



# IOTC Agreement – Article X Report of Implementation for the year 2024 (CoC22)

Deadline for submission: 12/2/2025

#### **READING NOTES:**

- This report is composed of 4 sections reporting on the implementation of IOTC Resolutions.
- Answers provided by CPCs are presented in blue text.
- A red dash ("-") indicates that no answer was provided.
- Sections in light grey are for requirements that do not apply to your CPC
- Some requirements have submission(s) deadline post IR submission date. At the time of submission of the IR, they may have not been submitted as individual requirement and they will appear blank in the IR. However, the assessment will be available in the Compliance Report CoC22.

## All sections applicable of the Implementation Report (IR) must be completed.

Consult the Assessment criteria at the end of the Implementation report (For C, P/C, NC1, NC2).

Reporting CPC: Tanzania

Date of submission: 11 January 2025 - 13:11

You can consult your previous Implementation Report by clicking here.

#### Notes:

- All dates in the Implementation report must be in the following format => dd/mm/yyyy
- All laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force must be uploaded in the requirement 1.4 named "Transposition of IOTC Conservation and Management Measures into national legislation".

#### **User Manual**

e-Maris Quick Start series: e-MARIS REPORTS: Implementation Report





# PART A – Actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement CMMs adopted by the Commission

## B.1 - Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/01 On climate change as it relates to the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission



Does not require action

## B.2 - Actions taken to implement <u>Resolution 24/02 on management of drifting fish aggregating devices (FADs) in the IOTC area of competence</u>



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure " adopted by the Commission at its 28th Session :

Tanzania has incorporated the resolution into its national regulations, implementing measures to limit the number of drifting FADs (dFADs), enhance FAD monitoring, and develop and enforce a comprehensive FAD management plan. Additionally, various Monitoring, Control, and Surveillance (MCS) activities have been undertaken in alignment with national legislation and International Conservation and Management Measures (ICMMs).

#### Information required: 2025 DFAD management plans

- 1. Did you implement the obligation?
  - YES Implemented
- 1. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels implementation of the DFADs management plan:
  - YES CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :
  - IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
  - Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
  - · Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port
  - Exchange information & coordinate activities among relevant national enforcement agencies relating to the verification of IOTC obligations

Describe: Procedure involve MCS unit at DSFA in collaboration with other departments responsible for EEZ fisheries b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are:

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- · Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
- Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing





• Sanction schemes prevent vessels from non-compliance behaviour & from engaging in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing

Describe: Procedure which govern are listed in DSFMD act of 2020 and Regulation of 2021 c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are:

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- · Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
- Fine

Describe: It is specified in the DSFMD act of 2020 and Regulation of 2021

2. DFADs management plans implemented and reported for following year(s):

- Yes for 2025
- Yes for 2024
- Yes for 2023
- Yes for 2022
- 3. Reporting/Updating the DFADs management plan:
  - · YES The 2025 DFADs management plan is uploaded below
- 4. The 2024 DFADs management plan is prepared in accordance with the Guideline (Annex I or II):
  - YES All sections are detailed

National legislation with provisions of implementation of requirements / obligations of Resolution 24/02:

TZA - Law - 2020 - DeepSeaFisheriesManagementAndDevelopmentAct No. 5of2020\_EN.pdf TZA - Law - 2021 - DeepSeaFisheriesManagementAndDevelopmentActNo.5of2020 Regulations.pdf ATF Template.pdf

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act of 2020 Section 25 and 26 Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulation, section 13.

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement: NONE

# B.3 - Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/03 On establishment of a list of vessels presumed to have carried out illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing in the IOTC area of competence



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure " adopted by the Commission at its 28th Session :

Tanzania implemented **IOTC Resolution 24/03** by strengthening national legislation to combat IUU fishing. The Deep Sea Fishing Authority (DSFA) monitored its EEZ using vessel monitoring systems, patrols, and inspections at ports to detect and report IUU activities.

## <u>DRAFT IUU VESSELS LIST</u>- IUU form - Proposal for IUU listing for Adoption at next session (CoC22)

Reporting illegal activity of vessels in 2024:





 NO - NIL report / Not applicable - CPC has NO illegal activity of vessel to report within the IOTC Area, in relation to species covered by the IOTC Agreement or by IOTC Conservation and Management Measures

## <u>DRAFT IUU VESSELS LIST</u> – Report additional information regarding vessels on the draft IUU list

Reporting additional information on vessel included in the Draft IUU Vessel List:

• NO - NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has no additional information on vessels on the Draft IUU list

#### IUU vessels list - Information for the removal of vessel from the IUU vessels list

Providing information on flag vessel on the IOTC IUU Vessels List for the purpose of delisting the vessel:

• NO - Nil report - No Tanzania flag vessel on the IOTC IUU Vessels List

Vessel(s) included in the IOTC IUU vessels list, you provide information for delisting:

Vessel 1 - - : -Vessel 2 - - : -Vessel 3 - - : -

 $\textbf{Information provided as the flag State of the vessel listed on the IOTC IUU Vessels List, \underline{demonstrates\ that}:$ 

### <u>IUU VESSELS LIST</u> – New or changed information for vessels on the IOTC IUU vessels list

Providing new or changed information for vessel on the IOTC IUU Vessel List for the purpose of updating the IOTC IUU Vessels List:

• NO - NIL report - Tanzania do not have information

For vessels in the IOTC IUU vessels list, new information on:

Vessel 1 - - - Flag -Vessel 2 - - - Flag -Vessel 3 - - - Flag vessel 4 - - - Flag -

Supporting documents and any other information related to the new/changed information:

## B.4 - Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/04 On a regional observer scheme



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure " adopted by the Commission at its 28th Session:

In 2023 and 2024, Tanzania deployed 8 Scientific Fisheries Observers in implementation of the said resolution. In addition to that, 10 Fisheries Officers are currently being trained to become Fisheries Observers.

## B.5 - Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/05 On establishing a programme for transhipment by large-scale fishing vessels







1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure " adopted by the Commission at its 28th Session :

The Resolution is transposed in the National Legislation, thus the implementation will begin when Tanzania has IOTC Registered Observers.

## <u>Information required:</u> Report on transhipments in foreign ports in 2024 - <u>Deadline:</u> 12/2/2025

- 1. Flag LSTVs have transhipped in foreign ports in 2024:
  - · YES Flag LSTVs have transhipped in foreign ports in 2024
- 2. The report on the list of LSTVs & the quantities transhipped in foreign ports in 2024, provided to the IOTC Secretariat:
  - · YES Complete
- 3. Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement:

# B.6. Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/06 On a ban on discards of bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, yellowfin tuna, and non-targeted species caught by vessels in the iotc record of authorisation that operate in the iotc area of competence



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure "Resolution 24/06 On a ban on discards of bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, yellowfin tuna, and non-targeted species caught by vessels in the iotc record of authorisation that operate in the iotc area of competence" adopted by the Commission at its 28th Session:

Tanzania has put in place measures to implement this requirement in the National Legislation and it has been implemented by conducting inspections at sea and in ports as well as deploying Observers in flagged vessels

## <u>Obligation:</u> Retention of target tuna species on board vessels in 2024 - <u>Deadline:</u> 12/2/2025

**INTEGRATION E-MARIS - Statistical Working System** 

The below figures are automatically sourced from Tanzania nominal catch reporting

BET catch declared: 1767 // BET discard declared: No discard reported ---- SKJ catch declared: 8611 // SKJ discard declared: No discard reported ---- YFT catch declared: 3314 // YFT discard declared: No discard reported

1. Did you implement the obligation?

- · YES Implemented
- 2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of Tanzania flag vessels with the obligation to retain on board and then land all bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, and yellowfin tuna caught:





- YES CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are:
  - IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
  - Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies
  - Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
  - System & procedures to ensure that persons subject to CPC jurisdiction, including beneficial owners/owners/operators comply with IOTC obligations
  - · At sea inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
  - Exchange information & coordinate activities among relevant national enforcement agencies relating to the verification of IOTC obligations

Describe: None.

- b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are:
  - Established in national law implemented by Government
  - · Established by national regulation implemented by Government
  - · Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
  - Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing

Describe: None.

- c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are:
  - Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
  - · Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
  - Fine

Describe: The Fisheries legislation has provision that enable smooth implementation of the requirement.

- 3. The obligation for all vessels to retain on board and then land all bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, and yellowfin tuna caught:
  - Is required/implemented by national legislation
- Since 17/06/2020
  - · Is required/implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law
- Since 23/04/2021
- - Reasons and the actions taken -
- 4. National legislation and ATF T&C with provision to retain on board and then land all bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, and yellowfin tuna caught :

Yes the 10 January 2025 - 10:50

Legislation: DSFA ACT 2020.pdf DSFA REGULATION 2021.pdf ATF Template.pdf

5. Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

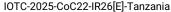
Regulation 5 (1) a - b (2),(3) of the DSFMD Regulations of 2021

#### ${\bf 6.\ Information\ on\ the\ implementation\ of\ this\ obligation:}$

None

## <u>Obligation:</u> Retention of non target species on board vessels in 2024 - <u>Deadline:-12/2/2025</u>

**INTEGRATION E-MARIS - Statistical Working System** 







## The below figures are automatically sourced from Tanzania nominal catch reporting in 2023

- · YES Implemented
- 2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of flag vessels with the obligation to retain on board and then land, to the extent practicable, the following non-targeted species or species group; other tunas, rainbow runner, dolphinfish, triggerfish, billfish, wahoo, and barracuda:
  - YES CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are:
  - IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
  - MCS strategy, policy, plan implemented by enforcement Government agencies
  - · Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
  - Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
  - Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port
  - Registration/licensing procedures Mandatory information on owners/operators which identifies beneficial owners & operators

Describe: The Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulations of 2021 and the Tanzania Tuna Fisheries Management Plan 2023-2033 describe the procedures for handling bycatch and non-targeted catches with or without economic value associated with tuna fisheries both in the areas under national jurisdiction and beyond national jurisdictions.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are:

- Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
- Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing
- Maintain compliance/infringement records
- Appropriate system for the acquisition, collection, preservation and maintenance of the integrity of evidence

Describe: The Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 R.E. 2020 and its Regulations of 2021 outlines the procedures for responding to non-compliance.

- c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are:
  - Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
  - Fine

Describe: As described above.

3. The obligation to retain on board and then land, to the extent practicable, the following non-targeted species or species group; other tunas, rainbow runner, dolphinfish, triggerfish, billfish, wahoo, and barracuda:

Is required/implemented by national legislation - Since 17/06/2020

Is required/implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish (ATF) with force of law - Since 23/04/2021

- - Reasons and actions taken -
- 4. National legislation/ATF T&C with provision to retain on board and then land all the following non-targeted species or species group; other tunas, rainbow runner, dolphinfish, triggerfish, billfish, wahoo, and barracuda:





No the -

Legislation: DSFMD ACT 2020.pdf DSFA REGULATION 2021.pdf ATF Template.pdf

5. Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement: DSFMD Regulation, Reg 5(1),(2) and (3)

#### 6. Information on the implementation of this obligation:

DSFA conducts vessel inspections to ensure that all vessels engaged in fishing and fishing related activities abides to the law, resolutions, agreements and treaties governing the resource, place both compliance and scientific observers, monitoring of vessel and routine data collection. Furthermore, DSFA supports research on tuna and tuna like fisheries to improve knowledge and make appropriate management measures.

## B.7 - Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/07 On a management procedure for skipjack tuna in the IOTC area of competence



Does not require action

## B.8 - Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/08 On a management procedure for swordfish in the IOTC area of competence



Does not require action





1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure "" adopted by the Commission at its 28th Session:

Tanzania strengthened her compliance through vessel inspections, vessel monitoring, fisheries data collection and reporting, observer scheme, capacity building and participation in regional and international meetings and workshops.

## <u>Information required:</u> Reports on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals in 2024 - <u>Deadline:</u> 10/2/2025

- 1 Reporting on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals:
  - NO NIL report for 2024 No Tanzania nationals engage in IUU fishing in the IOTC Area of Competence

Investigation reports & any other information

#### Information required: Compliance by nationals at previous sessions

- 1. Vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at previous sessions of the Commission with natural or legal persons under my jurisdiction:
  - NO No vessels have been listed on the IOTC IUU vessels list at previous sessions of the Commission.





**Investigation results** 

a - - - Action Taken b - - - Action Taken c - - - Action Taken d - - - Action Taken -

e - - - Action Taken -

2. Documents related to comments / remarks

DSFA ACT 2020.pdf DSFA REGULATION 2021.pdf ATF Template.pdf

## B.10 - Actions taken to implement Resolution 24/10 On the promotion of the implementation of IOTC conservation and management measures

Does not require action

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part A of the Implementation report ?

None



**DSFA REGULATION 2021.pdf** 



# Part B – Actions taken, under national legislation, to implement CMMs adopted by the Commission in previous Sessions which have not been reported previously

1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, to im the Commission in previous Sessions, and which have not been	
Included in the license and ATF T&C.	
2. I have taken actions, under national legislation, to implement Commission in previous Sessions.	nt conservation and management measures adopted by the
Yes - actions taken and described above	No - No action taken
Upload any document/information on actions taken :	_
ATF Template.pdf	
DSFA ACT An Act to amend certain written laws. (1) 2020.pdf	
DSFA ACT 2020.pdf	

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part B of the Implementation report ?

Deep Sea Fishing Authority (DSFA) made amendments to DSFMD Act of 2020.





## Part C – Data and information reporting requirements for CPCs to be included in this report

Resolution 10/10 - Concerning market related measures



## <u>Information required:</u> Report on imports, landings and transhipment of tuna and tuna-like fish products in ports in 2024 - Deadline: 12/2/2025

- 1. A system or procedures exist to monitor the imports, landings and transhipments of tuna and tuna-like fish products in your ports:
  - YES CPC has systems & procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements.
  - Imports/landings/transhipments of tuna & tuna-like fish products in ports, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
  - Imports/landings/transhipments of tuna & tuna-like fish products in ports, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented
  - Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies include verification of imports/landings/transhipments of tuna & tuna-like fish products in ports
  - Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance with Imports/landings/transhipments of tuna & tuna-like fish products in ports

#### As described above

- 2. Report on imports, landings and transhipments of tuna and tuna-like fish products in port is uploaded?
- Reasons: -
  - YES The report is uploaded / submitted to the IOTC Secretariat.

Total quantities (Tons) of tuna and tuna-like fish **imported** in 2024: 0 Total quantities (Tons) of tuna and tuna-like fish **landed** in 2024: 15,000 Kg Total quantities (Tons) of tuna and tuna-like fish **transhipped** in 2024: 0

Countries of export: 0

Catch areas:

IOTC

Report: Yes the 09 January 2025 - 19:41

Comments/remarks about submission and implementation of this requirement:

## Resolution 01/06 Concerning the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme



<u>Information required:</u> Annual report on the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme - Deadline: 12/2/2025

1. Did you implement the obligation?





· YES - Implemented

#### **EXPORT:**

- 2. Frozen bigeye tunas were exported in 2023:
  - YES Frozen Bigeye tuna were exported

Export country	Export TO Country	Total quantity exported (KG)	Product shape(s)
<u>1</u>	Spain (EU)	80780	• Block
2	Spain (EU)	8060	• Block
<u>3</u>	• Spain (EU)	53340	• Block
4	• Spain (EU)	27680	• Block
<u>5</u>	Mauritius	36511	Rounded weight
<u>6</u>	• Thailand	2137	Dressed weight
7	• Thailand	1903	• Other
8	• Thailand	2014	• Other
9	• Thailand	2014	• Other
10	• Thailand	2012	• Other

<sup>3.</sup> If you have exported bigeye tuna, report the result(s) of the examination between YOUR EXPORT data and the IMPORT data declared by IMPORTING CPC(s):

Ξ





 YES - We have examined the 2023 data and NO significant difference was identified between my EXPORT data and the IMPORTING DATA from CPCs

- - with CPCs - for quantity -

When significant difference(s) were identified between Tanzania EXPORT data and the IMPORTING DATA from other CPCs, report the results of the examinations below:

N/A

#### Resolution 11/02 Prohibition of fishing on data buoys



## <u>Information required:</u> Report on observations of damaged data buoys in 2024 - <u>Deadline:</u> 12/2/2025

- 1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation?
  - NIL Report / Not Applicable No report received from flag vessels in 2024

2. Reporting observations of damaged data buovs :

Obs Number	Date Obs	Location	ID information
1	<u> </u>	_	_
_			
2		_	_

Damaged data buoys observations report:

No the -

National legislation and ATF T&C with provision for fishing vessels to report any data buoys observed to be damaged or inoperable - Resolution 11/02 (6):

No the -

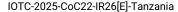
Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

#### Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles



### Reporting obligation: Report on progress of implementation of Resolution 12/04 in 2024

- Deadline: 12/2/2025
- 1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation?
  - · YES Submitted
- 2. Reporting the progress of implementation of Resolution 12/04:







· YES - Reporting progress in section 3 below

#### 3. Report on the requirements of the Resolution 12/04:

a. Collect (through logbooks and observer programs) and provide to the Scientific Committee all data on their vessels interactions with marine turtles,

Furnish information to the Scientific Committee on successful mitigation measures and other impacts on marine turtles (such as the deterioration of nesting sites & swallowing of marine debris):

Yes

Tanzania has strengthened its conservation efforts for marine turtles through key legislative measures outlined in the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act, Cap 388 of 2020. Section 21 specifically addresses Conservation and Management Measures, while Section 25 ensures the marking and protection of fishing gear, reducing harmful interactions with marine wildlife.

A significant milestone in these efforts is the development of the "National Action Plan for Conservation of Marine Turtles 2024–2029." This plan focuses on overcoming challenges related to marine turtle conservation, such as habitat degradation, and promoting coordinated strategies across sectors. It also emphasises the protection of nesting and foraging habitats, enhanced law enforcement, and community engagement to safeguard marine turtle populations, which include green, hawksbill, loggerhead, leatherback, and olive ridley turtles found in Tanzania's waters. These initiatives demonstrate Tanzania's proactive approach to securing a sustainable future for these endangeredspecies.

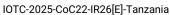
b. Require fishermen to bring aboard, if practicable, any captured hard shelled turtle that is comatose or inactive as soon as possible and foster its recovery, including aiding in its resuscitation, before safely returning it to the water. Ensure that fishermen are aware of and use proper mitigation and handling techniques and keep on board all necessary equipment for the release of turtles:

- Yes
- Fishermen are aware they are obliged to release sea turtles alive, and they know how to best handle captured turtles, The resolution has been transposed into the national legislation.
- c. For gillnet vessels: Require vessel to record all incidents involving marine turtles in the logbooks and report incidents to authorities of the CPC:
  - Yes

If a marine turtle is entangled in the net, fishers are required to stop the net roll as soon as the turtle comes out of the water; they disentangle the turtle without

Injuring it before resuming the net roll and assisting in the recovery of the turtle before returning it to the water as per the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulation of 2021. The resolution has been transposed into the national legislation

- d. For longline vessels
- (a) Ensure that longline vessels carry line cutters & de-hookers to facilitate the handling and release of marine turtles caught or entangled
- (b) Encourage use of whole finfish bait;
- (c) (c) Require vessel to record all incidents involving marine turtles in the logbooks and report incidents to authorities of the CPC.
  - Yes
- Longline vessels are required to carry line cutters & de-hookers to facilitate the handling and release of marine turtles caught or entangled as per the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulation of 2021. The resolution has been transposed into the national legislation
- e. For purse seine vessels:
- (a) Ensure that vessels:
- (i) Avoid encirclement of marine turtles, if a marine turtle is encircled/ entangled, take measures to safely release the turtle.







- (ii) Release all marine turtles observed entangled in fish aggregating devices (FADs) or fishing gear.
- (iii) If a marine turtle is entangled in the net, stop net roll as soon as the turtle comes out of the water; disentangle the turtle without injuring it before resuming the net roll; and assist the recovery of the turtle before returning it to the water.
- (iv) Carry and employ dip nets to handle turtles.
- (b) Encourage vessel to adopt FAD designs which reduce the incidence of entanglement of turtles;
- (c) Require vessel to record incidents involving marine turtles in the logbooks and report incidents to authorities of the CPC.
  - Yes
- The requirement is featured in the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Regulation of 2021, The resolution has been transposed into the national legislation.
- f. CPCs to undertake research trials of circle hooks, use of whole finfish for bait, alternative FAD designs, alternative handling techniques, gillnet design and fishing practices and other mitigation methods which may improve the mitigation of adverse effects on turtles.
  - No
- Ongoing with research initiatives and studies.
- g. CPCs continue to undertake research and development to improve the mitigation of adverse affects on marine turtles & provide research outcomes to the Scientific Committee.
  - Yes
- Ongoing with research initiatives and studies.
- h. Collaborate with the IOSEA and take into account the IOSEA MoU
  - Yes
- We are implementing MOU

## Resolution 14/05 Concerning a record of licensed foreign vessels fishing for IOTC species in the IOTC area of competence and access agreement information



#### Information required: Access agreements information in 2024 - Deadline: 12/2/2025

- 1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation?
  - NIL Report / Not Applicable CPC does not have CPC-CPC agreement in 2024
- 2. A system exist to sign Government to Government access agreement for foreign vessels to operate in your waters, within the IOTC Area:
- 3. Foreign vessels were licensed under a Government to Government access agreement:
- 4. CPC-to-CPC agreements exist and information concerning these agreements submitted to the IOTC Secretariat:
- \_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_
- 5. For each CPC/CPC agreement:
- a. The information: the CPC involved, the start and end dates of the agreement, the number of vessels and the authorised gears :

A	r CPC/CPC agreement	Agreement start date	Agreement end date	Number of vessels	Gear authorized
m	er with				
	İ				





11	L	I_	I_	L	L
2	_	_	_	_	_
3	_	_	_	_	_
4	_	_	_	_	_

The	CPC/	CPC	agreement	<b>(</b> s)	):
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6. All the mandatory information has been provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all CPC/CPC access agreement:

Specify what mandatory information are not fully provided or missing (tick the appropriate boxes):

Specify the reasons for each not fully provided or missing requirement:

## Resolution 16/08 On the prohibition of the use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids



<u>Information required:</u> Any occurrence of fishing operation undertaken with the aid of aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicle in 2024 - Deadline: 12/2/2025





### 1. Reporting occurrence of a fishing operation undertaken with the aid of aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicle in the IOTC area of competence:

Nil report for 2024 – no occurrence of vessel fishing operation with the aid of aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicle

VESSEL NAME	DATE	VESSELS IDENTIFIERS	ACTIONS TAKEN
_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_
-	_	_	_

#### Resolution 17/07 On the prohibition to use large-scale driftnets in the IOTC area



## <u>Prohibition from:</u> Using large-scale driftnets in the entire IOTC area of competence in 2024 - Deadline: 12/2/2025

- 1. Did you implement the obligation?
  - · YES Implemented
- 2. A system or procedures to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for fishing vessels to not use large scale driftnets in the IOTC area of Competence (High sea and ZEE):
  - YES CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are:
  - IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

Describe: Since licence is being offered after inspection, large scale drift nets are described not to be allowed even being in the vessel during any fishing activity

- b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are:
  - Established in national law implemented by Government
  - · Established by national regulation implemented by Government
  - Unusual situations, unexpected risks/hazards & potential/actual compliance incidents are identified by the national MCS scheme





 Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing

Describe: Since licence is being offered after inspection, large scale drift nets are described not to be allowed even being in the vessel during any fishing activity

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are:

- Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
- · Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: Notification, Specify the Offence, Specify the relevant penalty and the document would be dated and signed by DG 3. Use of large scale driftnets is banned in the IOTC area of competence (high seas and EEZ):

- · Is implemented (ban) by national legislation
- Since 17 June, 2020
  - · Is implemented by terms & conditions of authorisation to fish with force of law
- Since 23 April, 2021
- - Reasons -

#### Additional information on the implementation of this obligation:

DSFMD Regulations of 2021 has banned the use of large-scale drift net in Tanzania EEZ and high seas.

#### National legislation and/or ATF T&C with provision of the ban:

Yes The 10 January 2025 - 10:51

Legislation: DSFA ACT.pdf Regulation.pdf ATF Template.pdf

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement DSFMD Act, Reg of 2021 16 (1, 2 and 3)

## <u>Information required:</u> Report on MCS actions related to large-scale driftnet fishing - Deadline: 12/2/2025

#### Monitoring, control, and surveillance (MCS) actions:

- 1. Monitoring, control, and surveillance actions are applicable to:
  - Flagged vessels
  - Foreign vessels

#### 2. Monitoring, control, and surveillance actions are:

- · Control of flagged vessels at licensing
- Control of foreign vessels at licensing
- Inspection at sea (EEZ) of foreign vessels
- Inspection at sea (EEZ) of flagged vessels
- · Inspection at sea (High sea) of flagged vessels
- · Inspection in port of flagged vessels
- Inspection in port of foreign vessels
- Control/ban of large-scale driftnet import
- Control/ban of large-scale driftnet sale
- Actions are included in the National Plan of Action to Prevent, Deter and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing (NPOA-IUU)
- Actions are included in the national legislation





Additional MCS actions in place:

Deployment of Compliance Observers onboard flagged vessels

3. MCS actions documents :(e.g. NPOA IUU, SOP PSM, SOP Sea patrol, etc...):

Yes the 10 January 2025 - 10:51

## Resolution 18/07 On measures applicable in case of non-fulfilment of reporting obligations in the IOTC



## <u>Information required:</u> Report actions taken to implement reporting obligations & improve data collection of catches in 2024 - Deadline: 12/2/2025

1. 1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation?

For industrial fisheries:

· YES - Submitted

For artisanal/coastal fisheries:

- · YES Submitted
- 2. A recording system to collect fisheries data exists:
  - · YES A recording system to collect fisheries data exists
- 3. Mandatory data/statistics reported:
  - · YES Mandatory data/statistics reported

For Industrial fisheries:

For artisanal/coastal fisheries:

\_

### 4. Action(s) to improve data collection that facilitate improvements in compliance in terms of IOTC mandatory reporting obligations:

a. Development or improvements in the implementation of logbooks:

·Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Enhanced landing site-based sampling by equipping data collectors with essential tools and equipment, such as mobile phones, weighing scales, measuring tapes, and species identification guides, alongside regular monitoring. Additionally, comprehensive training is provided to data collectors at the landing sites to ensure accurate and reliable data collection.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

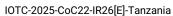
Designed a national fish catch logbook, available in both digital and printed formats, to enhance data reporting accuracy and ensure consistency.

- b. Port-based sampling or related fisheries surveys:
  - Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Landing site observers have been trained in seven out of the fourteen coastal districts to conduct landing observations and collect data effectively.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:







All licensed and flagged vessels are issued a fish catch logbook and are mandated, as a condition of their license, to report their daily catch within 24 hours.

c. National observer scheme:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Trained landing site observers are deployed in seven out of the fourteen coastal districts to carry out landing observations and data collection.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

We operate a national observer program for industrial fishing.

d. National Vessel registry:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

The registry of fishing vessels for artisanal fisheries is managed at the district level for vessels under 11 meters, while vessels exceeding 11 meters are registered by licensing officers at the Fisheries Department. Fishing vessel licenses are issued for a one-year period and are renewed annually, ensuring the registry of active vessels remains current and accurate.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Tanzania, through the Deep Sea Fishing Authority (DSFA), maintains a comprehensive register of licensed and authorized vessels. Prior to licensing, all vessels undergo thorough inspection. Additionally, Conservation and Management Measures (CMM) have been fully incorporated into national legislation.

e. Electronic data capture, VMS, or on-board electronic monitoring:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Artisanal Fishing vessels have no VMS

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Industrial vessels are required to be equipped with both Vessel Monitoring Systems (VMS) and Automatic Identification Systems (AIS).

- 5. Action(s) to improve data processing and reporting systems that facilitate submission of data to the IOTC Secretariat:
- a. Development of fisheries databases:
  - Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Enhanced eCAS and mobile data collection by providing essential equipment, tools, and comprehensive training for data collectors.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Enhanced the National Fishing Logbooks, provided observer training, supplied data collection equipment, and improved the Fisheries Information System and mobile data collection

b. Development of data dissemination systems:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

The ministry is responsible for preparing annual fisheries statistical reports, which are available on its website. The data is also provided to key stakeholders upon request.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Data are shared with regional Fisheries management

organizations, national institutions, and key stakeholders upon request. Also, DSFA has developed a dashboard to be linked with the DSFA website for data and information sharing.

- c. Frame surveys:
  - Yes





IOTC-2025-CoC22-IR26[E]-Tanzania

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Through Fisheries departments, Tanzania conducts biannual frame surveys to identify and enumerate fishing vessels. Mainland Tanzania's last Frame Survey was in 2018, and Zanzibar was 2020.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Industrial IOTC vessels are enumerated when they are issued a fishing licence or authorization to fish.

d. Coherence of data with alternative fisheries datasets:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Provision of training to data collectors on data collection and species identification, review of data collection protocols, development of user-friendly mobile data collection

applications, real-time and on-site data reporting (data cannot be uploaded if entered when not at the landing site.)

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Improved automated database reports that suit the IOTC data requirements. Reports generated by FIS contain data sets required by the IOTC.

e. Development of automated routines to process and extract IOTC data submission:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Provided training to data collectors on data collection techniques and species identification, reviewed data collection protocols, and developed user-friendly mobile data collection applications. Implemented real-time, on-site data reporting, ensuring that data cannot be uploaded unless entered at the landing site.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Improved automated database reports that suit

the IOTC data requirements. Reports generated by FIS contain data sets required by the IOTC

f. Steps to minimise data entry errors:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Fisheries data are collected and entered by an enumerator at the landing site using a mobile app with drop-down selections and can only be entered at the landing site.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Performed at the office after receiving the daily catch report, followed by a comparison with the observers' report to resolve any discrepancies or errors.

- 6. Action(s) to improve the quality and accuracy of data submitted to the IOTC Secretariat:
- a. Steps to improve data validation:
  - Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Harmonized data collection through user-friendly mobile applications, which include a drop-down feature to streamline input. The mobile app is designed to reject incorrect information and enforce character limits for data entry. All collected data is reviewed and approved by fisheries officers at both the district and national levels.

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Data validation is conducted during data entry regarding specific species.

b. Improvements in sampling coverage:

Improve sampling based on FAO guideline from three fishing vessels to five at each landing site

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:

Improve sampling based on FAO guideline from three fishing vessels to five at each landing site

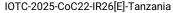
Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

We are about to embark on EM to increase coverage for flagged vessels

c. Frame surveys:

Through Fisheries departments, Tanzania conducts biannual frame surveys to identify and enumerate fishing vessels. Mainland Tanzania's last Frame Survey was in 2018, and for Zanzibar, it was in 2020

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:







Through Fisheries departments, Tanzania conducts biannual frame surveys to identify and enumerate fishing vessels. Mainland Tanzania's last Frame Survey was in 2018, and for Zanzibar, it was in 2020

Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:

Fishing vessels are countered by type and gear during licence issuing.

- d. Coherence of data with alternative fisheries datasets:
  - Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries:
Regular review of data sets collected to meet both national, regional and international requirements
Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries:
Regular review of data sets collected to meet both national, regional and international requirements
e. Comparability of data from previous years:

Yes

Measures taken and the implementation progress for artisanal (coastal) IOTC fisheries: Review of the National legislation to incorporate relevant CMMs reporting requirements. Measures taken and the implementation progress for Industrial IOTC fisheries: Review of the National legislation to incorporate relevant CMMs reporting requirements. Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement:

Specified information is found in various sections of the DSFMD Act and Regulation of 2020 and 2021 respectively

## Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence

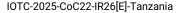


## <u>Information required:</u> Report on review of Flag State internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions on flag vessels on the RAV in 2024 - <u>Deadline:</u> 12/2/2025

- 1. Did you implement the obligation?
  - · YES Implemented
- 2. A system or procedures exist i) to review flag State internal actions, measures, punitive actions and sanctions, and ii) to monitor and to ensure compliance by vessels & persons with those obligations of Paragraphs 11 (Resolution 19/04):
  - YES CPC has system / procedure to i) review flag State internal actions and ii) to monitor & to ensure compliance by vessels & persons with those obligations of Paragraphs 11, AND action in relation to potential infringements
- a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are:
  - IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
  - MCS strategy, policy, plan implemented by enforcement Government agencies
  - Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies
  - Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
  - · Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port
  - At sea inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
  - In port inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations

Describe: As described above.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are:







- · Established in national law implemented by Government
- Established by national regulation implemented by Government
- · Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements
- Implementation of responses to non-compliance & infringements to ensure prompt control and remediation
- Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
- Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures
- · Maintain compliance/infringement records

Describe: None.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are:

- · Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
- Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
- Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish
- Fine

Describe: None.
3. Paragraph 11.a):

Fulfil in respect of the vessels the requirements and responsibilities under the IOTC Agreement and its Conservation and Management Measures:

• CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.a) in 2023 and there is no update to provide for 2024.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details: Measures:

Punitive Actions:

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Sanctions:

None.

#### 4. Paragraph 11.b):

Ensure that AFVs comply with all the relevant IOTC Conservation and Management Measures:

• CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.b) in 2023 and there is no update to provide for 2024.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details: Measures:

ivicasures.

**Punitive Actions:** 

Sanctions:

5. Paragraph 11.c):

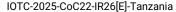
Ensure AFVs on the IOTC Record keep on board valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship:

• CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.c) in 2023 and there is no update to provide for 2024.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details: Measures:

Punitive Actions:

Pui







Sanctions:
<ul> <li>6. Paragraph 11.d):</li> <li>Ensure AFVs on the IOTC Record have no history of IUU fishing activities or that AFVs are not engaged in or associated with IUU fishing:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions &amp; measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.d) in 2023 and there is no update to provide for 2024.</li> </ul>
If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details: Measures:
Punitive Actions:
Sanctions:
<ul> <li>7. Paragraph 11.e):</li> <li>Ensure under domestic law the owners/operators of AFVs on the IOTC Record are not engaged in/associated with tuna fishing activities conducted by vessels not entered into the IOTC Record in the IOTC area of competence:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions &amp; measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.e) in 2023 and there is no update to provide for 2024.</li> </ul>
If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details: Measures:
Punitive Actions:
Sanctions:
<ul> <li>8. Paragraph 11.f):</li> <li>Ensure under domestic law the owners of the AFVs on the IOTC Record are citizens or legal entities within the flag CPCs so that any control or punitive actions can be effectively taken against them:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions &amp; measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.f) in 2023 and there is no update to provide for 2024.</li> </ul>
If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details: Measures:
Punitive Actions:
Sanctions:

National legislation and ATF T&C with provisions of the obligations under Paragraphs 11 a) to f) - flag State actions, measures, punitive actions and sanctions - Resolution 19/04 (11):

Yes The 10 January 2025 - 09:45

Legislation: DSFA ACT 2020.pdf DSFA REGULATION 2021.pdf ATF Template.pdf

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

New law enacted in 2020 i.e. the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021

<u>Information required:</u> Report on vessels engaged in fishing or transhipment and not on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2024 - <u>Deadline:</u> 5/2/2025





- 1. Reporting factual information showing that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting vessels not on the IOTC Record to be engaged in fishing and/or transhipment of tuna and tuna-like species in the IOTC area of competence:
  - NO Nil report for 2024 Tanzania has no factual information

#### Additional information:

N/A

<u>Date</u>	<u>Vessel name</u>	<u>Vessel Flag</u>	Vessel identifiers	Actions taken
_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_

#### Resolution 19/07 On Vessel Chartering in the IOTC Area of Competence



#### <u>Information required:</u> Particulars of the charter agreements in 2024 <u>Deadline:</u> 28/2/2025

- 1. Did you implement the obligation?
  - NIL Report / Not Applicable No chartered vessel and no chartering agreement in 2024
- 2. You have chartering agreements signed:
  - NO Nil report No chartered vessels and no chartering agreement in 2024
- 3. The particulars of charter agreements signed, catches, effort, observer coverage (as Chartering CP), is reported in the below table. Upload the information about these charter agreements in the UPLOAD section:

Chai ter	Start	End	Flag CP	Observer Coverage	Fishing Ef- fort	Catch	Vessel No
1	-	_	-	-	_	-	-





2	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
3	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
4	_	_	_	_	-	_	-

## Resolution 21/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence



- 1. Did you implement the obligation?
  - · YES Implemented
- 2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance, by persons/flagged vessels, with corrective actions taken by the CPC to adhere to the prescribed catch levels when subject to catch reductions due to over-catch?
  - YES CPC has system AND procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are:
  - IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
  - Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies
  - Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations
  - National monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) & enforcement system in place with adequate assets, human resources & budget for implementation
  - Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
  - Registration/licensing procedures Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations
  - · At sea inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations
  - In port inspection procedures (SOP) implemented by National MCS agencies include verification of IOTC obligations

Describe: As descibed above.

- b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are:
  - · Established in national law implemented by Government
  - Established by national regulation implemented by Government
  - Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
  - Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures
  - Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing
  - · Maintain compliance/infringement records

Describe: As described above

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are:





- · Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF

Describe: As described above.

#### Information required: Catch limits – Nominal catch of YFT in 2023 - Deadline: 12/2/2025

- 1. CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions:
  - NO NOT subject to

Fishing gear	wfin tuna reported to the IOT YFT catch of baseline year	Reduction (%)	YFT catch in 2024 (T)	Baseline year
Purse Seine	-	-	-	-
Longline	-	-	-	-
Gillnet	-	-	-	-
Pole and line	-	-	-	-

#### Information required: CPCs subject to catch reductions, over-catch, report on corrective actions taken to adhere to prescribed catch levels in 2023 - Deadline: 12/2/2025

- 1. CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions in 2023, due to over-catch in 2022?
  - NO NOT subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions in 2023, no over-catch in 2022.

YFT catch in 2022:

YFT overcatch: - Percentage: -

Corrective measures / actions are?

N/A

2. Legal Obligation - Upload the national legislation?

Yes the 10 January 2025 - 12:42

Reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement?

Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement?

#### Information required: Report on plans/status of reducing the use of supply vessels in 2024

- Deadline: 12/2/2025
- 1. Did you implement the obligation?
  - · NIL Report / Not Applicable CPC has only purse seiner (PS) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels





### 1. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the reduction of supply vessels in purse seine operations (Plan)?

- YES CPC has system AND procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are:
  - IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented
  - Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers
  - Registration/licensing procedures Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations

Describe: None.

- b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are:
  - · Established in national law implemented by Government
  - · Established by national regulation implemented by Government
  - · Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures
  - Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing

Describe: None.

- c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are:
  - Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF
  - Prohibition of fishing for a determined period
  - Fine

Describe: None

- 2. CPC has PS/SP vessels on the Record of authorized vessels?
- 3. The plan for reducing the use of supply vessel was provided for?

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part C of the Implementation report ?

None





### Part D - Data and information reporting requirements for CPCs that have objected to some Resolutions

Resolution 12/12 To prohibit the use of large-scale driftnets on the high seas in the IOTC area



Resolution 18/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence



Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part D of the Implementation report ?

None