

Rules of Procedures 2023 - Appendix V

Compliance Questionnaire for the year 2024 (CoC22)

Deadline for submission: 23/1/2025

READING NOTES:

- The questionnaire is composed of 5 sections reporting on the implementation of IOTC Resolutions.
- Answers provided by CPCs are presented in **blue text**.
- A red dash ("–") indicates that no answer was provided.
- Some requirements have submission(s) deadline post CQ submission date. At the time of submission of the CQ, they may have not been submitted as individual requirement and they will appear blank in the CQ. However, the assessment will be available in the Compliance Report CoC22.

All sections/questions applicable of the Compliance Questionnaire (CQ) Report must be completed.

Consult the Assessment criteria at the end of the Compliance Questionnaire report (For C, P/C, NC1, NC2).

Reporting CPC: Oman

Date of submission: 22 January 2025 - 22:39

You can consult your previous Compliance questionnaire for CoC 21 in e-MARIS Campaign CoC21 Assessment.

User Manual

[e-MarIs Quick Start series: e-MARIS REPORTS: Compliance Questionnaire](#)

Section 1 – Implementation obligations

1.1 Scientific committee



Report of the Scientific Committee SC04 – National scientific report

Information required: National Scientific Report in 2023 - Deadline: 17/11/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. The 2024 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2024 provided to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- YES - CPC scientific report is submitted
in 16/11/2024

3. The 2024 national scientific report for the annual session of the Scientific Committee in 2024 completed using the latest template report as directed by the Circular ?

- YES - It is completed using the latest template report

National scientific report ?

Yes 16 November 2024 - 23:02

Comments/remarks about the submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 1 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None

Section 2 – Flag State Controls

2.1 Authorised vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence



Information required: List of authorised vessels 24 metres in length overall or more in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

YES - Submitted

2. A list of authorised vessels exists - vessels 24 metres in length overall or more ?

- YES

3. All the mandatory information have been provided in the e-RAV application for all authorized vessels 24 metres in length overall or more ?

- YES – Complete

4. Mandatory information not fully provided or missing:

<u>Mandatory parameter</u>	<u>Number of field(s) missing</u>
Name of vessel	0
IMO number	0
National register number or EU registration (CFR) number	0
International radio call sign	0
Port of Registration	0
Type of vessel	0
Length overall (m)	0
Gross tonnage (GT)	0

Total volume of fish hold(s) (in m3)	0
Name of owner(s)	0
Address of owner(s)	0
Name of operator(s)	0
Address of operator(s)	0
Name of beneficial owner(s)	0
Address of beneficial owner(s)	0
Name of company operating the vessel	0
Address of company operating the vessel	0
Company registration number	0
Gear(s) used	0
Time period(s) authorised for fishing and/or tranship- ping - FROM	0
Time period(s) authorised for fishing and/or tranship- ping - TO	0
Colour photographs of the vessel showing the star- board side of the vessel showing the whole structure	0
Colour photographs of the vessel showing the port- side of the vessel showing the whole structure	0
	0

Colour photographs of the vessel showing the bow of the vessel

Specify the reasons for not fully provided or missing requirement:

-

5. Vessels on the Record of Authorized Vessels in 2024 :

INTEGRATION E-MARIS - E-RAV

The below figures are automatically sourced from Oman reporting in the e-RAV 2024

The fields are restricted to the e-RAV - Integration.

Number of vessels ≥ 24 m
on the record of authorized vessel:

7

Number of vessels < 24 m
on the record of authorized vessel :

0

Information required: Template of the official authorisation to fish outside national jurisdictions in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. National flag vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels are issued authorisations to fish (ATF) outside National Jurisdiction for species managed by the IOTC:

- YES - National flag vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels are issued authorisations to fish (ATF) outside National Jurisdiction - both for high sea and for EEZs of other countries only

3. The template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions, with associated information required, has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

- Reasons: -

- Reasons: -

- YES - Complete

Last date reporting: 22\1\2025

4. The information concerning the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions has been updated/changed in 2024 and we submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat:

- NO - No update to report in 2024

5. All the mandatory information on the template of the official authorisation to fish outside National Jurisdictions have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat:

- YES - Complete

Mandatory information are not fully provided or missing :

- Reasons: -

2.2 Chartering agreements

Resolution 19/07 On Vessel Chartering in the IOTC Area of Competence



Information required: Start, suspension, resumption and termination of the fishing operations under the chartering agreement in 2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No chartered vessel and no chartering agreement in 2024

2. Reporting on start, suspension, resumption and termination of charter agreements signed in 2024 :

- Nil report - No chartered vessels and no chartering agreement in 2024

Charter 1

CPC involved: -

Start date: -

Suspension date FROM: - - Suspension date TO: -

Resumption: - - Termination date: -

Charter 2

CPC involved: -

Start date: -

Suspension date FROM: - - Suspension date TO: -

Resumption: - - Termination date: -

Information required: Information on the particulars of the charter agreements and detail of vessels (chartering CP) in 2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NNIL Report / Not Applicable - No chartered vessel and no chartering agreement in 2024

2. You have chartering agreements signed in 2024 ?

- Nil report - No chartered vessels and no chartering agreement in 2024

3. The information of the charter agreements signed in 2024 , (as Chartering CP) reported to the IOTC Secretariat ? -

4. The information of the charter agreements signed in 2024 is reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement ? -

Date of signature of the agreement(s): -

Date of commencement of fishing: -

Date of reporting: -

5. Chartering agreements have been signed with the following countries ?

-

6. For the chartered vessel(s) in 2024 under the charter agreement(s) :

Number of charter agreements ? -

Number of charter vessels ? -

Information required: Consent, measures, agreement implementation of IOTC CMMs (flag CPC) in 2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No chartered vessel and no chartering agreement as flag CPC in 2024

2. The information of the charter agreements signed (as Flag CP) reported to the IOTC Secretariat ? -

-

3. The information of the charter agreements signed is reported within 15 days, or, in any case, prior to 72 hours before commencement of fishing activities under a Charter agreement ?

-

Date of signature of the agreement(s) ? -

Date of commencement of fishing ? -

Date of reporting ? -

4. Chartering agreements signed with the following countries ?

-

5. For the chartered vessel(s) under the charter agreement(s):

Number of charter agreements ? -

Number of charter vessels ? -

2.3 Active vessels

Resolution 10/08 Concerning a Record of Active Vessels Fishing for Tunas and Swordfish in the IOTC Area



Information required: List of active vessels in 2024 - Deadline: 15/2/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

-

2. List of vessels active provided to the IOTC Secretariat ? -

What criteria/information you are using to establish the List of Active Vessels? -

The List of Active Vessels includes the following categories of vessels ? -

3. For national vessels - number of active vessels ?

Number of active vessels \geq 24m: -

Number of active vessels $<$ 24m: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation:

-

2.4 List of vessels fishing for yellowfin tuna

Resolution 21/01 on an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence



2.5 Control of domestic vessels

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence



Information required: Vessels to carry on board authorisation to fish and/or tranship and certificate of vessel registration in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship to be on board national vessels:

- YES - CPC has systems / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- Maintain national records of all vessels & current beneficial owners/owners/operators authorized to undertake fishing subject to CPC jurisdiction

- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: -

3. All documents, valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship, were found to be on board national vessels inspected in 2024 ?

- Reasons -
- Reasons -

- YES - Complete - Implemented by :

For

- National legislation, obliges national vessels to carry on board authorisation to fish and/or tranship and certificate of vessel registration
- Authorisation to Fish (ATF) outside national jurisdictions, obliges national vessels to carry on board authorisation to fish and/or tranship and certificate of vessel registration

-

National legislation with provision of documents onboard ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 21:29

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

[Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions Art 15](#)

Comments/remarks about submission and implementation of this requirement:

-

Information required: Fishing vessels to be marked in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance, by persons/vessels, with the obligation for national vessel marking ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
- Implemented according to FAO Voluntary Guidelines for Flag State Performance to effectively exercise jurisdiction and control over vessels flying my flag
- Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: -

3. All national fishing vessels are marked (e.i FAO Standard Specification for the Marking and Identification of Fishing vessels) ?

- Reasons -
- Reasons -

- YES - Complete - Implemented by :

4. National legislation obliges vessels to be marked with ?

National legislation with provision of documents onboard ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 21:34

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

[Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolution Art 16](#)

Comments/remarks about submission and implementation of this requirement ?

Information required: Passive fishing gears to be marked in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance, by persons/vessels, with the obligation to mark passive fishing gears ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe: -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

Describe:

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: -

3. All passive fishing gears used by national fishing vessels are marked ?

- Reasons -
- Reasons -
-

- YES - Complete - Implemented by :

4. National legislation obliges gears to be marked with ?

- Name of vessel
- National registration number (NRN)

Other: -

National legislation with provision of gears marked ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 13:44

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions Art 17 and Art 18

Comments/remarks about submission and implementation of this requirement ?

-

Information required: Vessels to carry on board bound national fishing logbook with consecutively numbered pages in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures to monitor and to ensure persons/vessels compliance with the obligation for fishing vessels/persons to keep fishing national logbook on board, bound, with consecutively numbered pages and original kept on board at least 12 months ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented

Describe: *Mandatory documents on board on vessels monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police, fishing inspector . Art 29 (coastal) and Art 36 (commercial) of attached royal decree*

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe: *Art 29 (coastal) and Art 36 (commercial) of attached royal decree*

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Imprisonment

Describe: *see Royal decree Art 52 (coastal) and 55 (commercial) on Financial Sanctions*

3. All national fishing logbooks were found to be bound on board national fishing vessels ?

- Reasons: -
- Reasons: -
-
-

- YES - Complete - The national legislation obliges national fishing vessels to carry on board national fishing logbooks

4. All national fishing logbooks were found to be on board with consecutively numbered pages ?:

- Reasons: -
- Reasons: -
-
-

- YES - Complete - The national legislation obliges national fishing vessels to carry on board national fishing logbooks, with consecutively numbered pages.

5. All national fishing logbook were found to be on board with the original recordings contained in the fishing logbooks for a period of at least 12 months ?

- Reasons : -
- Reasons : -
-
-

- YES - Complete - The national legislation obliges national fishing vessels to carry on board national fishing logbooks with original recordings contained in the fishing logbooks for a period of at least 12 months

National legislation with provision for: i) Logbooks to be carried onboard and bound? ii) Logbooks with consecutively numbered pages? iii) Logbooks with original recordings for at least 12 months on board ?

Yes the 21 January 2025 - 13:02

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel art 48

Executive Decision Art 13

Resolution 15/01 On the recording of catch and effort data by fishing vessels in the IOTC Area of Competence



Information required: Template of official fishing logbooks in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. The information concerning the official fishing logbook has been updated/changed and submit the updated information:

- NO - We have NOT updated the official fishing logbook in 2024

4. CPCs with paper official fishing logbook:

a. If paper fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description of the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

- YES

Additional information:

Article 36 Royal Decree

Companies and establishments assigned an annual fishing quota by the ministry are, with the captain, jointly responsible for the following:

(a) Compensating for damages caused by the ship, paying fines due for fishing offences, and executing confiscation orders.

(b) Providing production reports for quantities and species of aquatic living resources fished from the annual quota assigned to them in the forms prepared for this, and unloading this quantity or any part of it that the ministry specifies in Omani ports.

(c) Providing information and data requested by the ministry in accordance with the procedures and the dates it specifies.

(d) Informing the ministry and the Ministry of Environment and Climate Affairs in case any pollution to the marine environment occurs, in particular oil spills from commercial fishing ships in the marine environment. The regulation must specify the controls that govern the mechanism for rectifying the effects resulting from the pollution of the marine environment by

oil spills in coordination with the competent bodies in accordance with the provisions of the laws in force in the Sultanate regarding environmental protection and pollution control.

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions

Article (19): Records: The operator of an Omani fishing vessel licensed to operate in the jurisdiction of the Committee shall at all times:

- (a) Maintain on board the vessel a registered national register of fishing on board the vessel with numbered pages respectively and record entries and registrations in the register .
- (b) Ensure that the original entry in such catch records is kept on board the vessel for a period of not less than 12 months.

5. CPCs with electronic fishing logbook system:

a. The copy of the applicable regulations implementing the electronic logbook system is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

- All flag vessels use paper fishing logbook on board

Additional information:

—

b. The set of screen captures of the electronic logbook system is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

- All flag vessels use paper fishing logbook on board

Additional information:

—

c. The name of the certified software of the electronic logbook system has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

- All flag vessels use paper fishing logbook on board

Additional information:

—

d. If electronic fishing logbook is not in one of the two languages of the IOTC, the complete field description of the logbook in one of the two languages of the IOTC is reported to the IOTC Secretariat:

—

Additional information:

—

Information required: Data recording system for vessels below 24m operating inside the EEZ in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. The data/catch recording systems for vessels less than 24 metres of developing CPCs operating inside the EEZ is implemented at the standard of the Resolution 15/01:

- Reasons: —
- Reasons : —
- The —

- YES - The coastal data/catch recording system is fishing logbook based, identical to the system for vessels over 24 metres length overall and those under 24 metres if they fish outside the EEZs.

Information: same obligation for coastal, see Executive Regulation implementing IOT Resol Article 19

- Remarks: —
- Remarks: —
- Remarks: —

3. Implementation of the data recording system for coastal fisheries (EEZ), for which coastal fisheries/fishing gears, the system is implemented (since 2016):

- Coastal purse seine
- Coastal longline

- Coastal gillnet
- Coastal handline
- Coastal beach seine

Other types of coastal fisheries/fishing gears:

4. Describe your coastal data recording system for the fisheries/fishing gears checked above:

- Simplified data/catch recording forms onboard vessels
- Simplified data/catch recording forms used by field samplers at landing site/port

Other: -

Resolution 24/02 On management of drifting fish aggregating devices (FADs) In the IOTC Area of Competence – Marking of drifting fish aggregating devices



Obligation: DFADs to be marked in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels to mark DFADs?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe: -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: -

2. All drifting Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels are marked?

- Reasons: -

- Number DFAD marked : -

- YES - Complete

Number DFAD marked : maximum 300 at sea per vessel,- but can acquire max of 500 annually per vessel

3. Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices (DFADs) marked with?

- Name of vessel

Format of the marking: please see draft DFADS management plans of each of the vessels which includes DFAD design characteristics, markings and identifiers. (name of the vessel)

4. Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices used by purse seine vessels / supply vessels are marked, the national legislation obliges dFADs to be marked with?

- YES – All CPC drifting Fish Aggregating Devices are required to be marked by national legislation.

DFAD marked provision in national legislation / ATF T&C ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 14:06

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions Art 17 and 18

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Resolution 23/01 - On management of anchored fish aggregating devices (AFADs) – Marking of anchored fish aggregating devices.



Obligation: AFADs to be marked in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO AFADs fishery fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate in 2024 .

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels to only use AFADs permanently marked with a Unique National Identification (UNI) number : ?

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

Describe: -

2. All anchored Fish Aggregating Devices are marked ?

- Reasons : -

- Number of AFADs marked: -

- Number of AFADs marked: -

3. Anchored Fish Aggregating Devices are marked, the national legislation obliges AFADs to be marked clearly and permanently with a Unique National Identification (UNI) number that identifies either the CPC or the vessel(s) that the AFAD belongs to ?

- Format of the Unique National Identification (UNI): -

AFAD marked provision in national legislation / ATF T&C ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

2.6 Vessel Monitoring System

Resolution 15/03 On the vessel monitoring system (VMS) programme



Information required: Adoption of VMS for all vessels ≥ 24 m and < 24 m fishing on the high seas / VMS report on implementation and technical failure in 2023 - Deadline: 30/6/2024

1. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *obligation for persons/vessels to install & operate a satellite-based vessel monitoring system (VMS)*:

•

YES - CPC has systems AND procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
- Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers

Describe : Art47 in the law stat that the authority have the write to impose issue violation even if the vessel is in high sea if the vessel commits any violation outside the EEZ. as a commitment of signed agreements with international and regional committees.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

–

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

–

Describe: –

Adoption VMS for all vessels \geq 24 m and < 24 m fishing high seas

2. The national satellite-based vessel monitoring system has been adopted by law:

- Yes – Adopted by law.

Year : 2013

Report on the progress of implementation of VMS

3. VMS Reporting - Report on the progress of implementation and technical failures ?

- YES - Report submitted and data provided below

4. Total number of national vessels equipped with VMS ?

Vessels 24 m in length overall or above: 7

Vessels less than 24 m operating outside the flag State EEZ: 0

National Fisheries Monitoring Centre (FMC) exists?

- Yes

Technical failures recorded ?

- NO - No technical failures in 2023

number 0

National legislation with provision of requirements/obligation under Resolution 15/03 ?

Yes the 30 June 2024 - 22:55

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Article Six

Owners of artisanal fishing vessels, coastal fishing vessels, and commercial fishing vessels must install automatic tracking devices on their vessels in accordance with the system determined by the competent authority. It is prohibited to sail or fish without operating the aforementioned device. In the event that the device stops working, the captain of the ship must immediately inform the competent authority of the The device must be stopped by e-mail, telex, telephone, or radio, provided that the report includes all data related to the vessel's activity during the period of the device's cessation, especially fishing locations, quantities and types of catch, and any information required by the competent authority. If the device cannot be repaired within (48) forty-eight hours, the ship's captain must return the ship to the port to repair the device and notify the competent authority immediately.

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

2.7 Transshipment

Resolution 24/05 On establishing a programme for transshipment by large-scale fishing vessels



Required information: List of authorised carrier vessels in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. Flagged LSTLVs have transhipped at sea ?

- YES - Flag LSTLVs have transhipped at sea

3. Mandatory information not fully provided or missing:

INTEGRATION E-MARIS - E-RAV

The below figures are automatically sourced from Oman reporting in the e-RAV as of 31 december.

<u>Mandatory parameter</u>	<u>Number of field(s) missing</u>
Name of carrier vessel	0
IMO number	0
National register number	0
International radio call sign	0
Type of vessel	0
Length overall (m)	0
Gross tonnage (GT)	0
Carrying capacity	0

Name of owner(s)	0
Address of owner(s)	0
Name of operator(s)	0
Address of operator(s)	0
Time period(s) authorised for transhipping - FROM	0
Time period(s) authorised for transhipping - TO	0
Colour photographs of the vessel showing the star-board side of the vessel showing the whole structure	0
Colour photographs of the vessel showing the port-side of the vessel showing the whole structure	0
Colour photographs of the vessel showing the bow of the vessel	0
Type of transhipment autorised (at sea / in port)	0

Specify the reasons for each missing requirement above:

-

5. In 2024, we have authorized:
INTEGRATION E-MARIS - E-RAV

The below figures are automatically sourced from Oman reporting in the e-RAV as of 31 december 2024

Fields restricted to the e-RAV - Integration.

Carrier vessels under our flag (Nb) :

0

Carrier vessels under the flag of other fleets (Nb) :

8

Information required: Results of the investigation on possible infraction of IOTC regulations by LSTLVs/carrier vessels in 2024 - Deadline: 15/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. The reports on the results of investigation on possible infractions in 2024 have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat:

- Reasons: -
- Reasons : -

- YES - Complete

If YES:

- Number of possible infractions related to ATF: 8
- Number of possible infractions related to VMS: 0
- Number of possible infractions related to fishing logbook: 0
- Number of possible infractions related to LSTLVs marking: 3
- Total number of possible infractions in : 11

Information required: ROP fee in 2024 - Deadline: 5/4/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

-

2. I have participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transshipment at sea in 2023/2024 ?

-

3. I have paid my ROP contribution for the ROP last call for fund ?

- Reasons: -
- Reasons : -

- YES – Complete

The 17/04/2024

Proof of ROP fee payment?

Yes the 18 April 2024 - 15:03

2.8 Compliance of flag vessels

Resolution 16/07 On the use of artificial lights to attract fish



Prohibition to: Use surface or submerged artificial lights to attract fish in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition i) from using/installing/operating surface/submerged artificial lights beyond territorial waters and ii) from intentionally conducting fishing activities around/near any vessel/DFAD equipped with artificial lights :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Imprisonment
- Other sanctions (specify below)

Describe: Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel. For avoiding of any doubt, this Royal Decree is the superior in hierarchy to Executive dEicsion Implementing IOTC Resolutions and is the legal piece where punishments under fisheries regulations are described

2. The use of submerged artificial lights for the purpose of aggregating tuna and tuna-like species beyond territorial waters ?

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since : 01/01/2021

– Reasons: –

Information :

–

Provision for Prohibition to: Use surface or submerged artificial lights to attract fish in national legislation / ATF T&C ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:22

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Article 24

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 16/08 On the prohibition of the use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids



Prohibition to: Use aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition from using aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : –

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Imprisonment

Describe: Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel. For avoiding of any doubt, this Royal Decree is the superior in hierarchy to Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions and is the legal piece where punishments under fisheries regulations are described

3. The use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids ?

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since : 2021

– Reasons: –

Information :

–

Provision for Prohibition to: Use aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles - National legislation & ATF T&C ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:31

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Chapter 6 Article 21

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 11/02 Prohibition of fishing on data buoys



Prohibition from: Intentionally fish within 1 nautical mile of or interact with data buoy in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition of fishing vessels from intentionally fishing/interacting with data buoy:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : –

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel. For avoiding of any doubt, this Royal Decree is the superior in hierarchy to Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions and is the legal piece where punishments under fisheries regulations are described

3. Intentionally fishing within 1 nautical mile of or interacting with data buoy:

- Is banned by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2025

– Reasons: –

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

–

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit fishing vessels from intentionally fishing within one nautical mile of or interacting with a data buoy in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 11/02 (2) ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:21

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Chapter 6 Article 22

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Prohibition from: Taking on board a data buoy in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition of fishing vessels to take onboard data buoy :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : –

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel. For avoiding of any doubt, this Royal Decree is the superior in hierarchy to Executive dEicision Implementing IOTC Resolutions and is the legal piece where punishments under fisheries regulations are described

3. Taking on board a data buoy:

- Is banned by national legislation

Since 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since 01/01/2021

– Reasons –

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

–

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit fishing vessels from taking on board a data buoy while engaged in fishing for tuna and tuna-like species in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 11/02 (3) ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 21:21

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Chapter 6 Article 22 and 23

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Resolution 23/06 On the conservation of cetaceans



Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a Cetacean in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a cetacean:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel. For avoiding of any doubt, this Royal Decree is the superior in hierarchy to Executive dEicision Implementing IOTC Resolutions and is the legal piece where punishments under fisheries regulations are described

3. The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a cetacean ?

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since 01/01/2024

- Reasons -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit flagged fishing vessels from intentionally setting a purse seine net around a cetacean in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 23/06 (2) ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:43

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Chapter 8 Article 36

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Resolution 13/05 On the conservation of whale sharks (*Rhincodon typus*)



Prohibition to: set a purse seine net around a whale shark in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *Prohibition of intentionally setting purse seine net around a whale shark*:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel. For avoiding of any doubt, this Royal Decree is the superior in hierarchy to Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions and is the legal piece where punishments under fisheries regulations are described

3. The Prohibition from intentionally setting purse seine net around a whale shark:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since 01/01/2019

- Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit flagged fishing vessels from intentionally setting a purse seine net around a whale shark in the IOTC area of competence - Resolution 13/05 (2) ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 21:39

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

[Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Chapter 8 Article 37](#)

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of Mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC Area of Competence



Prohibition to: intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *Prohibition of intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays*:

- **YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements**

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Imprisonment

Describe: Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel. For avoiding of any doubt, this Royal Decree is the superior in hierarchy to Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions and is the legal piece where punishments under fisheries regulations are described

3. The Prohibition of intentionally setting any gear type on Mobulid rays:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2021

- Resaons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to prohibit all flagged vessels from intentionally setting any gear type for targeted fishing of mobulid rays in the IOTC Area of Competence - Resolution 19/03 (2) ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 13:22

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Chapter 8 Article 38

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 17/05 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC



Prohibition to: fin sharks in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the *Prohibition of shark finning* :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

•

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Imprisonment

Describe: -

3. Sharks landed fresh: the removal of shark fins on board vessels, the landing, retention on-board, transshipment and carrying of shark fins which are not naturally attached to the shark carcass until the first point of landing:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2003

- Reasons: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

-

4. Sharks landed frozen: CPCs that do not apply sub-paragraph 3 a) for all sharks shall require their vessels to not have on board fins that total more than 5% of the weight of sharks on board, up to the first point of landing:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2025

- Reasons: -

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation :

-

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for Prohibition of shark finning ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:33

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

[Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions Art 39](#)

Resolution 12/09 On the conservation of thresher sharks (family *Alopiidae*) caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence



Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae* in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ? 1. Avez-vous mis en œuvre l'obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of flag vessels with the prohibition from retaining on board, transshipping, landing, storing, selling or offering for sale any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae*:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe:

- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: -

3. Retaining on board, transshipping, landing, storing, selling or offering for sale any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae* ?

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2013

- Raisons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for the prohibition from retaining on board, transshipping, landing, storing, selling or offering for sale any part or whole carcass of thresher sharks of all the species of the family *Alopiidae* ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:23

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions Art 40

Resolution 13/06 On a scientific and management framework on the conservation of shark species caught in association with IOTC managed fisheries



Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store, sell oceanic whitetip sharks in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Oman flag vessels with the prohibition on oceanic whitetip sharks :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: –

3. Retaining onboard, transhiping, landing or storing any part or whole carcass of oceanic whitetip sharks:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2021

– Raisons: –

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for prohibition on oceanic whitetip sharks ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:38

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions, chapter 8 art. 41

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

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Resolution 19/03 On the conservation of mobulid rays caught in association with fisheries in the IOTC area of competence



Prohibition to: retain onboard, tranship, land, store mobulid rays in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Oman flag vessels with the prohibition of retaining onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence :

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : –

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: –

3. Retaining onboard, transhipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2021

– Reasons: –

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for the prohibition of retaining onboard, transshipping, landing, storing, any part or whole carcass of mobulid rays caught in the IOTC Area of Competence ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 21:41

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions, chapter 8 art. 38

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

–

Prohibition to: gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Oman flag vessels with:

- The prohibition to gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays
- The obligation to release alive, implement of live release handling procedures of mobulid rays
- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : –

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: –

3. Gaffing, lifting by the gill slits/spiracles, punching holes through the bodies of mobulid rays:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2021

– Reasons: –

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation:

–

4. The obligation to release alive, implement live release handling procedures of mobulid rays:

- Is required by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 2021

– Reasons: –

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation:

–
National legislation and ATF T&C With provision on :

- The prohibition to gaff, lift by the gill slits/spiracles, punch holes through the bodies of mobulid rays
- The obligation to release alive, implement of live release handling procedures of mobulid rays ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:18

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation implementing IOTC Resolutions Art 38

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

–

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles



Obligation: Longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Oman longline vessels with the obligation to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
- Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations

Describe: –

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: –

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: –

3. The obligation for all Oman flag longline vessels to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board:

- Is required/implemented by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is required/implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2021

– Reasons: –

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision of the obligation to carry and employ line cutters and de-hookers on board ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:02

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation to Implement IOTC Resolutions Art 44

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

Obligation: Purse seine vessels to carry on board dip nets in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance by all Oman flag purse seine vessels to carry and employ dip nets on board:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe: -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: -

2. The obligation for all Oman flag purse seine vessels to carry and employ dip nets on board:

- Is required/implemented by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2019

- Is required/implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2019

- Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision of the obligation Purse seine vessels to carry on board dip nets ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:06

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

[Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Resolutions Art 44](#)

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

Resolution 23/07 On reducing the incidental bycatch of seabirds in longline fisheries



Obligation: Longline vessels to use mitigation measures south of 25°S in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation, for all longline vessels and persons, to use at least two of the three mitigation measures ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Imprisonment

Describe: -

3. The obligation for all longline vessels to use at least two of the three mitigation measures ?

- Is required/implemented by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is required/implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2024

- Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:28

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Regulations Act 45

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

-

Resolution 18/05 On Management Measures for the Conservation of the Billfishes: Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin and Indo-Pacific Sailfish



**Prohibition to: Retain on board, tranship, land, striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin, indo-pacific sailfish smaller than 60 cm lower jaw fork length in 2024 -
Deadline: 23/1/2025**

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of flag vessels with the prohibition to retain on board, tranship, land, any Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin, and Indo-pacific Sailfish smaller than 60 cm Lower Jaw Fork Length:

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

Describe: -

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: -

3. The prohibition to retain on board, tranship, land, any Striped Marlin, Black Marlin, Blue Marlin, and Indo-pacific Sailfish smaller than 60 cm Lower Jaw Fork Length:

- Is implemented (ban) by national legislation

Since: 01/01/2025

- Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law

Since: 01/01/2021

- Reasons: -

National legislation and ATF T&C With provision for Prohibition to: Retain on board, tranship, land, striped marlin, black marlin, blue marlin, indo-pacific sailfish smaller than 60 cm lower jaw fork length ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 11:20

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

[Executive Regulation Implementing IOTC Measures Art 42](#)

Additional information on the implementation of this obligation ?

-

2.9 Regional Observer Scheme

Resolution 22/04 On a Regional observer scheme



Obligation: Mandatory 5% observer coverage at sea (all vessels) in 2023 - Deadline: 17/11/2024

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- 2. NIL Report / Not Applicable - No fishing vessel under 24 meters operating outside the EEZ in the Record of authorised vessels or active in 2023

2. A system or procedures exist to implement the at sea observer scheme, and the binding obligation of minimum observer coverage of 5% as defined by the number of operations/sets ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

- Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port

Describe : [all industrial vessels covered in EEZ](#)

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

-

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

-

Describe : -

Any documents on system/procedures ?

No the -

3. The number of vessels monitored and the coverage achieved by gear type, have been reported to the IOTC Secretariat & the IOTC Scientific Committee ?

- 2023 Coverage is = or > 5 % (all fishing gear/fishing vessels)

If coverage is below 5 %, please explain and provide additional information ?

Type of fishing gear	No of fishing vessels observed/monitored	Fishing effort observed/monitored	Coverage in (%)	Secretariat estimated coverage
Purse seine	5	-	100	-
Longline	-	-	-	-
Gillnet	-	-	-	-
Pol & Line	-	-	-	-
Handline	-	-	-	-
Other fishing gear -	-	-	-	-

Report - number of vessels monitored & coverage achieved by gear type for the observer programme at sea ?

No the -

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement:

-

National legislation with provisions to implement the at sea observer programme, and to implement the minimum coverage of 5% for observer programme at sea ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

-

Information required: Mandatory 5% coverage of artisanal landings in 2023 - Deadline: 17/11/2024

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to implement the coastal sampling scheme (monitoring coastal fishing vessels landings), and the binding obligation of minimum coverage of 5% of the total levels of vessel activity (i.e. total number of vessel trips or total number of active vessels) ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to implement this binding obligation ?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe :

Fishery statistics system was built on the basis of **the sampling system**, which is match the fishing privacy in Oman, mostly because the traditional and non-restricted time and locations for landings.

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Fine

Describe : -

Any documents on system/procedures ?

No the -

3. The coverage is at least 5 % of artisanal fishing vessels landings for all fishing gears ?

- Coverage is = or > 5 % (all fishing gear/artisanal fishing vessels)

If coverage is below 5 %, please explain and provide additional information ?

-

Sampling schemes (coastal/artisanal vessel landings):

Type of fishing gear	Total number of vessel trips sampled	Total number of active vessels	Coverage achieved in (%)	Secretariat coverage estimated in (%)
Coastal purse seine	-	-	-	-
Coastal longline	-	-	-	-
Coastal Gillnet	-	null	0.25	-
Coastal Pol-and-Line	-	-	-	-
Coastal Handline	-	null	0.25	-
Coastal Line Trolling	-	-	0.25	-
Coastal Beach seine	-	null	0.25	-
Coastal Encircling gillnet	-	-	-	-

Coastal Ring net	-	-	-	-
Other fishing gear (Trawl etc...)	-	-	0.25	-

Report - number of vessels monitored & coverage achieved by gear type for sampling scheme coastal fisheries ?

Yes the [17 November 2024 - 21:48](#)

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

National legislation with provision to implement the coastal sampling scheme (monitoring coastal fishing vessels landings), and to implement the minimum coverage of 5% for the coastal sampling scheme ?

Yes the [17 November 2024 - 21:48](#)

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?

-

Information required: At sea Observer reports in 2023 - Deadline: 17/11/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- [2 . NIL Report / Not Applicable - No fishing vessels under 24 meters operating outside the EEZ in the Record of authorised vessels or active in 2023](#)

2. All observer reports have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat:

- Total of vessel trips observed by fishing gear: - Total number of observer reports provided by fishing gear: -
- Total of vessel trips observed by fishing gear: - Total number of observer reports provided by fishing gear: -

- NO

Reasons: [no tuna vessels observed in 2023](#)

3. Observer reports submitted ?

No the -

2.10 Bigeye tuna Statistical Document Programme

Resolution 01/06 Concerning the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme



Information required: 1st Semester 2024 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna - Deadline: 1/10/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- [YES - Submitted](#)

2. A system for monitoring import, export, re-export of frozen BET exists:

- [YES - A system exists for monitoring import, export, re-export of frozen BET.](#)

3. Frozen Bigeye tuna were imported in the 1st semester 2024:

- [NO – NO frozen bigeye tunas were imported in the 1st semester 2024](#)

Total quantity of frozen bigeye tunas imported in the 1st semester (kg): 0

Specify from which country' vessels the frozen bigeye tuna were imported:

–

If country not in the list above, provide: –

1st semester import report submitted?

No the –

Information required: 2nd Semester 2023 report on import of frozen bigeye tuna - Deadline: 1/4/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

–

2. Frozen Bigeye tuna were imported in the 2nd semester 2023:

–

Total quantity of frozen bigeye tunas imported in the 2nd semester (kg): –

Specify from which country' vessels the frozen bigeye tuna were imported:

–

Other Country?

–

2nd semester import report submitted ?

No the –

Information required: information on validation of statistical documents - national authorities and authorized officers in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. A system for validating export and re-export of frozen bigeye tunas exists:

- YES - A system exists for validating export and re-export of frozen bigeye tunas.

3. The Information on validation of statistical documents, the National authorities and authorized officers, is reported/updated in 2024 ?

2.1 REPORTING ON NEW INSTITUTIONS AND/OR NEW OFFICERS

- YES - The update for 2024 is provided in the table below for new institution(s) and / or officer(s).

2.2 REPORTING ON INSTITUTION AND/OR OFFICER NOT ANYMORE AUTHORISED

–

2.3 REPORTING ON CHANGE OF SEAL INSTITUTION

–

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

2.11 Interim plan for rebuilding the Yellowfin tuna stock

Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Information required: Purse seiners served by supply vessels in 2025 - Deadline: 1/1/2025

Objection received from India: not applicable to India. Resolution 18/01 remains binding on India. Resolution 19/01 remains binding on Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Madagascar, Oman and Somalia. Resolution 19/01 entered into force on 28/12/2019

APPLIES ONLY TO INDONESIA, THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN, MADAGASCAR, OMAN AND SOMALIA

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has only purse seiner (PS) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels

2. CPC has purse seiners (PS) / supply vessels (SP) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels ?

–

3. The information on purse seiners served by each supply vessel is provided to the Secretariat ?

-

No the -

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 2 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None

Section 3 – Control by IOTC coastal States of activities of foreign vessels involved in IOTC fishery

3.1 Port inspection programme

Resolution 05/03 Relating to the establishment of an IOTC programme of inspection in port



Information required: List of foreign vessels landings in 2023 - Deadline: 1/7/2024

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- YES - Submitted

2. The list of foreign fishing vessels which have landed in 2023 and the details of catch composition submitted to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- NO – No landing of IOTC Species in my ports in 2023

Report on the list of foreign vessels & the quantities landed in your ports submitted ?

No the –

No	Vessels Flag	Species	Quantity Landed (kg)
1	-	-	-
2	-	-	-
3	-	-	-
4	-	-	-
5	-	-	-
6	-	-	-

Resolution 16/11 On Port State measures to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing



Information required: List of designated ports, Designated competent Authority, Prior notification periods in each port State CPC in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding reporting obligation ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Established in administrative orders implemented by Government

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe : -

3. The list of designated ports have been submitted to the IOTC Secretariat?

- YES - The list has already been submitted

4. The list of designated ports has been updated/changed in 2024 and we submit the updated information on the designated ports for:

4.1. NEW DESIGNATED PORTS

- NO - The list of designated port(s) has NOT been updated/changed in 2024 - No NEW designated port

NEWDP name	UN-LOC	Nom Compete Authority	Adress Competente Authority	Tel Competente Authority	Fax Competente Authority	3 e-MAILS Competente Authority	Remark
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

6								

4.2. UPDATE OF ALREADY DESIGNATED PORTS

- NO - The list of designated port(s) has NOT been updated/changed in 2024 - NO designated ports to update

NEWDP name	UN-LOC	Nom Competente Authority	Adress Competente Authority	Tel Competente Authority	Fax Competente Authority	3 e-MAILS Competente Authority	Remark
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							

4.3. PORTS NOT ANY MORE DESIGNATED

- NO - The list of designated port(s) has NOT been updated/changed in 2024 - NO designated ports to remove

NEWDP name	UN-LOC	Nom Competente Authority	Adress Competente Authority	Tel Competente Authority	Fax Competente Authority	3 e-MAILS Competente Authority	Remark
1							
2							
3							

4								
5								
6								

5. CPC ports where foreign vessels can request entry are designated by national legislation ?

- YES – CPC ports are designated by national legislation.

National legislation with provision for designation of port, designated competent authority, prior notification periods ?

Yes the 22 January 2025 - 21:37

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement?

Executive Regulation implementing IOTC Resolution Act 25-35

CHAPTER SEVEN PORT STATE MEASURES

Articl 25 - Objective

1) The objective of this Chapter is to prevent, deter and eliminate IUU fishing through the implementation of effective port State measures and thereby to ensure the long term conservation and sustainable use of living marine esources and marine ecosystems.

Article 26 - Application

2) This provisions apply to: a. vessels not entitled to fly the flag of Oman that are seeking entry to a port or are in a port of Oman], except for: i. vessels of a neighbouring State that are engaged in artisanal fishing for subsistence, provided that there is cooperation between Oman and such neighbouring State to ensure that such vessels do not engage in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing; and ii. container vessels that are not carrying fish or, if carrying fish, only fish that have been previously landed, provided that there are no clear grounds for suspecting that such vessels have engaged in fishing related activities in support of IUU fishing. b. persons, vessels, vehicles, aircraft, export facilities or other craft or place engaged in or otherwise connected with any activity falling within the scope of this legislation; c. All fishing and fishing related activities in support of such fishing: i. in areas over which Oman exercises jurisdiction or sovereign rights; ii. in areas beyond national jurisdiction: 1. by Omani nationals, including vessels and persons and all persons on board such vessels or dealing with them or

having any relevant relationship to them or to persons on them, to the extent that it does not conflict with the jurisdiction of another State; 2. as required pursuant to Omani fisheries regulations and other norms, international agreement or conservation and management measures; 3. otherwise in relation to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and fishing related activities in support of such fishing consistent with international law. 3) This norms shall be applied in a fair, transparent and non-discriminatory manner, consistent with international law.

Article 27 - Designation of ports

4) The Ministry shall: a. designate and publicise the port or ports to which vessels may request entry; and b. provide a list of each port designated pursuant to paragraph (a) to the Secretariat of a relevant regional fisheries management organization pursuant to an applicable conservation and management measure.

Article 28 - Prerequisites for entry or use of port

5) The operator of a vessel shall not direct or cause the vessel to enter or use a port in Oman unless: a. where ports have been designated and publicised in accordance with section (5), such port has been so designated and publicised; b. the operator has requested entry into port and provided, in such format and electronic reporting system as may be required in accordance with an applicable conservation and management measures of a regional fisheries management organization, the information in Annex 1 of the Resolution 16/11 of the IOTC or any other that supersedes it. i. at least 24 hours before entering into port; or ii. immediately after the end of the fishing operations, if the time distance to the port is less than 24 hours and has promptly provided such other information as may be required following the initial request for entry into port; c. the [official of the Competent Authority] has authorized entry of such vessel into port and communicated such authorization to the master of the vessel and any lawful representative of the vessel in [country] in such format and electronic reporting system as may be required in accordance with an applicable conservation and management measures of a regional fisheries management organization; and d. Upon the vessel's arrival at port, the master of the vessel or the vessel's representative has presented the authorization for entry into the port to [official].

Article 29 - Denial of entry into port and use of port 6) The Department of Fisheries where there is sufficient proof that a vessel seeking entry into a port of Oman has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing, in particular where it is an IUU listed vessel: a. shall not authorise such vessel to enter port, and shall deny entry to such vessel; or b. notwithstanding paragraph (a), may allow such vessel to enter a port exclusively for the purpose of inspecting it and taking other appropriate actions in conformity with international law which are at least as effective as denial of port entry in preventing, deterring and eliminating IUU fishing and fishing related activities in support of such fishing; and c. shall communicate any decision taken pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b) to the vessel or its representative. 7) Where a vessel has been allowed entry pursuant to section (7)(b), it shall not use, or be authorized to use the port. 8) The Fisheries Director may deny entry into and use of a port to any vessel that the [official] has reasonable grounds to believe has violated this [legislation]. 9) Where entry is denied the Fisheries Director shall notify the decision to the flag State of the vessel and, as appropriate, to each relevant coastal State, RFMO and other international organization.

Article 30 - Force majeure or distress 10) Nothing in this Decision affects the entry of a vessel to port in accordance with the laws of Oman for reasons of force majeure or distress, providing: a. a claim of force majeure or distress shall not apply where: i. it is contrived, untrue or otherwise intentionally created; or ii. its objective is to avoid liability, and any person who makes an inapplicable claim commits an offence; b. the burden of proof that a claim of force majeure or distress is valid and does not fall within prohibitions in paragraph (a) shall be on the vessel operator; c. an official may board and inspect the vessel at any time for the purpose of verifying the claim of force majeure or distress; and d. a vessel that claims force majeure or distress shall be subject to the direction of the official. 11) The official of the Competent Authority, and if not a fisheries official then in consultation with a fisheries official may grant a vessel that falls within the scope of this [legislation] entry into port for reasons of force majeure or distress, provided that: a. the vessel may enter port under its claim of force majeure or distress for such period of time necessary to remedy such claim; and b. the vessel is permitted entry exclusively for the purpose of rendering assistance to persons or vessels in danger or distress.

Article 31 - Denial of use of port after entry

12) Where a vessel that has been authorized to enter port pursuant to section 6(c) has entered a port, the Department of Fisheries shall deny such vessel the use of port if: a. the vessel does not have a valid and applicable authorisation to engage in fishing or fishing related activities required by: i. its flag State; or ii. a coastal State in respect of areas under its national jurisdiction; b. there is clear evidence that the fish on board was taken in contravention of applicable requirements of a coastal State in respect of areas under the national jurisdiction of that State; c. the flag State does not confirm within a reasonable period of time, on the request of the [senior operational fisheries official], that the fish on board was taken in accordance with applicable requirements of a relevant regional fisheries management organization; or d. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the vessel was otherwise engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of IUU fishing unless the operator or charterer of the vessel can establish: i. that it was acting in a manner consistent with relevant conservation and management measures, including IOTC conservation and management measures; or ii. in the case of provision of personnel, fuel, gear and other supplies at sea, that the vessel that was provisioned was not, at the time of provisioning, a vessel that had engaged in IUU fishing as described in section (6). 13) Notwithstanding section (13), the Fisheries Department shall: a. not deny a vessel the use of port services: i. where such services are essential to the safety and health of the crew or the safety of the vessel, provided these needs are duly proven; or ii. as appropriate, for the scrapping of the vessel; and b. where the use of port has been denied, notify the decision to the flag State of the vessel and, as appropriate, to each relevant coastal State, RFMO and other international organization. 14) Where the use of port has been denied pursuant above, such denial may be withdrawn by Fisheries Department on the advice of Legal Service who shall: a. withdraw such denial in respect of a vessel only if there is sufficient proof that the grounds on which use was denied were inadequate or erroneous or that such grounds no longer apply; and b. promptly notify the withdrawal to each person that was notified pursuant to section 14(b).

Article 32 - Conduct of inspections of vessels in port

15) The Fisheries Department shall conduct vessel inspections as necessary for the purposes of this Decision. 16) The Fisheries Department shall prioritize vessel inspections based on: a. vessels that have been denied entry or use of a port in accordance with the Agreement and/or an applicable conservation and management measure; b. a request from another State or RFMO to inspect a certain vessel, particularly where the request is supported by evidence of IUU fishing or fishing-related activities in support of IUU fishing by the vessel in question; and c. whether there are clear grounds for suspecting that a vessel has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing. 17) The Fisheries Department, to the extent possible, ensure inspection of a level of vessels as may be required by an applicable conservation and management measure. 18) During inspections of a vessel in port, inspectors shall carry out inspection in conformity with such procedures as may be determined, and complete a written report of the inspection in the form provided in Annex III of the Resolution 16/11 or any superseding it and submit it to the Director. 19) The master of the vessel shall, in relation to inspection of the vessel, give inspectors all necessary assistance and information, and present relevant material and documents as may be required, or certified copies thereof. 20) The Director shall transmit the results of an inspection under this [legislation] to: a. the flag State of the inspected vessel; b. as appropriate, [relevant Party to the Agreement]; c. relevant coastal State and the State of which the vessel master is a national; d. relevant RFMO(s); and e. FAO and other relevant international organizations.

Article 33 - Denial of use of port after inspection

21) Where, following an inspection, there are clear grounds for believing that a vessel has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing, the Director shall: a. promptly notify the flag State and, as appropriate, relevant coastal States, regional fisheries management organizations and other international organizations, and the State of which the vessel's master is a national of the findings; and b. deny the vessel the use of its port, if these actions have not already been taken in respect of the vessel. 22) Notwithstanding paragraph 22(b), the Director shall not deny a vessel the use of port services,

where such services are essential to the safety and health of the crew or the safety of the vessel, provided these needs are duly proven.

Article 34 Prohibited to use or assist, etc in the use of port in absence of authorization or after denial

23) Where a vessel: a. is in port in contravention of: i. the requirements in section 6; ii. an applicable denial of authorization to enter port pursuant to section 7(a); b. has been permitted to enter port exclusively for the purpose of: i. inspection pursuant to section 7(b); ii. rendering assistance to persons or vessels in danger or distress pursuant to section 11; or c. has been denied the use of port pursuant to section 13 or 22(b); no person, including the operator or crew member of such vessel or any person that is acting directly or indirectly in relation to the vessel, shall: d. engage in the use of such port or cause such port to be used; or e. allow or assist, directly or indirectly, the use of port by such vessel, unless the Director permits in writing services to be used for the safety or health of the crew or the safety of the vessel in accordance with this [legislation] and port is used exclusively for such purposes.

Article 35 - Requirements for Omani vessels

24) The operator of each Omani vessel shall: a. cooperate fully with inspections carried out in the ports of other States in accordance with their laws and procedures; and b. not land, transship, package and process fish, and use other port services, in a port State identified by a relevant RFMO as not acting in accordance with, or in a manner consistent with, applicable international or regional instruments relating to port State measures. 25) Where there are clear grounds to believe that an Omani vessel has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing and is seeking entry to or is in the port of another State, Director shall, as appropriate request such State to inspect the vessel or take other measures consistent with applicable international or regional instruments. 26) Where, following port State inspection, there are clear grounds to believe that a Omani vessel has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing, [Director shall cause the matter to be immediately and fully investigated and, upon sufficient evidence enforcement action to be taken without delay in accordance with Fisheries Act and this decision.

Information required: Port inspection reports AND Report of vessels engaged in IUU fishing following an inspection in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No port call in 2024, consequently no inspection conducted.

2. Number of calls made by foreign vessels ?

- Fishing vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Supply vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -

3. Number of foreign vessels denied entry into CPC port(s) ?

- Fishing vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Supply vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -

4. Number of foreign vessels denied use of CPC port(s) ?

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

5. Number of foreign vessels inspected ?

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

6. Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-PSM to the Secretariat ?

- Fishing vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -
- Supply vessels: - - Source e-PSM: -

7. Number of inspection reports of foreign vessels submitted by e-mail to the Secretariat ?

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

PIRs submitted: No the -

8. Number of cases brought against foreign vessels for undermining the coastal CPCs Fisheries Law and/or Fisheries Regulations ?

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

9. Number of cases reported to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- Fishing vessels: -
- Carrier (reefer) vessels: -
- Supply vessels: -

10. There was clear grounds for believing that vessel(s) has engaged in IUU fishing or fishing related activities following an inspection in port ?

-

11. Following an inspection, we have communicated the findings to ?

- : -

- : -

-

- : -

- : -

- : - :

-

- - e-PSM vessel file: -

Information required: at least 5% inspection of LAN or TRX in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding obligation of monitoring/inspection of 5% of landings/transshipments of foreign vessels ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : *Request of entry in port monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented. The Obligations for the relevant Administration and persons are defined under Executive Decision implementing IOTC Regulations in general and particularly in Chapter dedicated to Port Sate measures which include verification of Request of entry in port and define regular inspections to verify compliance of vessels with the request of entry in port • Control & enforcement regime over foreign vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers, EMS*

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe : *Request of entry in port monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented. The Obligations for the relevant Administration and persons are defined under Executive Decision implementing IOTC Regulations in general and particularly in Chapter dedicated to Port Sate measures which include verification of Request of entry in port and define regular inspections to verify compliance of vessels with the request of entry in port • Control & enforcement regime over foreign vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers, EMS*

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Imprisonment

Describe : Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines, even imprisonment and confiscation of vessel , gear or fish. additionally another administrative penalty is the cancelation of ATF

3. Number of foreign vessels callings in port(s) for the purpose of :

- Landing: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Transhipment: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Landing & transhipment: 0 - Source e-PSM: -

4. Number of foreign vessels offloading monitored into your port(s) for:

- Landing: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Transhipment: 0 - Source e-PSM: -
- Landing & transhipment: 0 - Source e-PSM: -

Have you monitored at least 5 % of the offloading?

- NO – No call in port for the purpose of landing / transhipment in 2024

Coverage of offloadings inspected / monitored : 0 - Source e-PSM: -

Landing/transhipment monitoring forms submitted ?

No the -

5. The monitoring of landing and transhipment is implemented/conducted by:

- The designated competent authority of the Port State
- - : -
- - : -
- - : -
- - : -

Information required: Report on denial of entry into port in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No port call in 2024, consequently no denial of entry in port.

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding obligation - to deny entry in port for foreign vessels ?

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

Describe : -

3. Foreign vessels were denied entry into CPC port(s) in 2024 ?

4. Number of foreign vessels denied entry into CPC port(s) in 2024 ?

CPC e-PSM CPC CPC

	Number	From e-PSM	Number	Vessel(s) name	Flags of vessels denied entry
Fishing vessels	-		-		-
Carrier vessels	-		-		-
Supply vessels	-		-		-

5. Reason(s) for denial of entry in port(s) ?

- Specify: -

5. The denial of entry was communicated to ?

- - Flag: -
- - Country: -
- - Date: -

6. The denial of entry in port for foreign vessels requesting entry in ports is established/required by national legislation:**National legislation ?**

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement ?**Information required: Report on denial of use of port AND report on withdrawal of a denial of use of port in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025****1 . Did you implement the obligation ?**

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No port call in 2024, consequently no denial of use of port and no withdrawal

2. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding reporting obligation - to deny use of port ?

- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure?

- IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe : -

b. System or procedures to respond to non-compliance with this binding obligation?

- Established by national regulation implemented by Government

Describe : -

c. Action to be taken in relation to non-compliance with this binding obligation ?

- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine
- Imprisonment

Describe : Chapter 8 of Royal Decree No.20/2019 Promulgating the Marine Living Resources Law describes different set of punishment that can be adopted in Relation to infringements of Fishing Regulations, which include fines imprisonment and confiscation of vessel

3. Foreign vessels were denied use of port(s) in 2024 ?

If YES, the denials of use were withdrawn ?

4. Number of foreign vessels denied use of ports in 2024 ?

	Num-ber	Vessel(s) name	Vessel flags de-nied use	Reasons denials use port	With-draw	Reason with-drawal denial use of ports
Fish-ing ves-sels	-	-	-	-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES	-
Carri-er ves-sels	-	-	-	-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES	-
	-	-	-	-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES	-

Supply vessels

Additional information - specify reason(s) for denial of use of port ?

-

5. The denial of use and/or the withdrawal was communicated to ?

- Flag: -
- Country: -
- Date: -
- : -
- : -

6. The denial of use of port and withdrawal for foreign vessels requesting entry in ports are established/required by national legislation:

- YES – Denial of use in port AND withdrawal are established/required by national legislation.

National legislation submitted ?

No the -

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement?

[Executive Decision Implementing IOTC Resolutions - Chapter 7 - article 33](#)

3.2 Foreign vessels licensed

Resolution 14/05 Concerning a record of licensed foreign vessels fishing for IOTC species in the IOTC area of competence and access agreement information

Information required: list of foreign vessels licensed in EEZ in 2024 - Deadline: 15/2/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not license foreign flag vessels to fish in the EEZ for species managed by the IOTC in the IOTC area of competence in 2024

2. Foreign vessels were licensed in 2024 ?

-

3. The list of licensed foreign fishing vessels (in 2024) has been reported to the IOTC Secretariat ?

- Reasons: -
- No vessels missing: -
- No Vessels issued licenses: -

Specify to which foreign vessels flag country you have issued license:

-

-

4. All the mandatory information is provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all foreign fishing vessels licensed by Oman in 2024?

-

5. Number of licenses issued to foreign fishing vessels in 2024 ?

Foreign fishing vessels \geq 24m:

- Number of licenses issued: -
- Number of vessels: -

Foreign fishing vessels < 24m:

- Number of licenses issued: -
- Number of vessels: -

Information required: foreign vessels denied a license in 2024 - Deadline: 15/2/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not license foreign flag vessels to fish in the EEZ for species managed by the IOTC in the IOTC area of competence in 2024

2. Foreign vessels were denied a license in 2024 ?

–

3. Number of licenses denied to foreign fishing vessels ?

Foreign fishing vessels \geq 24m:

- Number of licenses denied: –

Foreign fishing vessels $<$ 24m:

- Number of licenses denied: –

Information required: Official coastal State fishing License in 2024 - Deadline: 23/1/2025

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not license foreign flag vessels to fish in the EEZ for species managed by the IOTC in the IOTC area of competence

2. The template of the official coastal State fishing License with information required concerning these licenses submitted to the IOTC Secretariat ?

–

If No or Partially, please specify the reasons; if Yes or Partially, specify the date of last declaration:

–

3. The information concerning the official coastal State fishing License has been updated/changed and we submit the updated information to the IOTC Secretariat ?

–

Template official coastal State fishing license submitted?

No the –

4. All the mandatory information on official coastal State fishing License have been provided to the IOTC Secretariat ?

–

**-----
Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 3 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?**

None

Section 4 – Responsibility of all CPCs

4.1 Control of nationals

Resolution 24/09 To promote compliance by nationals of contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties with IOTC conservation and management measures



Information required: Compliance by nationals at previous session in 2024

1 - Vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at the previous session of the Commission with natural or legal persons under my jurisdiction?

- **NO - No vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at previous sessions of the Commission.**

Consult the Implementation Report for more information

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 4 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None

Section 5 – Flag State Controls (Data)

Mandatory statistical reporting requirements for IOTC CPCs - All Mandatory statistical requirements - Flag State CPCs in 2023 - Deadline: 30/6/2024

Resolution 18/07 on Measures Applicable in Case of Non-Fulfilment of Reporting Obligations in the IOTC.

Information required: Zero Catch Matrix (Species presence in the catch)

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) the zero catches matrix data for the following species?
IOTC SPECIES:

–

SHARK SPECIES:

–

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about submission zero catches matrix data - ALL FISHERIES, and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 12/04 13/05 23/06 23/07 – Interactions with Endangered, Threatened and Protected species (ETP) – Surface & Longline fisheries



Information required: Interactions with Endangered, Threatened and Protected (ETP) species – Surface & Longline Fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Interactions with ETP species for the following species ?

1.1 For interactions ETP species - Surface fisheries

- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with marine turtles reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with seabirds reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with whale sharks reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with cetaceans reported by flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.

for –

1.2 For interactions ETP species - Longline fisheries

- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with seabirds reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with marine turtles reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with whale sharks reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for fishing logbook - No interactions with cetaceans reported by longline flag vessels through fishing logbooks in 2023.
- Nil Report for observers - No interactions with marine turtles reported by longline flag vessels through observers in 2023.

for –

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–



Resolution 15/02 – Nominal catches / Retained catches – All Fisheries

Information required: Annual retained catches on board – Coastal/surface/longline fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) annual retained catches for the following species ?

1.1 For annual retained catches onboard - Coastal fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

-- For --

SHARK SPECIES :

-- For --

1.2 For annual retained catches onboard - Surface fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

-- For --

SHARK SPECIES :

-- Pour --

1.3 For Retained catches onboard - Longline fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

-- For --

SHARK SPECIES :

-- For --

Data forms submitted ? No the --

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

--

Resolution 15/02 – Nominal catches / Discarded catches – All Fisheries



Information required: Catch discarded – IOTC species, sharks, turtles, seabirds, cetaceans, whale sharks, mobulids - All fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) discarded catches data for the following species ?

IOTC SPECIES :

-- For --

SHARK SPECIES :

-- For --

MARINE TURTLE SPECIES :

-- For --

SEABIRDS SPECIES :

-- For --

CETACEANS SPECIES :

-- For --

WHALE SHARK:

--

MOBULID :

-- For --

Data forms submitted ? No the --

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Resolution 15/02 – Catch and Effort Geo-referenced – All Fisheries



Information required: Catch and effort – Coastal/surface/longline Fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Catch and Effort data for the following species/fisheries ?

1.1 Catch and Effort Geo-referenced - Coastal fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

-- For --

SHARK SPECIES :

-- For --

1.2 Catch and Effort Geo-referenced - Surface fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

-- For --

SHARK SPECIES :

-- For --

1.3 Catch and Effort Geo-referenced - Longline fisheries

IOTC SPECIES :

-- For --

SHARK SPECIES :

-- For --

Information required: FAD – Days at sea (Effort) by support vessels

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Catch and Effort data for the following species/fisheries ?

1.4 FAD – Days at sea (Effort) by supply vessels

Number of supply vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 ?

Data forms submitted ? No the --

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Resolution 15/02 – Size frequencies Geo-referenced – All Fisheries



Information required: Size Frequencies Geo-referenced – Coastal/surface/longline fisheries

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Size Frequencies data for the following species/fisheries ?

1.1 Size Frequency Geo-referenced - Coastal fisheries

IOTC SPECIES

-- For --

SHARKS SPECIES

-- For --

1.2 Size frequency Geo-referenced - Surface fisheries

IOTC SPECIES

-- For --

SHARKS SPECIES

-- For --

1.3 Size frequency geo-referenced - Longline fisheries**IOTC SPECIES**

-- For --

SHARKS SPECIES

-- For --

Data forms submitted ? No the --

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 19/02 – FAD – Set on DFAD by type - Drifting floating objects (DFOB) related activities**Information required: Drifting floating objects (DFOB) related activities (FADs set by type)**

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) FAD – Drifting floating objects (DFOB) related activities (FADs set by type) ?

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No support vessel registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023 .

Number of support vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023 ? --

Data forms submitted ? No the --

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 15/02 – FAD – Number & characteristics of supply vessels**Information required: Number & characteristics of support vessel**

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Number & characteristics of support vessels data ?

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No support vessel on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023 .

Number of support vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2023 ? --

Data forms submitted ? No the --

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

-

Resolution 23-01 - Anchored Fish Aggregating Devices (AFADs) - AFAD related activities**Information required: Data collection for AFADs**

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) AFAD related activities data ?

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO AFADs fishery fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate in 2023.

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

Resolution 19/02 – Number of active FADs



Information required: Number of active FADs at any one time (from November 2023 to October 2024)

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) Fish Aggregating Devices for the requirement Number of active FADs at any one date for the month of ?

- YES - Complete for all months.

Number of purse seine vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 ? 3

Number of supply vessel(s) registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 ? –

Months submitted ?

- November 2023
- December 2023
- January 2024
- February 2024
- March 2024
- April 2024
- May 2024
- June 2024
- July 2024
- August 2024
- September 2024
- October 2024

Data forms submitted? Yes the 02 April 2024 - 16:33

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

VOLUNTARY

UN Fish Stocks Agreement (UNFSA) - Fishing Craft Statistics

Information required: Fishing Craft Statistics

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) the fishing craft statistics ?

–

Data forms submitted ? No the –

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

–

VOLUNTARY

Articles V of the IOTC Agreement - Fish prices

Information required: Fish prices

1. Submit in e-MARIS (IOTC statistical data management system) the fish prices ?

Data forms submitted ? No the -

Comments/remarks about data submission and the implementation of this requirement ?

Any additional information(s) / remark(s) on the completion of Section 5 of the Compliance Questionnaire ?

None