prohibition is stated by REPMAR and Terms and Conditions. Implemented by the competent authority (INAMAR, IP) at the landing sites

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

Describe: Fishing Law article 105, line a)

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: In case of non-compliance sets as a sanctions the forfeiture of the catch and fishing gear.

3. Gaffing, lifting by the gill slits/spiracles, punching holes through the bodies of mobulid rays:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2020

Reasons: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation:

NONE

4. The obligation to release alive, implement live release handling procedures of mobulid rays:

- Is required by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2020

Reasons: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation:

NONE

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision on :

- **The prohibition to gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays**
- **The obligation to release alive, implement of live release handling procedures of mobulid rays ?**

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 13:29

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

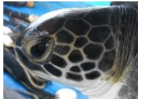
REPMAR, article 146, annex XIII, Fishing Law, article 99, line f) and ATF.

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

NONE

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles

Obligation: Longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025



1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has no longline vessels on the IOTC Record of authorised Vessels in 2024

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Mozambique longline vessels with the obligation to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board:

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

3. The obligation for all Mozambique flag longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board:

Since: -

Since: -

Reasons: -

Additional legislation, regulations and ATF T&C With provision on the obligation for compliance with line cutters and de-hookers on board ?

Obligation: Purse seine vessels to carry on board dip nets in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance by all Mozambique flag purse seine vessels to carry and employ dip nets on board:

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

2. The obligation for all Mozambique flag purse seine vessels to carry and employ dip nets on board:

Since: -

Since: -

Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision of the obligation Purse seine vessels to carry on board dip nets ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

-

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

-

Resolution 23/07 On reducing the incidental bycatch of seabirds in longline fisheries



Obligation: Longline vessels to use mitigation measures south of 25°S in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has no longline vessel operating in the IOTC Area of Competence - no longline vessel on the IOTC Record of authorised Vessels (RAV) and no longline vessels <24 operating in EEZ - in 2024
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has no longline vessel operating south of 25°S in 2024

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation, for all longline vessels and persons, to use at least two of the three mitigation measures ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : This measure is implemented through the inspection of the vessel before the issuance of the license, to make sure the vessel use for instance, tore line.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

3. The obligation for all longline vessels to use at least two of the three mitigation measures ?

Since: -

Since: -

Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

-

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

-

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes:



Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish

Prohibition to: Retain on board, tranship, land, striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin, indo-pacific sailfish smaller than 60 cm lower jaw fork length in 2024 -

Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of flag vessels with the prohibition to retain on board, tranship, land, any Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin, and Indo-pacific Sailfish smaller than 60 cm Lower Jaw Fork Length:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

-

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish

Describe: -

3. The prohibition to retain on board, tranship, land, any Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin, and Indo-pacific Sailfish smaller than 60 cm Lower Jaw Fork Length:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 08/10/2020

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2019

Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for Prohibition to: Retain on board, tranship, land, striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin, indo-pacific sailfish smaller than 60 cm lower jaw fork length ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:36

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Article 143 of REPMAR

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

Article 143 of REPMAR, as well as, T&C for tuna licensing and ATF

2.9 Regional Observer Scheme

Resolution 22/04 On a Regional observer scheme



Obligation: Mandatory 5% observer coverage at sea (all vessels) in 2023 - Deadline: 17/11/2024

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- 1. NIL Report / Not Applicable - No fishing vessel of 24 meters length overall and above in the Record of authorised vessels or active in 2023
-

2. NIL Report / Not Applicable - No fishing vessel under 24 meters operating outside the EEZ in the Record of authorised vessels or active in 2023

2. A system or procedures exist to implement the at sea observer scheme, and the binding obligation of minimum observer coverage of 5% as defined by the number of operations/sets ?

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

Describe : -

Any documents on system/procedures ?

No the -

3. The number of vessels monitored and the coverage achieved by gear type, have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat & the IOTC Scientific Committee ?

If coverage is below 5 %, please explain and provide additional information ?

-

Type of fishing gear	No of fishing vessels observed/monitored	Fishing effort observed/monitored	Coverage in (%)	Secretariat estimated coverage
Purse seine	-	-	-	-
Longline	-	-	-	-
Gillnet	-	-	-	-
Pol & Line	-	-	-	-
Handline	-	-	-	-
Other fishing gear -	-	-	-	-

Report - number of vessels monitored & coverage achieved by gear type for the observer programme at sea ?

No the -

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement:

-

National legislation with provisions to implement the at sea observer programme, and to implement the minimum coverage of 5% for observer programme at sea ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

REPMAR, article 142

Information required: Mandatory 5% coverage of artisanal landings in 2023 - Deadline: 17/11/2024**1. Did you implement the obligation ?**

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to implement the coastal sampling scheme (monitoring coastal fishing vessels landings), and the binding obligation of minimum coverage of 5% of the total levels of vessel activity (i.e. total number of vessel trips or total number of active vessels) ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to implement this binding obligation ?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : Mozambique has not dedicated artisanal fleet targeting primarily on IOTC species. However there is a system in place to monitor catches at landing places by field samplers (SNAPA-National System for Sampling of Artisanal Fisheries). Mozambique had identified the northern part of the country (Cabo Delgado province and northern part of Nampula province) as specific area with some significant catch tuna species by artisanal fishing vessels and started special program few years ago dedicated to improve the data collection and report IOTC species in those areas. However the this special program is being significantly impacted by the effect of insecurity caused by insurgents groups.

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

Describe : -

Any documents on system/procedures ?

No the -

3. The coverage is at least 5 % of artisanal fishing vessels landings for all fishing gears ?

- Coverage is = or > 5 % (all fishing gear/artisanal fishing vessels)

If coverage is below 5 %, please explain and provide additional information ?

-

Sampling schemes (coastal/artisanal vessel landings):

Type of fishing gear	Total number of vessel trips sampled	Total number of active vessels	Coverage achieved in (%)	Secretariat coverage estimated in (%)
Coastal purse seine	-	-	-	-
Coastal longline	-	-	-	-
Coastal Gillnet	-	-	-	-
Coastal Pol-and-Line	-	-	-	-
Coastal Handline	-	-	-	-
Coastal Line Trolling	-	-	-	-
Coastal Beach seine	-	-	-	-
Coastal Encircling gillnet	-	-	-	-
Coastal Ring net	-	-	-	-
Other fishing gear (Trawl etc...)	-	-	-	-

Report - number of vessels monitored & coverage achieved by gear type for sampling scheme coastal fisheries ?

No the -

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

National legislation with provision to implement the coastal sampling scheme (monitoring coastal fishing vessels landings), and to implement the minimum coverage of 5% for the coastal sampling scheme ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 19:37

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

REPMAR article 130

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- 1 . NIL Report / Not Applicable - No fishing vessels of 24 meters length overall and above in the Record of authorised vessels or active in 2023

2. All observer reports have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat:

- Total of vessel trips observed by fishing gear: - - Total number of observer reports provided by fishing gear: -
- Total of vessel trips observed by fishing gear: - - Total number of observer reports provided by fishing gear: -

Reasons: -

3. Observer reports submitted ?

No the -

2.10 Bigeye tuna Statistical Document Programme

Resolution 01/06 Concerning the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme

Information required: 1st Semester 2024 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna -

Deadline: 1/10/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC did not import frozen bigeye tunas during the 1st semester 2024

2. A system for monitoring import, export, re-export of frozen BET exists:**3. Frozen Bigeye tuna were imported in the 1st semester 2024:**

Total quantity of frozen bigeye tunas imported in the 1st semester (kg): -
Specify from which country' vessels the frozen bigeye tuna were imported:

If country not in the list above, provide: -

1st semester import report submitted?

No the -

Information required: 2nd Semester 2023 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna - **Deadline:** 1/4/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC did not import frozen bigeye tunas during the 2nd semester 2023

2. Frozen Bigeye tuna were imported in the 2nd semester 2023:

- NO – NIL report/not applicable, no frozen bigeye tuna were imported in the 2nd semester 2023

Total quantity of frozen bigeye tunas imported in the 2nd semester (kg): –
Specify from which country' vessels the frozen bigeye tuna were imported:

Other Country?

–

2nd semester import report submitted ?

No the –

Information required: information on validation of statistical documents - national authorities and authorized officers in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No vessel on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024

2. A system for validating export and re-export of frozen bigeye tunas exists:**3. The Information on validation of statistical documents, the National authorities and authorized officers, is reported/updated in 2024 ?**2.1 REPORTING ON NEW INSTITUTIONS AND/OR NEW OFFICERS2.2 REPORTING ON INSTITUTION AND/OR OFFICER NOT ANYMORE AUTHORISED2.3 REPORTING ON CHANGE OF SEAL INSTITUTION**Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?**

–

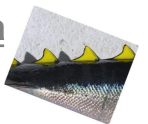
2.11 Interim plan for rebuilding the Yellowfin tuna stock

Resolution 21/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Information required: Purse seiners served by supply vessels in 2025 - Deadline: 1/1/2025

Objections received:

- Not applicable to India: Resolution 18/01 remains binding.
- Not applicable Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia: Resolution 19/01 remains binding.



1. Did you implement the obligation ?

2. CPC has purse seiners (PS) / supply vessels (SP) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels?

3. The information on purse seiners served by each supply vessel is provided to the Secretariat ?

No the –

Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Information required: Purse seiners served by supply vessels in 2025 - Deadline: 1/1/2025

Objection received from India: not applicable to India. Resolution 18/01 remains binding on India. Resolution 19/01 remains binding on Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia. Resolution 19/01 entered into force on 28/12/2019

APPLIES ONLY TO INDONESIA, THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN, MADAGASCAR, OMAN AND SOMALIA

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

2. CPC has purse seiners (PS) / supply vessels (SP) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels ?

3. The information on purse seiners served by each supply vessel is provided to the Secretariat ?

No the –

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 2 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None

Section 3 – Control by IOTC coastal States of activities of foreign vessels involved in IOTC fishery

3.1 Port inspection programme

Resolution 05/03 Relating to the establishment of an IOTC programme of inspection in port



Information required: List of foreign vessels landings in 2023 - Deadline: 1/7/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No landing of IOTC Species by foreign fishing vessels in my ports in 2023

2. The list of foreign fishing vessels which have landed in 2023 and the details of catch composition submitted to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- NO – No landing of IOTC Species in my ports in 2023

Report on the list of foreign vessels & the quantities landed in your ports submitted ?

No the –

Resolution 16/11 On Port State measures to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing



Information required: List of designated ports, Designated competent Authority, Prior notification periods in each port State CPC in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding reporting obligation ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
- Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies

- National monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) & enforcement system in place with adequate assets, human resources & budget for implementation
- Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations

Describe : Mozambique ratified the FAO Port State Measure Agreement and there being implemented by the competent authority (INAMAR,IP), through the current resolution and implementation of the e-PSM. Mozambique designated three ports for foreign tun fishing vessels, namely Maputo, Beira and Nacala.

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe : This measure is implemented through REPMAR. For each foreign fishing vessel an AREP is required prior to entry into port for any purpose. INAMAR also conduct inspections of fishing vessels at sea or in port.

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe : -

3. The list of designated ports have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat?

4. The list of designated ports has been updated/changed in 2024 and we submit the updated information on the designated ports for:

4.1. NEW DESIGNATED PORTS

4.2. UPDATE OF ALREADY DESIGNATED PORTS

4.3. PORTS NOT ANY MORE DESIGNATED

5. CPC ports where foreign vessels can request entry are designated by national legislation ?

National legislation with provision for designation of port, designated competent authority, prior notification periods ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 11:53

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement?

Fisheries Law, line a) of the article 100 and article 106. Implemented also through T&C for ATF and fishing license.

The T&C stated

7. Designated Fishing Ports:

Maputo, Beira and Nacala Ports are the only ports designated for foreign fishing vessel access and fishing operations (Pre-fishing briefings, landing, transshipment, repairs and supplies) under the terms and conditions of pre-notification in the PSMA, except for force majeure where the vessel master must contact Mozambique fisheries authorities (National Institute of the Sea – INAMAR, IP) immediately of the situation and intended port of call.

Information required: Port inspection reports AND Report of vessels engaged in IUU fishing following an inspection in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. Number of calls made by foreign vessels ?

- Fishing vessels: 4 - Source e-PSM: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Supply vessels: 0 - Source e-PSM: -

3. Number of foreign vessels denied entry into CPC port(s) ?

- Fishing vessels: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Supply vessels: 0 - Source e-PSM: -

4. Number of foreign vessels denied use of CPC port(s) ?

- Fishing vessels: 0
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
- Supply vessels: 0

5. Number of foreign vessels inspected ?

- Fishing vessels: 4
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
- Supply vessels: 0

6. Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-PSM to the Secretariat ?

- Fishing vessels: 3 - Source e-PSM: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Supply vessels: 0 - Source e-PSM: -

7. Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-mail to the Secretariat ?

- Fishing vessels: 0
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
- Supply vessels: 0

PIRs submitted: No the -

8. Number of cases brought against foreign vessels for undermining the coastal CPCs Fisheries Law and/or Fisheries Regulations ?

- Fishing vessels: 0
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
- Supply vessels: 0

9. Number of cases reported to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- Fishing vessels: 0
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: 0
- Supply vessels: 0

10. There was clear grounds for believing that vessel(s) has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities following an inspection in port ?

- NO - NO CLEAR GROUND for believing that vessels have engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities following an inspection in port

11. Following an inspection, we have communicated the findings to ?

: -
 : -
 : -
 : -
 : - :

- e-PSM vessel file: -

Information required: at least 5% inspection of LAN or TRX in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No call in port for the purpose of landing/transshipment in 2024

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding obligation of monitoring/inspection of 5% of landings/transshipments of foreign vessels ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

Describe : -

3. Number of foreign vessels callings in port(s) for the purpose of :

- Landing: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Transshipment: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Landing & transshipment: - - Source e-PSM: -

4. Number of foreign vessels offloading monitored into your port(s) for:

- Landing: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Transshipment: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Landing & transshipment: - - Source e-PSM: -

Have you monitored at least 5 % of the offloading?

Coverage of offloadings inspected / monitored : - - Source e-PSM: -

Landing/transshipment monitoring forms submitted ?

No the –

5. The monitoring of landing and transshipment is implemented/conducted by:

-
- : –
- : –
- : –
- : –

Information required: Report on denial of entry into port in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding obligation - to deny entry in port for foreign vessels ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : This measure is implemented by the competent authority (INAMAR) based on assessment of the AREP submitted through e-PSM.

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe : The measure is implemented through REPMAR article 142. The INAMAR conduct inspection in port and at sea, as well as, control the use of any port designated .

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish

Describe : –

3. Foreign vessels were denied entry into CPC port(s) in 2024 ?

- NO - NIL report - Foreign vessels were NOT denied entry into ports.

4. Number of foreign vessels denied entry into CPC port(s) in 2024 ?

5. Reason(s) for denial of entry into port(s) ?

Specify Date:

6. The denial of entry in port for foreign vessels requesting entry in ports is established/required by national legislation:

- YES - Denial of entry in port is established/required by national legislation.

National legislation ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 11:56

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

—

Information required: Report on denial of use of port AND report on withdrawal of a denial of use of port in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding reporting obligation - to deny use of port ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : This measure is implemented by the competent authority (INAMAR) based on analyse of risk assessment

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe : The measure is implemented through REPMAR article 142. The INAMAR conduct inspection in port and at sea, as well as, control the use of any port designated .

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish

Describe : —

3. Foreign vessels were denied use of port(s) in 2024 ?

If YES, the denials of use were withdrawn ?

4. Number of foreign vessels denied use of ports in 2024 ?**Additional information - specify reason(s) for denial of use of port ?**

—

5. The denial of use and/or the withdrawal was communicated to ?

Flag:

Country:

Date: -

:

:

6. The denial of use of port and withdrawal for foreign vessels requesting entry in ports are established/required by national legislation:**National legislation submitted ?**

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 12:00

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement?Fishing Law article 104,
REPMAR article 120 and 124.

3.2 Foreign vessels licensed

Resolution 14/05 Concerning a record of licensed foreign vessels fishing for IOTC species in the IOTC area of competence and access agreement information**Information required: list of foreign vessels licensed in EEZ in 2024 - Deadline: 15/2/2025****1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?**

- YES - Submitted

2. Foreign vessels were licensed in 2024 ?

- YES - Foreign flag vessels licensed to fish in EEZ.

3. The list of licensed foreign fishing vessels (in 2024) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat ?

Reasons: -

No vessels missing: -

- YES Complete

No Vessels issued licenses: 11

Specify to which foreign vessels flag country you have issued license:

- Taiwan, Province of China
- Seychelles
- Korea_Republic_of

- Japan

4. All the mandatory information is provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all foreign fishing vessels licensed by Mozambique in 2024?

- YES – Complete

5. Number of licenses issued to foreign fishing vessels in 2024 ?

Foreign fishing vessels ≥ 24m:

- Number of licenses issued: null
- Number of vessels: 11

Foreign fishing vessels < 24m:

- Number of licenses issued: -
- Number of vessels: -

Information required: foreign vessels denied a license in 2024 - Deadline: 15/2/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. Foreign vessels were denied a license in 2024 ?

- NO - Foreign vessels were NOT denied license following application for license to fish in EEZ.

3. Number of licenses denied to foreign fishing vessels ?

Foreign fishing vessels ≥ 24m:

- Number of licenses denied: -

Foreign fishing vessels < 24m:

- Number of licenses denied: -

Information required: Official coastal State fishing License in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. The template of the official coastal State fishing License with information required concerning these licenses submitted to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- Yes – Complete

If No or Partially, please specify the reasons; if Yes or Partially, specify the date of last declaration:

-

3. The information concerning the official coastal State fishing License has been updated/changed and we submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat ?

Template official coastal State fishing license submitted?

No the -

4. All the mandatory information on official coastal State fishing License have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat ?

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 3 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None

Section 4 – Responsibility of all CPCs

4.1 Control of nationals

Resolution 24/09 To promote compliance by nationals of contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties with IOTC conservation and management measures



Information required: Compliance by nationals at previous session in 2024

1 - Vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at the previous session of the Commission with natural or legal persons under my jurisdiction?

- **NO - No vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at previous sessions of the Commission.**

Consult the Implementation Report for more information

.....

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 4 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None

Section 5 – Flag State Controls (Data)

Mandatory statistical reporting requirements for IOTC CPCs - All Mandatory statistical requirements - Flag State CPCs in 2023 - Deadline: 30/6/2024

Resolution 18/07 on Measures Applicable in Case of Non-Fulfilment of Reporting Obligations in the IOTC.

Information required: Zero Catch Matrix (Species presence in the catch)

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) the zero catches matrix data for the following species?
IOTC SPECIES:

- YES - Complete for all IOTC fisheries for IOTC SPECIES

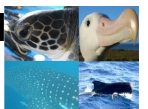
SHARK SPECIES:

- YES - Complete for IOTC fisheries for SHARKS SPECIES.

Data forms submitted ? Yes the 30 June 2024 - 23:03

Comments/remarks about submission zero catches matrix data - ALL FISHERIES, and the implementation of this requirement ?

Resolution 12/04 13/05 23/06 23/07 – Interactions with Endangered, Threatened and Protected species (ETP) – Surface & Longline fisheries



Information required: Interactions with Endangered, Threatened and Protected (ETP) species – Surface & Longline Fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Interactions with ETP species for the following species ?

1.1 For interactions ETP species - Surface fisheries

- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with marine turtles reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with seabirds reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with whale sharks reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interaction with marine turtles reported by flag vessels through observers in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interaction with seabirds, reported by flag vessels through observers in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interaction with whale sharks, reported by flag vessels through observers in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interaction with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through observers in 2023.

for

1.2 For interactions ETP species - Longline fisheries

- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with seabirds reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with marine turtles reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with whale sharks reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with cetaceans reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interactions with marine turtles reported by longline flag vessels through observers in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interactions with seabirds reported by longline flag vessels through observers in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interactions with whale sharks reported by longline flag vessels through observers in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interactions with cetaceans reported by longline flag vessels through observers in 2023.

for

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 15/02 – Nominal catches / Retained catches – All Fisheries



Information required: Annual retained catches on board – Coastal/surface/longline fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) annual retained catches for the following species ?

1.1 For annual retained catches onboard - Coastal fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears for IOTC SPECIES

- For :

SHARK SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears for SHARKS SPECIES

- For

1.2 For annual retained catches onboard - Surface fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all surface fisheries (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) and all fishing gears (PS/PoL/GN/HL&TL) for IOTC SPECIES

- For

SHARK SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all surface fisheries (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) and all fishing gears (PS/PoL/GN/HL&TL) for SHARK SPECIES

- Pour

1.3 For Retained catches onboard - Longline fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all longline fisheries (LL) and all fishing gears (LL) for IOTC SPECIES

- For

SHARK SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all longline fisheries (LL) and all fishing gears (LL) for SHARKS SPECIES

- For

Data forms submitted ? Yes the 30 June 2024 - 23:11

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 15/02 – Nominal catches / Discarded catches – All Fisheries



Information required: Catch discarded – IOTC species, sharks, turtles, seabirds, cetaceans, whale sharks, mobulids - All fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) discarded catches data for the following species ?

IOTC SPECIES :

- NO (Explain the reasons in the free text box comments/remarks, below)

- For :

SHARK SPECIES :

- For

MARINE TURTLE SPECIES :

- Nil Report for observers - No interactions with marine turtles reported by flag vessels through observers in 2023

- For

SEABIRDS SPECIES :

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with seabirds reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023 .

- For

CETACEANS SPECIES :

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023

- For

WHALE SHARK:

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with whale sharks reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023

MOBULID :

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with mobulid rays reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023

- For

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 15/02 – Catch and Effort Geo-referenced – All Fisheries



Information required: Catch and effort – Coastal/surface/longline Fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Catch and Effort data for the following species/fisheries ?

1.1 Catch and Effort Geo-referenced - Coastal fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears for IOTC SPECIES

- For :

SHARK SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears for IOTC SPECIES

- For :

1.2 Catch and Effort Geo-referenced - Surface fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all surface fisheries (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) and all fishing gears (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) for IOTC SPECIES

- For

SHARK SPECIES :

- YES - Complete for all surface fisheries (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) and all fishing gears (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) for SHARK SPECIES

- For

1.3 Catch and Effort Geo-referenced - Longline fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

- For

SHARK SPECIES :

- For

Information required: FAD – Days at sea (Effort) by support vessels

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Catch and Effort data for the following species/fisheries ?

1.4 FAD – Days at sea (Effort) by supply vessels

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - Only engaged in transshipment activities involving carrier vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023

Number of supply vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 ?

–

Data forms submitted ? Yes the 30 June 2024 - 23:05

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 15/02 – Size frequencies Geo-referenced – All Fisheries



Information required: Size Frequencies Geo-referenced – Coastal/surface/longline fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Size Frequencies data for the following species/fisheries ?

1.1 Size Frequency Geo-referenced - Coastal fisheries

IOTC SPECIES

- For

SHARKS SPECIES

- YES - Complete for all coastal fisheries and all fishing gears for SHARKS SPECIES

- For

1.2 Size frequency Geo-referenced - Surface fisheries

IOTC SPECIES

- YES - Complete for all surface fisheries (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) for IOTC SPECIES

- For

SHARKS SPECIES

- YES - Complete for all surface fisheries (PS/PL/GN/HL&TL) for SHARK SPECIES

- For

1.3 Size frequency geo-referenced - Longline fisheries

IOTC SPECIES

- YES - Complete for all longline fisheries (LL) for IOTC SPECIES

- For

SHARKS SPECIES

- YES - Complete for all longline fisheries (LL) for SHARKS SPECIES

- For

Data forms submitted ? **Yes** the 30 June 2024 - 23:12

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 19/02 – FAD – Set on DFAD by type - Drifting floating objects (DFOB) related activities



Information required: Drifting floating objects (DFOB) related activities (FADs set by type)

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) FAD – Drifting floating objects (DFOB) related activities (FADs set by type) ?

Number of support vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023 ? -

Data forms submitted ? **No** the -

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 15/02 – FAD – Number & characteristics of supply vessels



Information required: Number & characteristics of support vessel

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Number & characteristics of support vessels data ?

Number of support vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023 ? -

Data forms submitted ? **No** the -

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 23-01 - Anchored Fish Aggregating Devices (AFADs) - AFAD related activities



Information required: Data collection for AFADs

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) AFAD related activities data ?

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No vessel on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023 .

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 19/02 – Number of active FADs



Information required: Number of active FADs at any one time (from November 2023 to October 2024)

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Fish Aggregating Devices for the requirement Number of active FADs at any one date for the month of ?

Number of purse seine vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 ? –

Number of supply vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 ? –

Months submitted ?

Data forms submitted? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

VOLUNTARY

UN Fish Stocks Agreement (UNFSA) - Fishing Craft Statistics

Information required: Fishing Craft Statistics

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) the fishing craft statistics ?

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No vessel active in the IOTC Area of Competence in 2023

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

VOLUNTARY
Articles V of the IOTC Agreement - Fish prices

Information required: Fish prices

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) the fish prices ?

- NO (Explain the reasons in the free text box comments/remarks, below)

Data forms submitted ? No the -

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

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Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 5 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None