

IOTC Agreement – Article X

Report of Implementation for the year 2025 (CoC23)

Deadline for submission: 12/3/2026

READING NOTES:

- This report is composed of 4 sections reporting on the implementation of IOTC Resolutions.
- Answers provided by CPCs are presented in **blue text**.
- A red dash ("-") indicates that no answer was provided.
- Sections in **light grey** are for requirements that do not apply to your CPC.

All sections applicable of the Implementation Report (IR) must be completed.

Consult the Assessment criteria at the end of the Implementation report (For C, P/C, NC1, NC2).

Reporting CPC: Mauritius

Date of submission: 12 March 2026 - 12:37

You can consult your previous Implementation Report for CoC 22 in e-MARIS Campaign CoC22 Assessment, by [clicking here](#).

Notes:

- All dates in the Implementation report are in the format => dd/mm/yyyy

User Manual

[The e-MARIS Compliance Questionnaire & Implementation Report](#)

PART A – Actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement CMMs adopted by the Commission

A.1 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/01 On climate change as it relates to the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission](#)



Does not require action

A.2 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/02 On the vessel monitoring system \(VMS\) programme](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/02 On the vessel monitoring system \(VMS\) programme](#) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

The Vessel Monitoring System started to operate in 2005 under the Fisheries and Marine Resources (VMS) Regulations 2005. This regulation has been reviewed and now the VMS operates under the Fisheries (Vessel Monitoring System) Regulation 2024 and the Fisheries Act 2023 which both cover the Res 25/02 including amongst others the obligation to have on board a fully operational and active Mobile Transceiver Unit, transmit identification and geographical information, regular reporting, reporting by email in case of malfunctioning of the communication equipment and interdiction to tamper or intentionally disconnect the communication equipment.

Requirement number: 4.1 - Information required: Adoption of VMS for all vessels \geq 24 m and $<$ 24 m fishing on the high seas / VMS report on implementation and technical failures - Deadline: 30/6/2025

Requirement submitted ? true the 22 May 2025 - 14:20 // Compliance assessment : C

1. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels/persons to install & operate a satellite-based vessel monitoring system (VMS)

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have vessel on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels in 2024
- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has only an artisanal/coastal fleet $<$ 24m fishing exclusively in the EEZ in 2024
- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to implement this binding reporting measure
- YES - CPC has systems AND procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- YES - CPC has ONLY systems to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements
- YES - CPC has ONLY procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by another government administration (eg. Customs, Maritime authority, Police) with institutional procedures implemented, Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations

To complete registration and licensing, all fishing vessels have to install a transponder on board to be able to report on the VMS. Otherwise, the fishing vessels will not be able to obtain Mauritian fishing licence.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government, Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements, Implementation of responses to non-compliance & infringements to ensure prompt control and remediation

Non-compliance is an offence in the national law and the licence conditions. Inspections are done by Fisheries Inspectors. Sanctions such as interdictions to leave port and fines are imposed.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF, Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish, Fine

Enquiry is carried out by Fisheries Inspectors. Results reported to higher officers of the Ministry. In some cases, the operator may be penalised for non-compliance to the VMS regulations.

d. Enter any comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

NIL

**Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:****Part I - Adoption VMS for all vessels ≥ 24 m and < 24 m fishing high seas****2. The national satellite-based vessel monitoring system has been adopted by law**

NO - Not adopted by law. Yes – Adopted by law.

Date of adoption:

08-09-2022

Part II - Report on the progress of implementation of VMS**3. VMS Reporting - Report on the progress of implementation and technical failures - VMS report completed and submitted?**

YES - Report submitted and data provided below

NO - NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have vessel on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels in 2024

NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has only an artisanal/coastal fleet < 24 m fishing exclusively in the EEZ in 2024

4. Number of vessels above 24 metres in length overall equipped with a satellite-based vessel monitoring device:

21

5. Number of vessels of less than 24 metres in length overall, operating outside the EEZ, equipped with a satellite-based vessel monitoring device:

0

6. A national Fisheries Monitoring Centre (FMC) exists:

YES - In our premise YES - Into a third-party Cloud Provider NO - NO VMS-FMC

Part III - Report on VMS technical failures**7. Technical failures :**

NO - No technical failures in 2024

YES - Technical failures in 2024:

Indicate the total number of technical failures?

0

8. Legal Obligation

Upload the national legislation with provision of requirements/obligation under Resolution 15/03 :

[230_The Fisheries_Vessel Monitoring System_Reg 2024.pdf](#)
- 22/5/2025
[THE FISHERIES ACT 2023.pdf](#)

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

The Fisheries Act 2023 Section 92
Fisheries (Vessel Monitoring System) Regulations 2024

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Section 92 Information sharing bilaterally, regionally, internationally

(1) The supervising officer may prepare and share information that falls under this Act, including fisheries statistics and vessel information, to the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations, and any international organisation or any regional organisation to which Mauritius is a party or pursuant to an international agreement, as may be required by such organisation or international agreement, taking into account any confidentiality requirements, and shall do so where required by international agreement or a relevant regional fisheries management organisation.

(2) Where the information is required, it shall be shared within a time limit that may be agreed upon or promptly upon the demand or request for such information.

The regulation was made under section 202 of the Fisheries Act 2023

c. Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of this requirement:

NONE

A.3 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/03 On establishing catch limits for skipjack tuna in the IOTC area of competence](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/03 On establishing catch limits for skipjack tuna in the IOTC area of competence](#)
adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

The Res 25/03 will be applicable to Mauritius as from 1 January 2028. Therefore, no skipjack tuna limits were imposed on the Mauritian flagged vessels for 2025.

A.4 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/04 On establishing catch limits for bigeye tuna in the IOTC area of competence](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/04 On establishing catch limits for bigeye tuna in the IOTC area of competence](#)
adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

The Res 25/04 will be applicable to Mauritius as from 1 January 2028. Therefore, no bigeye limits were imposed on the Mauritian flagged vessels for 2025.

1. Did you implement the obligation bigeye tuna catch limit ?

NO - Not implemented YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance of persons/flagged vessels with the Catch Limits for Bigeye Tuna in the Area of IOTC Competence :

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented, Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations, Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers, Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations, Registration/licensing procedures - Mandatory information on owners/operators which identifies beneficial owners & operators

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

-
-

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

-
-

d. Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

The requirement is not applicable to Mauritius. However, there is no place to select NIL REPORT/NOT APPLICABLE



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

3. CPC is reporting for the year 2024 :

- YES - Reporting in the below table. NO

Initial Catch Limit 2024 Select	Current catch 2024 (Quantity in Ton)	Balance 2024 (Quantity in Ton)	Adjusted catch limit 2024 (Quantity in Ton)	NEW catch limit 2025 [Catch limit 2024 + OR - Over/underage] (Quantity in Ton)
Mauritius AVG 2017-21 - 1768,51 t	4851.91	OVER CATCH LIMIT (+) OVERAGE OF :	NO TRANSFER -> NO AD- JUSTED CATCH LIMIT	
1768.51	-	3083.4	-	

4. CPC is reporting transfers of quota for the year 2024

- NO - Not implemented YES - Implemented

5. Legal Obligation



Upload the national legislation with provisions of implementation of requirements / obligations of Resolution 23/04 :

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

-

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

-

A.5 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/05 On establishing a programme for transhipment by large-scale fishing vessels](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/05 On establishing a programme for transhipment by large-scale fishing vessels](#) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

Sections 12 and 13 of the Fisheries Act 2023 already cater for the implementation of all conservation and management measures which have force of law once they are approved by the Minister. This CMM is also covered in the licence and the ATF through the sentence: '**The Master/Officer in Charge of the licensed fishing boat/vessel shall ensure that all IOTC Resolutions are complied with and any other Regional Fishery Management Organisation**'. Instead of specifying the Res. Number and having to modify the licence/ATF each time a Res. is superseded, this sentence covers all CMMS which are in force and which have to be complied with. A specific section namely Section 52 in the Fisheries Act 2023 is dedicated to transhipment as well as sections 146 and 147 which cater for observers onboard vessels who are responsible for collection of transhipment data and also Section 168 for prohibition of transshipping activities on vessels that are not on e-RAV list. Any person not complying with the applicable sections shall commit an offence and pay a penalty accordingly.

Requirement number: 8.1 - Information required: At sea transhipments – CPCs reports participating in the ROP in 2025 - Deadline: 15/9/2025

Requirement submitted ? true the 26 February 2025 - 10:54 // Compliance assessment : C

1 . Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - Flag LSTLVs did not tranship at sea in 2024
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No LSTLVs on the IOTC record of authorized vessel in 2024
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has not participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2024
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - LSTLVs on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels not active in 2024
- NO - Not submitted
- YES - Submitted

2. Participation in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea ?

- YES - We are participating in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea
- NO - NIL report - Flag LSTLVs did not tranship at sea in 2024
- NO - NIL report - No LSTLVs on the IOTC record of authorized vessel in 2024
- NO - NIL report - We have not participated in the IOTC regional observer programme (ROP) to monitor transhipment at sea in 2024
- NO - NIL report - LSTLVs on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels not active in 2024

3. Summary reporting

Reported ? 4 options available

Select at least one option

Additional information ?

if not reported specify the reasons & the actions taken.
If none, by default NONE is written.

YES - Complete - The 3 reports are provided

NONE



If you have provided the reports in Section 3a, 3b, 3c. There is no need to upload the reports

Upload the reports on the list of LSTLVs & the quantities transhipped in 2025, the assessment of observer reports in 2025 :

Number of LSTLVs having transhipped at sea in 2025:

13

Total quantity transhipped at sea (kg) in 2025:

2724816

Requirement number: 8.2 - Information required: Report on transhipments in foreign ports in 2025 Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 12 February 2026 - 10:17 // Compliance assessment : C

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - LSTV on the RAV not active in 2025
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No LSTV on the RAV in 2025
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - Flag LSTVs did not tranship in foreign ports in 2025
- NO - Not implemented
- YES - Implemented

2. Flagged LSTVs have transhipped in foreign ports ?

- YES - Flag LSTVs have transhipped in foreign ports in 2025
- NO - NIL report / Not applicable - Flag LSTVs did not tranship in foreign ports in 2025
- NO - NIL report / Not applicable - LSTVs on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels not active in 2025
- NO - NIL report / Not applicable - No LSTV on the IOTC Record of Authorized Vessels in 2025

3. Reporting summary:

Reported ? 4 options availables

Select at least one option

Additional information ?

if not reported specify the reasons & the actions taken.
If none, by default NONE is written.

YES - Complete - The 2 reports are provided

NONE

Number of LSTVs having transhipped in foreign port in 2025:

3

Total quantity transhipped in port (kg) in 2025:

20857000



If you have provided the reports in Section 3a, 3b. There is no need to upload the reports

Upload the report on the list of LSTVs & the quantities transhipped in foreign ports in 2025 :

A.6 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/06 On a regional observer scheme](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/06 On a regional observer scheme](#) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

There are already provisions in the Fisheries Act 2023 (Section 146, 147, 148, 149, 150 & 151) which cater for the Regional Observer Scheme under an RFMO.

A.7 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/07 On a management procedure for swordfish in the IOTC area of competence](#)



Does not require action

A.8 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/08 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/08 On the conservation of sharks caught in association with fisheries managed by IOTC](#) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

Mauritius has no fisheries targeting sharks and the vessels landing sharks at Port Louis are obliged to keep shark carcasses with the fin attached to the body. Legally, it is prohibited to remove shark fins and selling of illegally removed sharks' fins under the Section 28 of the Fisheries Act 2023. The Fisheries Inspectors monitor the landings of vessels in Port and the vessel operators are sanctioned legally for any infringement of the law. The purse seine and longline vessels' operators are always required to submit all interactions with the ETP species in the fishing logbooks. For the coastal fishery, fishermen are not allowed to catch sharks within the territorial sea of the Republic of Mauritius under the Fisheries and Marine Resources (Conservation of sharks) Regulations 2021 which came into force since December 2021. The Officers of the Fisheries Protection Service monitor the artisanal fisheries catches; thus, they also keep track of and sanction any illegal landing sharks at the Fish Landing stations or at selling points of seafood.



A.9 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/09 On the conservation of shortfin and longfin mako sharks caught in association with IOTC fisheries](#)

1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/09 On the conservation of shortfin and longfin mako sharks caught in association with IOTC fisheries](#) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

The section 28 of the Fisheries Act 2023 makes provision for the prohibition on removal and sale of illegally removed such shark fins as may prescribed or as may be required by an applicable conservation and management measures.

This CMM is also covered by the licence and the ATF in the Terms and conditions through the sentence: '**The Master/Officer in Charge of the licensed fishing boat/vessel shall ensure that all IOTC Resolutions are complied with and any other Regional Fishery Management Organisation**'.

A.10 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/10 On establishing a Technical Committee on Management Procedures](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/10 On establishing a Technical Committee on Management Procedures](#) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

Sections 12 and 13 of the Fisheries Act 2023 caters for the implementation of any measures/obligations adopted by international agreements and provide for any other activity under the Act that is relevant to the international conservation and management measures. Under the Act, all conservation and management measures shall have legal force and effect upon approval by the Minister. More specifically, as per para 4(b) of Section 12, conservation and management measures shall where appropriate, implement action plans and recommendations of the scientific committee of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation. Conservation and management measures may take into account measures recommended by any organisation or body to which Mauritius is a party.

A.11 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/11 On port state measures to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

[Resolution 25/11 On port state measures to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing](#) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

Resolution 25/11 was implemented as laid down in the Fisheries Act 2023 through rigorous Port Inspections, Monitoring of Landings and/or transshipments in port, cooperation with flag states and RFMOs, and establishment of contraventions where infringements were noted.

A.12 - Actions taken to implement [Resolution 25/12 On the promotion of the implementation of IOTC Conservation and Management Measures](#)



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

Resolution 25/12 On the promotion of the implementation of IOTC Conservation and Management Measures adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

The Implementation of international conservation and management measures is already covered under Sections 12 and 13 of the Fisheries Act 2023 where international conservation and management measures are given legal force and effect upon approval by the Minister and as per the terms and conditions of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation granted or issued under this Act.

A.13 - Actions taken to implement Recommendation 25/13 On promoting the objectives of IOTC



through cooperation with the BBNJ agreement

(the agreement under the United Nations Convention

on the Law of the Sea on the conservation

and sustainable use of marine biological diversity of areas beyond national jurisdiction)

1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

Recommendation 25/13 On promoting the objectives of IOTC through cooperation with the BBNJ agreement (the agreement under the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea on the conservation and sustainable use of marine biological diversity of areas beyond national jurisdiction) adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

Mauritius signed the agreement in September 2023 and ratified the agreement in May 2024. In 2025, Mauritius actively participated in BBNJ workshops in 2025. The main one being the workshop, hosting a major "Science to Policy" event in Port Louis from 12–14 November 2025. The workshop focused on ratification, domestication, and implementation of the BBNJ Agreement, with strong regional collaboration involving Seychelles, Monaco Explorations, and the Joint Management Area (Mauritius & Seychelles). It is to be noted that the Fisheries Act 2023 (Sections 12 and 13) caters for the implementation of international agreements and conservation and management measures.

A.14 - Actions taken to implement Recommendation 25/14 On the limitation of fishing capacity



1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, in the previous year to implement conservation and management measure

Recommendation 25/14 On the limitation of fishing capacity adopted by the Commission at its 29th Session :

In 2024, the Mauritian fleet comprised 20 tuna fishing vessels (3 Purse seiners, 1 supply and 16 longliners). This was reduced to 3 purse seiners and 1 supply as from March 2025 with the deregistration of all the longliners in March.

It is mentioned under the Fisheries Act 2023 that all functions, duties and responsibilities under the Act shall be performed in a manner consistent with a set of principles which include the following: "over-fishing and excess capacity shall be prevented or eliminated and levels of fishing effort managed so they do not exceed those commensurate with sustainable use of fisheries resources" [Section 5 (j)].

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part A of the Implementation report ?

None

Part B – Actions taken, under national legislation, to implement CMMs adopted by the Commission in previous Sessions which have not been reported previously

1. Describe the actions taken, under national legislation, to implement conservation and management measures adopted by the Commission in previous Sessions, and which have not been reported previously:

The Fisheries Act was promulgated in December 2023 and makes provision for the implementation of all conservation and management measures made under a Regional Fisheries Management Organisation. The CMMs have force of law once they are approved by the Minister. It is to be pointed out that all CMMs adopted during the IOTC Commission meeting are approved by the cabinet of Ministers to give them legal force and effect. Also in both the licence and the ATF, the sentence: **'The Master/Officer in Charge of the licensed fishing boat/vessel shall ensure that all IOTC Resolutions are complied with and any other Regional Fishery Management Organisation'** has been added to ensure compliance with all IOTC CMMs. Instead of specifying the Res. Number and having to modify the licence/ATF when the Res. is superseded, this sentence covers all CMMS which are in force and have to be complied with. Examples of newly added sections in the Fisheries Act 2023 which cater for IOTC CMMs include the FADs, observers, implementation of CMMs and data buoys amongst others.

2. I have taken actions, under national legislation, to implement conservation and management measures adopted by the Commission in previous Sessions.

Yes - actions taken and described above No - No action taken

Upload any document/information on actions taken :

-

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part B of the Implementation report ?

NONE

Part C – Data and information reporting requirements for CPCs to be included in this report

Resolution 24/03 On establishment of a list of vessels presumed to have carried out illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing in the IOTC area of competence



IUU vessel proposal

DRAFT IUU VESSELS LIST- IUU form - Proposal for IUU listing for Adoption at next session (CoC23)

This requirement is applicable to CPCs that have recorded illegal activity of vessel within the IOTC Area and in relation to species covered by the IOTC Agreement or by IOTC Conservation and Management Measures and wish to propose for IUU listing to the next session Compliance Committee for adoption by the Commission.

1. A system or procedures exist to implement this binding reporting obligation: *To prepare & submit* the IUU form

- YES - CPC has illegal activity of vessel to report within the IOTC Area, in relation to species covered by the IOTC Agreement or by IOTC Conservation and Management Measures.
- NO - NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO illegal activity of vessel to report within the IOTC Area, in relation to species covered by the IOTC Agreement or by IOTC Conservation and Management Measures
- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to implement this binding reporting measure.
- YES - CPC has system / procedure to implement this binding reporting measure

2. Reporting illegal activity of vessels in 2025 :

- YES - CPC has illegal activity of vessel to report within the IOTC Area, in relation to species covered by the IOTC Agreement or by IOTC Conservation and Management Measures.
- NO - NIL report / Not applicable - CPC has NO illegal activity of vessel to report within the IOTC Area, in relation to species covered by the IOTC Agreement or by IOTC Conservation and Management Measures

3. Summary of your IUU vessels reporting

Vessel(s) flag (Select on flag)	Vessel number (Enter the number of vessel(s)) (Ex: 3)	Vessel name(s) (List the names of ALL vessels)	Remarks (Any remarks about the vessels)
---	---	--	---

-	-	-	-
---	---	---	---

Comment Draft IUU list

DRAFT IUU VESSELS LIST - Comments and information from flag State on one vessel included on the Draft IUU Vessels List (CoC23)

The requirement is applicable to CPCs flag State that have a vessel included on the draft IUU vessels list.

1. Reporting comments and information from Mauritius flag State of vessel(s) included on the Draft IUU Vessel List:

- YES - Reporting comments and information from flag State - Mauritius - on vessels included on the Draft IUU Vessel List
- NO - NOT reporting comments and information from flag State - Mauritius - on vessels included on the Draft IUU Vessel List.

2. For vessel under your Flag - Mauritius - included on the Draft IUU Vessel List , complete the last column of the below table by providing comments/information on the vessel illegal activity as reported in the draft IUU vessel list :

Name of vessel on Draft IUU list Use name from the IOTC Circular	Vessel identifier (IRCS, NRN, IMO)	Cross Listing	Comments/information To be completed by the flag State
---	---------------------------------------	---------------	---

		<input type="checkbox"/>	
--	--	--------------------------	--

Additional comments/informations. if any?

--

Upload documents in response of the Draft IUU listing and associated documents/evidences of actions taken :

(e.g. actions taken, letters, results of court proceedings, fine imposed/paid, photographs)

3. The information provided show that the listed vessel under my flag - Mauritius - on the Draft IUU Vessel List has :

Conducted fishing activities in a manner consistent with:

- IOTC Conservation and Management Measures, in force
- Coastal State laws/regulations when fishing waters under the jurisdiction of that State, & flag State law/regulations & Authorisation to Fish
- Species that are covered by the IOTC Agreement / IOTC Conservation & Management Measures

Conducted fishing activities in a manner inconsistent with:

- IOTC Conservation and Management Measures, in force
- Coastal State laws/regulations when fishing waters under the jurisdiction of that State, & flag State law/regulations & Authorisation to Fish
- Species that are covered by the IOTC Agreement / IOTC Conservation & Management Measures

Information on vessel on draft IUU list

DRAFT IUU VESSELS LIST – Report additional information regarding vessels on the draft IUU list

The requirement is applicable to CPCs that have additional information regarding vessels on the Draft IUU vessels list.

1. Reporting additional information on vessel included in the Draft IUU Vessel List:

- YES - Reporting additional information on vessel included in the Draft IUU Vessel List
- NO - NIL report - No additional information on vessel included in the Draft IUU Vessel List

2. If yes, Indicate on which vessel included in the draft IUU vessel list you provide information on, complete the first and the last column of the below table by providing information for each vessel illegal activity as reported in the draft IUU vessel list :

Vessel name on Draft IUU list Completed by Secretariat	Flag Completed by Secretariat	Additional information
---	----------------------------------	------------------------

--	--	--

Additional informations (IR)?



[Fisheries Act 2023.pdf](#) - 3/2/2026

Upload information in response of the Draft IUU listing :

3. The information provided show that the vessels listed on the Draft IUU Vessel List(s) have:

Conducted fishing activities in a manner consistent with:

- IOTC Conservation and Management Measures, in force
- Coastal State laws/regulations when fishing waters under the jurisdiction of that State, & flag State law/regulations & Authorisation to Fish
- Species that are covered by the IOTC Agreement / IOTC Conservation & Management Measures

Conducted fishing activities in a manner inconsistent with:

- IOTC Conservation and Management Measures. in force
- Coastal State laws/regulations when fishing waters under the jurisdiction of that State, & flag State law/regulations & Authorisation to Fish
- Species that are covered by the IOTC Agreement / IOTC Conservation & Management Measures

Removal of vessel on IUU list

IUU vessels list – Information for the removal of vessel from the IUU vessels list

This requirement is applicable to CPCs that have vessel on the IOTC IUU vessels list for the purpose of delisting the vessel.

1. Providing information on flag vessel on the IOTC IUU Vessels List for the purpose of delisting the vessel:

- YES - Mauritius has information on a flag vessel on the IOTC IUU Vessels List for the purpose of delisting the vessel
- NO - No information
- NO - Nil report - No Mauritius flag vessel on the IOTC IUU Vessels List

2. Vessel(s) included in the IOTC IUU vessels list, you provide information for delisting:

Vessel on IOTC IUU list

Select the IUU vessel(s) from the list

CPC information(s) for delisting

Enter information(s) for delisting



Upload the information for delisting vessel(s) listed in the IOTC IUU vessels list:

(e.g. Documents with evidences that: 1) vessel changed ownership,
2) previous owner has no operational/legal/financial/interests,
3) new owner not participated in IUU for 5 years,
4) prosecution/sanctions concluded, 5) vessel sunk/scrapped.)

3. Information provided as the flag State of the vessel listed on the IOTC IUU Vessels List, demonstrates that:

- Mauritius has adopted measures such that the vessel Owner & all other nationals employed on that vessel that engage in fishing & fishing related activities within the IOTC Area for species covered by the IOTC Agreement comply with all IOTC CMMs.
- The vessel has changed ownership & that the new Owner can establish that the previous Owner no longer has any operational, legal, financial or real interests whether direct or indirect in the vessel or exercises control over it & that the new Owner has not participated in any IUU fishing activities in the preceding 5 years.
- The vessel has been sunk or scrapped.
- Prosecution and/or sanctions regarding the vessel that conducted IUU fishing activities has been concluded by both the nominating CPC and the flag State of the vessel.
- Mauritius is effectively assuming & will continue to effectively assume flag State responsibilities with regard to the monitoring & control of the fishing activities of this vessel.
- Mauritius has taken effective action against the Owner, Operator & Master in response to the IUU fishing activities that resulted in the vessel’s inclusion in the IUU Vessel List including prosecution & imposition of sanctions of adequate severity.

New or change information on vessel on IUU list

IUU VESSELS LIST – New or changed information for vessels on the IOTC IUU vessels list

The requirement is applicable to all CPCs that have new or changed information for vessel on the IUU Vessel List for the purpose of updating the IOTC IUU Vessels List.

1 . Providing new or changed information for vessel on the IOTC IUU Vessel List for the purpose of updating the IOTC IUU Vessels List:

- YES - Mauritius provide new or changed information for the purpose of updating the IOTC IUU Vessels List
- NO - NIL report - Mauritius do not have information

2 . For vessels in the IOTC IUU vessels list, new information on:

IUU No / Current name of vessel (previous names) / Current flag (previous flags) / Call sign (previous call signs) / Lloyds-IMO number or unique vessel identifier

Select from the IUU list (Version 26/05/2025)

-

3. The new/changed information provided relates to:

IUU Vessel	Information type	New information
Select from the list	Select from the list	Complete the field(s) for new/changed information for the vessel listed above

-

 **Upload supporting documents and any other information related to the new/changed information**



Resolution 24/09 To promote compliance by nationals of contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties with IOTC conservation and management measures

Requirement number: 7.Xg - Information required: Reports on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals in 2025 - Deadline: 10/2/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 19 January 2026 - 10:12 // Compliance assessment : -/-

1 - Reporting on actions and measures taken to investigate allegations and/or reports on IUU fishing involving nationals:

- YES - Mauritius has taken actions/measures to investigate allegations/reports on IUU fishing involving Mauritius nationals
 NO - NIL report for 2025 – No Mauritius nationals engage in IUU fishing in the IOTC Area of Competence

Investigation reports & any other information

IUU Vessel	Natural/legal person name	Investigation results	Action taken
-	-	-	-

Other actions taken & additional information to report?

-

Upload the investigation reports & any other information in the section below. If more than 4 persons to report on, make another submission.

-

Resolution 23-01 - Anchored Fish Aggregating Devices (AFADs)



Requirement number: 2.12 - Information required: AFAD management plan - Deadline: 1/1/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 29 December 2025 - 10:11 // Compliance assessment : C

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO AFADs fishery in the EEZ, fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate.
 NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has ONLY AFADs EEZ fishery for the recreational fisheries.
 NIL Report / Not Applicable - Not a coastal State located in the IOTC area of Competence.
 NO - Not implemented
 YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels implementation of the AFADs management plan

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government, Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements, Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures, Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Other sanctions (specify below)

Officers responsible for the implementation of the CMM may be asked to give the reasons for non-compliance and take the necessary actions to avoid non-compliance in the future.

d. Enter any comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

NONE



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

3. AFADs management plans reported for following years

- YES for 2023
- YES for 2024
- YES for 2025
- YES for 2026
- YES for 2027
- YES for 2028
- NO - NIL Report - CPC has NO AFADs fishery in the EEZ, fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate.
- NO - NIL Report - CPC has ONLY AFADs fishery for the recreational fisheries.
- NO - NIL Report / Not Applicable - Not a coastal State located in the IOTC area of Competence.

4. Reporting/Updating the AFADs management plan

- The 2026 AFADs management plan is uploaded below
- No AFADs management plan in 2026



[AFAD Management FAD 2026.pdf](#) - 29/12/2025

Upload the AFAD management plan :

5. The AFADs management plan is been prepared in accordance with the Guideline (Annex I)

- YES – All sections are detailed according to the Guideline (Annex I) NO - Some sections are missing

6. Legal Obligation



[The Fisheries Act 2023.pdf](#) - 29/12/2025

Upload the national legislation with provisions of implementation of requirements / obligations of Resolution 23/01:

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

The Fisheries Act 2023 Section 12 and 13

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

12. Conservation and management measures

- (1) The supervising officer shall, for the purposes of this Act, develop, implement, monitor and enforce conservation and management measures necessary to ensure the long-term sustainable use of fisheries and aquaculture resources, including measures applicable to fishing and any other activity under this Act.
- (2) Any conservation and management measure shall provide for the sustainable management and development of fisheries and aquaculture and implement obligations and standards under international agreements and international conservation and management measures and may, inter alia –
- (a) provide for allocations, areas, gear, spatial and temporal closures, effort limitation, fishing capacity, quotas, participatory rights, management of bycatch and reduction of discards and reporting;
 - (b) provide for or prohibit, inter alia, the landing, transporting, transshipping, receiving or possession of fish and fish products;
 - (c) provide for the utilisation and disposition of fish and fish products;
 - (d) regulate any activity under this Act which may have an adverse effect on living or non-living marine resources or the marine environment;
 - (e) provide for aquaculture management of operations, including in relation to facilities, species, disease and the environment;
 - (f) provide, where appropriate, for the restoration of fish stocks;
 - (g) include positive incentives for the sustainable business development of the fishing industry and for full compliance; and
 - (h) provide for any other activity under this Act that is relevant to the conservation and management of fisheries and aquaculture resources.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, conservation and management measures shall have legal force and effect –
- (a) upon approval by the Minister;
 - (b) as per the terms and conditions of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation granted or issued under this Act;
 - (c) in accordance with procedures described in section 13 concerning applicable international conservation and management measures; or
 - (d) through Fisheries Management Plans as described in section 15.
- (4) Without prejudice to the jurisdiction and sovereign rights of Mauritius over fisheries and aquaculture resources under its jurisdiction, conservation and management measures shall –
- (a) implement applicable international conservation and management measures adopted by a relevant regional fisheries management organisation in relation to –
 - (i) any fishing vessel or person in areas under the jurisdiction of Mauritius; and
 - (ii) any Mauritius national in the area of competence of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation; and
 - (b) where appropriate, implement action plans and recommendations of the scientific committee of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation, and notwithstanding paragraph (a), conservation and management measures may take into account measures recommended by any organisation or body in which Mauritius is a party.
- (5) Conservation and management measures shall be developed taking into account the objectives and principles of this Act and consultations with stakeholders to the extent possible.

13. Implementation of international conservation and management measures

- (1) The requirements of any applicable international conservation and management measure in relation to –
- (a) any operator of any Mauritius fishing vessel holding a valid and applicable licence or authorisation and is entered on the Record of Authorised Vessels of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation and authorised to fish for the species and in the area of competence under the mandate of such organisation;
 - (b) any operator of any other fishing vessel under this Act and the applicable international conservation and management measure; and
 - (c) any citizen of Mauritius, shall have full legal effect under this Act upon such public notice of the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements as the Minister may approve, and, subject to subsection (2), the obligation to comply shall apply mutatis mutandis to each of the operator of the vessel or the citizen of Mauritius.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where, for technical reasons, it is not possible for a fishing vessel to fulfil the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements under subsection (1), the supervising officer may give, for a limited period of time, an extension to allow it to fulfil the requirements.

(3) The supervising officer shall notify every holder of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation of the relevant obligations of each applicable international conservation and management measure upon its publication.

(4) Any operator of a Mauritius fishing vessel or of any other fishing vessel under this Act, or any citizen of Mauritius who contravenes any international conservation and management measure implemented under this section shall commit an offence.

Requirement number: 2.14 - Information required: Report on progress of implementation of AFADs management plans - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 04 March 2026 - 13:55 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No AFADs fishery in the EEZ, fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate.
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - We have AFADs EEZ fishery only for the recreational fisheries.
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - NO AFADs management plans was implemented and submitted to the IOTC Secretariat.
- NO - Not submitted
- YES - Submitted

2. AFADs management plans implemented and progress reports on the implementation reported for the years

- Yes for 2028 Yes for 2027 Yes for 2026 Yes for 2025
- No AFADs fishery in the EEZ, fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate.

3. Reporting the progress report on implementation of the AFADs management plan

- The report of progress on implementation of AFADs management plan is uploaded below.
- No AFADs management plan was implemented and submitted to the IOTC Secretariat.



[Res 23 01 - Progress report ANCHORED AFAD MGT PLANS MUS.pdf - 4/3/2026](#)

Upload the progress report(s) :

[REPORT ON PROGRESS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF ANCHORED FISH AGGREGATING DEVICE \(AFAD\) MANAGEMENT PLANS](#)

Describe and provide additional information on how your are implementing the obligation.

(If none, by default NONE is written)

NONE

Requirement number: 2.13 - Information required: Anchored FADs deployed, lost, abandoned, discarded and inspected - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 11 December 2025 - 09:15 // Compliance assessment : C

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO AFADs fishery fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate in 2025
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has ONLY AFADs fishery for the recreational fisheries in 2025 .
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - Not a coastal State located in the IOTC area of Competence.
- NO - Not implemented
- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation related to the deployment of AFADs, site selection & construction of AFADs, by vessels

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented, National monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) & enforcement system in place with adequate assets, human resources & budget for implementation, Exchange information & coordinate activities among relevant national enforcement agencies relating to the verification of IOTC obligations

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Other sanctions (specify below)

Officers responsible for the implementation of the CMM will have to answer for reasons of non-compliance and officially be requested to take the necessary actions to comply with this resolution.

d. Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

NONE



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

3. Anchored Fish Aggregating Devices are deployed in the EEZ

- NO AFAD deployed

Specify the reasons and provide any remarks

-

- YES - AFADs deployed in EEZ

Specify the number of AFADs deployed in the EEZ in 2025

9

Specify the number of AFADs lost, abandoned, discarded in the EEZ in 2025

2

Specify the number of AFADs inspected in 2025

9

Specify the Cumulative total number of AFADs deployed in the EEZ

28

- NIL Report - CPC has NO AFADs fishery fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate in 2025

- NIL Report - CPC has ONLY AFADs fishery for the recreational fisheries in 2025 .

4. AFADs register - reporting on Anchored Fish Aggregating Devices deployed, lost, abandoned, discarded and outcomes of inspection at sea or in port

- New AFADs deployed within the EEZ - CPC upload the AFADs register, deployed, lost, abandoned, discarded, outcomes of inspection at sea or in port, below.

- Update of the AFADs register - CPC upload the updated AFADs register, deployed, lost, abandoned, discarded, outcomes of inspection at sea or in port, below.

Upload AFAD register :

[Res 23 01 - AFAD deployed 05.05.2025.xlsx](#) - 6/5/2025
[Res 23 01 - AFAD deployed 02.07.2025.xlsx](#) - 2/7/2025
[Res 23 01 - AFAD deployed 06.08.2025.xlsx](#) - 6/8/2025
[Res 23 01 - AFAD deployed 30.09.2025.xlsx](#) - 30/9/2025
[Res 23 01 - AFAD deployed 10.12.2025.xlsx](#) - 11/12/2025

5. For the deployment of AFADs, the national legislation requires

Flag vessels deploying new AFADs or replacing existing ones take into account the nature and profile of the sea bottom when choosing a site NO YES

The upper floatation of AFADs is suitable for offshore, high current deployments by using designs which are streamlined to reduce drag and resistance to currents and waves. NO YES

Only non-entangling and non-mesh materials are used in the sub-surface aggregates of AFADs. NO YES

To construct AFADs from materials that ensure increased longevity so that they continue to retain their integrity for the longest lifespan possible. Where sub-surface aggregators are attached to the mooring line of AFADs, these aggregators are constructed from bio-degradable materials. NO YES

6. Legal Obligation



[The Fisheries Act 2023.pdf](#) - 6/5/2025

Upload national legislation with provisions of Resolution 23/01 Paragraphs 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15:

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

The Fisheries Act 2023 - Sections 46 and 123

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

Section 46 - Reporting requirements

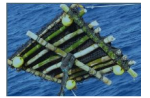
- (1) Where any person, including the operator of a fishing vessel, is required to make any report pursuant to this Act or an international conservation and management measure, such report shall be –
- true, correct and complete in every respect;
 - prepared by the person or vessel holding a valid and applicable licence or authorisation under this Act or an accredited agent;
 - submitted in the required form and format;
 - submitted at the required time or times;
 - submitted to the designated person or body;
 - certified, verified or otherwise validated as may be required.
- (2) No person shall falsify, forge, tamper with or submit any report that is false, inaccurate, misleading or incomplete in any way.
- (3) No person shall provide sales receipts as documentation in lieu of the catch documentation required pursuant to this Act.
- (4) Where estimates for any aspect of the catch may be made pursuant to this Act, no person shall submit an estimate unless –
- an estimation process officially recognised by the supervising officer is used; and
 - the supervising officer is satisfied with such proof thereof.
- (5) Any person who contravenes subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4) shall commit an offence.

Section 123 - Obligations of registered fishers

- (1) No registered fisher shall land his catch at a place other than at the fish landing station where the fishing vessel is registered, except in case of force majeure.

- (2) A fisher shall, for landing purposes, moor his fishing vessel in a radius of not more than 50 metres from the fish landing station, or within such other distance as the supervising officer may approve.
- (3) A registered fisher who lands his catch at the fish landing station shall, at the request of a fisheries enforcement officer, cause the fish to be weighed and provide such particulars on the catch as the officer may require.
- (4) A registered fisher shall, during each fishing trip and at the time of landing, take all necessary measures to store his catch in such manner and in such place as the supervising officer may approve.
- (5) A registered fisher shall, prior to proceeding on a fishing trip, inform, one day in advance, the fisheries post where the fishing vessel is registered, of the region where he intends to engage in fishing and his expected date of return.
- (6) Where a fishing vessel is not on a fishing trip, the registered fisher of the vessel shall moor the vessel at such place as the supervising officer may approve.
- (7) Any registered fisher who contravenes subsection (1), (2), (3), (4) or (6) shall commit an offence.

Resolution 24/02 on management of drifting fish aggregating devices (FADs) in the IOTC area of competence



[Resolution 19/02 Procedures on a fish aggregating devices \(FADs\) management plan - Number of active DFADs](#)
[Remain binding on OMAN]

Requirement number: 2.11 - Information required: 2026 DFAD management plans - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 11 March 2026 - 14:26 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - For 2026 no purse seine vessels / supply or support vessels fishing on Drifting Fish Aggregating Devices.
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No DFADs fishery, fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate.
- NO - Not implemented
- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for vessels implementation of the DFADs management plan :

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented, Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations, Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers, Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations, Control & enforcement regime over vessels include flag State inspection regimes at sea & in port

Enforcement with regards to obligation of vessel to implement the DFAD Management Plan exists in the form of inspection by Fisheries inspectors and observers, through submission of data through fishing and FAD logbooks and submission of information on active FADs on a monthly basis. The Ministry ensures that the FMP is prepared and submitted every year on time to the IOTC. The FMP is updated by taking into consideration any newly recommended IOTC measures or any change in the activities around the use of DFADs All these information are transposed in the FMP for transmission to the IOTC.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government, Established in administrative orders implemented by Government, Implementation of responses to non-compliance & infringements to ensure prompt control and remediation, Analysis of infringements findings to identify opportunities to improve compliance controls & monitoring procedures, Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing, Maintain compliance/infringement records

Any non-compliance is followed by an enquiry to identify the cause and meetings are held to find ways and means to avoid repetition of non-compliance.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF, Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish, Fine

Any infringement with regards to international CMMs is punishable by Law. Regarding non-compliance for submission of the FMP to the IOTC , the officer responsible for the non-compliance will be officially requested to do needful.

d. Enter any comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

NONE



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

3. DFADs management plans implemented and reported for following year(s):

- Yes for 2026
 Yes for 2025
 Yes for 2024
 Yes for 2023
 Yes for 2022
 Yes for 2021
 Yes for 2020
 Yes for 2019
 Yes for 2018
 No DFADs fishery, fishing for tuna and tuna like species under the IOTC mandate.

4. Reporting/Updating the DFADs management plan:

- YES - The 2026 DFADs management plan is uploaded below
 No DFADs management plan for 2026



Upload the DFAD management plan :

[DFAD MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR MAURITIUS FLAGGED VESSELS 2026.pdf](#) - 11/3/2026

5. The 2025 DFADs management plan is prepared in accordance with the Guideline (Annex I or II):

- YES – All sections are detailed according to the Guideline (Annex I or II)
 NO - Some sections are missing

6 . Legal obligation



Upload the national legislation with provisions of implementation of requirements / obligations of Resolution 24/02:

[MUS - Law - 2023 - FISHERIES ACT 2023.pdf](#)

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement (IR) :

THE FISHERIES ACT 2023 - Sections 12, 13, 89, 90, 91 and 92

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

12. Conservation and management measures

(1) The supervising officer shall, for the purposes of this Act, develop, implement, monitor and enforce conservation and management measures necessary to ensure the long-term sustainable use of fisheries and aquaculture resources, including measures applicable to fishing and any other activity under this Act.

(2) Any conservation and management measure shall provide for the sustainable management and development of fisheries and aquaculture and implement obligations and standards under international agreements and international conservation and management measures and may, inter alia – (a) provide for allocations, areas, gear, spatial and temporal closures, effort limitation, fishing capacity, quotas, participatory rights, management of bycatch and reduction of discards and reporting; (b) provide for or prohibit, inter alia, the landing, transporting, transshipping, receiving or possession of fish and fish products; (c) provide for the utilisation and disposition of fish and fish products; (d) regulate any activity under this Act which may have an adverse effect on living or non-living marine resources or the marine environment; (e) provide for aquaculture management of operations, including in relation to facilities, species, disease and the environment; (f) provide, where appropriate, for the restoration of fish stocks; (g) include positive incentives for the sustainable business development of the fishing industry and

for full compliance; and (h) provide for any other activity under this Act that is relevant to the conservation and management of fisheries and aquaculture resources.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, conservation and management measures shall have legal force and effect – (a) upon approval by the Minister; (b) as per the terms and conditions of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation granted or issued under this Act;

(c) in accordance with procedures described in section 13 concerning applicable international conservation and management measures; or (d) through Fisheries Management Plans as described in section 15.

(4) Without prejudice to the jurisdiction and sovereign rights of Mauritius over fisheries and aquaculture resources under its jurisdiction, conservation and management measures shall – (a) implement applicable international conservation and management measures adopted by a relevant regional fisheries management organisation in relation to – (i) any fishing vessel or person in areas under the jurisdiction of Mauritius; and (ii) any Mauritius national in the area of competence of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation; and (b) where appropriate, implement action plans and recommendations of the scientific committee of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation, and notwithstanding paragraph (a), conservation and management measures may take into account measures recommended by any organisation or body in which Mauritius is a party.

(5) Conservation and management measures shall be developed taking into account the objectives and principles of this Act and consultations with stakeholders to the extent possible.

13. Implementation of international conservation and management measures

(1) The requirements of any applicable international conservation and management measure in relation to – (a) any operator of any Mauritius fishing vessel holding a valid and applicable licence or authorisation and is entered on the Record of Authorised Vessels of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation and authorised to fish for the species and in the area of competence under the mandate of such organisation; (b) any operator of any other fishing vessel under this Act and the applicable international conservation and management measure; and (c) any citizen of Mauritius, shall have full legal effect under this Act upon such public notice of the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements as the Minister may approve, and, subject to subsection (2), the obligation to comply shall apply mutatis mutandis to each of the operator of the vessel or the citizen of Mauritius.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where, for technical reasons, it is not possible for a fishing vessel to fulfil the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements under subsection (1), the supervising officer may give, for a limited period of time, an extension to allow it to fulfil the requirements.

(3) The supervising officer shall notify every holder of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation of the relevant obligations of each applicable international conservation and management measure upon its publication.

(4) Any operator of a Mauritius fishing vessel or of any other fishing vessel under this Act, or any citizen of Mauritius who contravenes any international conservation and management measure implemented under this section shall commit an offence..

89. Establishment of information system

(1) There shall be established and maintained an information system in the Ministry with the objectives of meeting national, regional and international requirements relating to information and data, including the objectives and principles of this Act.

(2) The information system shall be available on the website of the Ministry and subject to confidentiality requirements, taking into account best international practices for transparency and accountability.

(3) The information system shall include such information that supports implementation of this Act and international conservation and management measures, including such information as the supervising officer may determine in relation to fisheries management, fishing or fishing related activities, monitoring, control and surveillance, legal and administrative matters, statistical and economic aspects and other information consistent with the objectives and principles of this Act.

(4) The supervising officer shall, where appropriate, ensure that information is released from the database and communicated to other national agencies, States and regional and international organisations in a timely manner to ensure the discharge of national, regional and international obligations of Mauritius, including as a flag State, port State and as a member of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation.

(5) A person may, on payment of such fee as may be prescribed, access any non-confidential information from the information system.

90. Information required and inspected

(1) Any person carrying out activities under this Act shall keep and maintain such records and information and supply them to the supervising officer in such form and manner as he may approve or as may be required pursuant to this Act, notwithstanding any other enactment or any applicable conservation and management measure or international agreement.

(2) The supervising officer shall ensure the collection and analysis of statistical data and other information in relation to activities and persons under this Act and the provision of data and information to a relevant regional fisheries management organisation as may be required by an applicable international conservation and management measure.

(3) The supervising officer may, for the purposes of verifying accounts, records, documents and other information required to be kept, furnished or communicated under subsection (1) direct – (a) the audit or inspection of any account, record, document, data and other information or place where

such information may be kept; (b) the audit or inspection of any fishing vessel, processing plant or other facility to which this Act applies; and (c) any person to provide further information regarding any account, record, document, data and other information kept, furnished or communicated under this Act in accordance with such time limit as he may determine.

(4) Any person who – (a) fails to keep, furnish or communicate any account, record, document, data and other information as may be required under subsection (1); or b) does not facilitate, assist or comply with the requirements for an audit or inspection undertaken under subsection (3), shall commit an offence.

91. True, complete and correct information required and destruction of documents prohibited

(1) Every person shall keep records and provide information, data and statistics as required under this Act and such records, information, data and statistics shall, at all times, be true, complete and correct and shall not be false, misleading or inaccurate.

(2) No person shall alter, destroy, erase or obliterate any – (a) declaration, certificate or other documents, information, data or statistics made or required to be made or issued under this Act; (b) label subject to this Act; or (c) required markings on fishing vessels or gear.

(3) No person shall submit to the supervising officer, the Ministry, Court, Government department or other relevant State or relevant regional fisheries management organisation, international organisation or other body or person any information or documents that are fraudulent or, in the case of written information or documents, forged.

(4) The requirements of this section shall apply to any record, information, data and statistics required under this Act without regard to whether they are submitted to the supervising officer, the Ministry, Court, Government department or other relevant State or relevant regional fisheries management organisation, international organisation or other body or person.

(5) Any person who contravenes subsection (1), (2) or (3) shall commit an offence.

92. Information sharing bilaterally, regionally, internationally

(1) The supervising officer may prepare and share information that falls under this Act, including fisheries statistics and vessel information, to the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations, and any international organisation or any regional organisation to which Mauritius is a party or pursuant to an international agreement, as may be required by such organisation or international agreement, taking into account any confidentiality requirements, and shall do so where required by international agreement or a relevant regional fisheries management organisation.

(2) Where the information is required, it shall be shared within a time limit that may be agreed

Resolution 10/10 – Concerning market related measures



Requirement number: 12.1 - Information required: Report on imports, landings and transshipment of tuna and tuna-like fish products in ports in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 05 March 2026 - 11:52 // Compliance assessment : -/-

1. A system or procedures exist to monitor the imports, landings and transshipments of tuna and tuna-like fish products in your ports?

- NO - NIL Report / Not Applicable - No import of tuna and tuna-like fish products in 2025 .
- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No landing of tuna and tuna-like fish products in ports in 2025 .
- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No transshipment of tuna and tuna-like fish products in ports in 2025 .
- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has systems & procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements.

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure are :

Procedures defined under the fisheries MCS scheme implemented by Government Agencies include verification of imports/landings/transshipments of tuna & tuna-like fish products in ports

Registration and Licensing of vessels is subject to due diligence, including their past history and ownership.

Records of registered and licensed vessels are kept up to date.

Registered and licensed vessels are monitored through logbook and VMS/AIS.

National vessels are boarded and inspected whenever they call in Port.

Import of fish and fish products is governed by Import authorisation, and landing/transshipment is monitored on a risk-assessment basis.

Upload documents on system/procedures :

2. Summary of imports, landings and transshipments of tuna and tuna-like fish products in port

NO - Report not provided

Specify the reasons and provide any remarks:

-

YES – The report is uploaded / submitted to the IOTC Secretariat.

Specify the total quantities (Tons) of tuna and tuna-like fish **imported** in 2025

85835

Specify the total quantities (Tons) of tuna and tuna-like fish **landed** in 2025

67783

Specify the total quantities (Tons) of tuna and tuna-like fish **transhipped** in 2025

21354

List all countries of export in 2025

EU.ESP-EU.España, MX.CN+TW-China+Taiwan Province China, JPN-Japan, KOR-Korea Rep., MYS-Malaysia, THA-Thailand, VNM-Viet Nam

Check catch areas in 2025 (RFMOs)

IATTC - Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission

ICCAT - International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas

WPCFC - Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission

CCSBT - Commission for the Conservation of Southern Bluefin Tuna

SIOFA - Southern Indian Ocean Fisheries Agreement

CCAMLR - Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources

NAFO - Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization

NASCO - North Atlantic Salmon Conservation Organization

SEAFO - South East Atlantic Fisheries Organisation

SPRFMO - South Pacific Regional Fisheries Management Organisation

NEAFC - North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission

APFIC - Asia-Pacific Fishery Commission

IWC - International Whaling Commission

SEAFDEC - Southeast Asian Fisheries Development Center

NIL Report - no import, landing and transshipment of tuna and tuna-like fish products in 2025

Upload the 2025 report :

If section 2 in not completed

Resolution 01/06 Concerning the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme



Requirement number: 10.3 - Information required: Annual report on the IOTC bigeye tuna statistical document programme in 2024 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 26 February 2026 - 15:39 // Compliance assessment : C

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC did not export frozen bigeye tuna in 2024
- NO - Not implemented
- YES - Implemented

EXPORT:

2. Frozen bigeye tunas were exported :

- YES - Frozen Bigeye tuna were exported NO - Frozen Bigeye tuna were NOT exported

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE IOTC BIGEYE TUNA STATISTICAL DOCUMENT PROGRAMME

Reporting country: Mauritius — Reporting period: 2025

EXPORTING information	IMPORTING information
<p align="center">Compile in this section the information from the certificate you have validated during a specific year as flag State CPC of the vessels</p>	<p>Compile in this section the information declared by the importing CPC. The information is provided by importing CPC to the Secretariat by semester (biannual import report). The Secretariat process the information and the report is produced and available in the Section above "Information from the Secretariat ". It is the information contained in this report that must be compiled in this section.</p>

Fishing Area	Fishing Gear	Point of export (Country/City/Port/High Sea)	Export to Country list	Prese-va- tion Se- lect	Shap- lect	Product weight (KG) (e.g. 25.000,59)	Country/En- tity/Fishing Entity	Prese-va- tion Se- lect	Shap- lect	Product weight (KG) (e.g. 25.000,59)
Indian Ocean	PS-Purse seine	SYC	EU.ESP-EU.España	Froze	Roun	36802	EU.ESP-EU.Es	Froze	Roun	79200
Indian Ocean	PS-Purse seine	SYC	EU.ITA-EU.Italy	Froze	Roun	877	-	-	-	-
Indian Ocean	PS-Purse seine	SYC	IDN-Indonesia	Froze	Roun	222625	IDN-Indone- sia	Froze	Other	392467
Indian Ocean	PS-Purse seine	SYC	TUN-Tunisie	Froze		19804	-	-	-	-

			Rounded weight		
Indian Ocean	LL-LonglineSYC	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 78340	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 112709
Indian Ocean	LL-LonglineMUS	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 1014597	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 1202457
Indian Ocean	LL-LonglineHigh Sea	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 625235	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 1048489
Indian Ocean	LL-LonglineSGP	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 509136	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 431596
Indian Ocean	LL-LonglineTWN	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 15480	JPN-Japan	Frozen Gilled & gutted 15480

3. Summary of your reporting of Frozen Bigeye tuna exported:

Export TO Country: **Total quantity exported (KG):** **Product shape(s) :**

JPN-Japan	2242788	Gilled & gutted
IDN-Indonesia	222625	Rounded weight
TUN-Tunisie	19804	Rounded weight
EU.ITA-EU.Italy	877	Rounded weight
EU.ESP-EU.España	36802	Rounded weight



Upload the annual report :

Optional if you have completed the 2 tables above.

4. If you have exported bigeye tuna, report the result(s) of the examination between YOUR EXPORT data and the IMPORT data declared by IMPORTING CPC(s):

Examination result ? 5 options available Select at least one option	Difference with CPC ? Select from the list	Specify total difference of quantity (KG) ? Format 1.000.000,00	Additional information ? if difference & not examine specify the reasons & the actions taken. If none, by default NONE is written.
--	---	--	--

YES - We have examined the data for @reported-for-year and significant difference(s) were identified between my EXPORT data and the IMPORTING DATA from CPCs	Japan, Spain (EU), Indonesia	780183	NONE
--	------------------------------	--------	------

When significant difference(s) were identified between your EXPORT data and the IMPORTING DATA from other CPCs, report the results of the examinations below:

(IR)

Results of examination

The difference can be explained by the fact that export of frozen tuna is effected either by containers or carrier vessels, which involve long travel times to reach destination. Therefore, exports of frozen tuna during the end of 2023 may have reached destination in 2024, and exports during the end of 2024 may have reached destination in 2025.

It is to be noted that this issue will continue to persist and every time the same explanation is being provided. It is requested that the Secretariat recognizes this issue.

Resolution 11/02 Prohibition of fishing on data buoys



Requirement number: 2.22 - Information required: Report on observations of damaged data buoys in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 09 March 2026 - 15:22 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have fishing vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No report received from flag vessels in 2025
- NO - Not submitted
- YES - Submitted

2. Reporting observations of damaged data buoys :

Obs Number Number of the observation (1,2, 3....)	Date Obs Pick date	Location Latitude and longitude (e.g. 45° 46' 52" N 108° 30' 14" W)	ID information Any discernible identifying information contained on the data buoy
--	-----------------------	---	--

0

Any additional information to report ?

As per logbooks, vessels have not encountered any damaged buoy in 2025.

- The report on observations of damaged data buoys is provided above and/or uploaded below.
 - NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have fishing vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence
 - NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No report received from flag vessels in 2025
-

Resolution 12/04 On the conservation of marine turtles



Requirement number: 6.9 - Reporting obligation: Report on progress of implementation of Resolution 12/04 in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 09 March 2026 - 16:00 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has no fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2025 AND CPC is not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence.
- NO - Not submitted
- YES - Submitted

2. Reporting the progress of implementation of Resolution 12/04:

- YES - Reporting progress in section 3 below
- NO - NOT reporting progress
- NO - NIL report - No vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels AND no artisanal/coastal fisheries in 2025

3. Report on the requirements of the Resolution 12/04:

a. Collect (through logbooks and observer programs) and provide to the Scientific Committee all data on their vessels interactions with marine turtles,

Furnish information to the Scientific Committee on successful mitigation measures and other impacts on marine turtles (such as the deterioration of nesting sites & swallowing of marine debris):

- YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025
- NO - 3.a) is not applicable - No vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels (RAV)

Progress of implementation:

A collaborative project between Ministries, NGOs and Private sectors was set up in 2015. In 2016, a Technical Group was set up to carry out surveys in Mauritius and Outer Islands on nesting sites have been identified to gather any information on turtle tracks, nest or poaching. A Stakeholder's Committee meeting took place every two months for reporting. The committee is chaired by the Albion Fisheries Research Centre under the then Ministry of Blue Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries & Shipping. Since 2020, due to Covid-19, the committee has been inactive. The now Ministry of Agro-Industry, Food Security, Blue Economy and Fisheries (Blue Economy & Fisheries Division) will re-activate the committee in 2026 with the collaboration of NGOs, academic institutions, IOSEA signatories and other Ministries.

b. Require fishermen to bring aboard, if practicable, any captured hard shelled turtle that is comatose or inactive as soon as possible and foster its recovery, including aiding in its resuscitation, before safely returning it to the water. Ensure that fishermen are aware of and use proper mitigation and handling techniques and keep on board all necessary equipment for the release of turtles:

- YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025
- NO - 3.b) is not applicable - No vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels (RAV)

Progress of implementation:

“Marine Turtles Identification Cards for Indian Ocean Fisheries” have been distributed to fishermen and agents, whereby it has been clearly demonstrated how to release hooked turtles. Also, fishermen are aware that it is mandatory to carry line cutters and de-hookers on board their boats/vessels

c. For gillnet vessels: Require vessel to record all incidents involving marine turtles in the logbooks and report incidents to authorities of the CPC:

YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025

NO - 3.c) is not applicable - No gillnet vessel on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels (RAV)

Progress of implementation:

NONE

d. For longline vessels

(a) Ensure that longline vessels carry line cutters & de-hookers to facilitate the handling and release of marine turtles caught or entangled

(b) Encourage use of whole finfish bait;

(c) Require vessel to record all incidents involving marine turtles in the logbooks and report incidents to authorities of the CPC.

YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025

NO - 3.d) is not applicable - No longline vessel on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels (RAV)

Progress of implementation:

The agents of Mauritius-flagged and foreign-flagged have been advised to sensitise the operators of longliners on the mandatory possession of line cutters and de-hookers on board their vessels, as specified in Resolution 12/04 and verification sessions on board the longliners are undertaken by the Port State Officers. Operators use finfish baits such as horse mackerel. Skippers have been instructed to record any encounter with marine turtles in the 'REMARK' column of the logbook.

e. For purse seine vessels:

(a) Ensure that vessels:

(i) Avoid encirclement of marine turtles, if a marine turtle is encircled/ entangled, take measures to safely release the turtle.

(ii) Release all marine turtles observed entangled in fish aggregating devices (FADs) or fishing gear.

(iii) If a marine turtle is entangled in the net, stop net roll as soon as the turtle comes out of the water; disentangle the turtle without injuring it before resuming the net roll; and assist the recovery of the turtle before returning it to the water.

(iv) Carry and employ dip nets to handle turtles.

(b) Encourage vessel to adopt FAD designs which reduce the incidence of entanglement of turtles;

(c) Require vessel to record incidents involving marine turtles in the logbooks and report incidents to authorities of the CPC.

YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025

NO - 3.e) is not applicable - No purse seine vessel on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels (RAV)

Progress of implementation:

Licensed purse seiners have been notified about the mitigation measures proposed under this resolution. The Mauritius-flagged purse seiners make use of non-entangling FADs so as to prevent entangling of marine turtles and are equipped with dip nets as well. Furthermore, marine turtles and their eggs are protected by the Mauritian law as specified in Sections 23 and 83 of the Fisheries Act 2023. Moreover, the requirements of Resolution 12/04 are considered as mandatory in the licence and authorisation to fish, issued by Mauritius. Also, 'Marine Turtle Identification Cards – for Indian Ocean Fisheries' depicting different species of turtles, techniques of releasing hooked turtles as well as some literature related to the ecology, threats; amongst others, have been distributed to all masters and agents of the Mauritius-flagged vessels. The Mauritius flagged purse seiners have deployed only eco-friendly and non-entangling FADs to minimise the risk of turtle or shark entanglement.

f. CPCs to undertake research trials of circle hooks, use of whole finfish for bait, alternative FAD designs, alternative handling techniques, gillnet design and fishing practices and other mitigation methods which may improve the mitigation of adverse effects on turtles.

YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025

Progress of implementation:

The Mauritian purse seiner fleet is planning to undertake further research so as to improve the selectivity of the drifting FADs with regards to the protection of marine turtles and new good practices to release entangled marine turtles unharmed. The purse seiners have already started to make use of biofads.

g. CPCs continue to undertake research and development to improve the mitigation of adverse affects on marine turtles & provide research outcomes to the Scientific Committee.

YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025

Progress of implementation:

A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was signed between the Fisheries Division and the 'Centre D'Etudes des Tortues Marine' (CEDTM) of Reunion Island in 2025. The MoU focuses on turtle management, specifically in the areas of conservation, technical exchange, technology transfer, data sharing, and research on marine turtles, for mutual benefit. Research was undertaken by Marine Discovery Centre in collaboration with the MOL Charitable Trust for assessing spatial and temporal abundance and behaviour of sea turtles in the northern and southeast lagoons of Mauritius. The project is expected to continue in 2026 for determination of the long-term trends in sea turtle abundance, behaviour, and habitat use across surveyed lagoons. Number of dead turtles for 2025: 14. The Albion Fisheries Research Centre provides a 24 hour service to attend to cases of injured, stranded and dead sea turtles.

h. Collaborate with the IOSEA and take into account the IOSEA MoU

YES - 2025 progress are reported below NO - No progress in 2025

Progress of implementation:

Mauritius works in collaborating with the IOSEA

Resolution 14/05 Concerning a record of licensed foreign vessels fishing for IOTC species in the IOTC area of competence and access agreement information



Requirement number: 3.9 - Information required: Access agreements information in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 04 March 2026 - 14:11 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC does not have CPC-CPC agreement in 2025
 NO - Not submitted
 YES - Submitted

2. A system exist to sign Government to Government access agreement for foreign vessels to operate in your waters, within the IOTC Area:

- YES – A system exists exist to sign Government to Government access agreement
 NO – A system does NOT exist to sign Government to Government access agreement

3. Foreign vessels were licensed under a Government to Government access agreement:

- YES - Foreign vessels were licensed in 2025 under a Government (CPC) to Government (CPC) access agreement
 NO – NIL report - No foreign flag vessels licensed under a Government (CPC) to Government (CPC) access agreement

4. CPC-to-CPC agreements exist and information concerning these agreements submitted to the IOTC Secretariat:

NO Specify the reasons and the actions taken to report:

-

YES - Partial Specify the reasons and the actions taken to report:

-

YES - Complet Any additional information ?

-

5. For each CPC/CPC agreement:

a. The information: the CPC involved, the start and end dates of the agreement, the number of vessels and the authorised gears :

<u>CPC/CPC agreement with:</u>	<u>Agreement start date:</u>	<u>Agreement end date:</u>	<u>Number of ves-sels:</u>	<u>Gear authorized:</u>
--------------------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	-------------------------

1	European Union (EU)	21.12.2022	21.12.2026	95	Drifting longline, Tuna purse seine
2	Japan	17.04.2009	Renewable every 2 years	50	Drifting longline
3	-	-	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-	-


5. For each CPC/CPC agreement:

b. Provide the information: the quota or catch limit, MCS measures, data reporting obligation concerning these agreements and complete the below table:

No	<u>Stock/species covered</u>	<u>CPC's quota or catch limit:</u>	<u>Data reporting obligations of the agreement:</u>	<u>MCS measures required by the flag CPC & coastal CPC:</u>
1	Tuna & tuna-like species	5500 tons/year	Catch reporting, ERS, Catch reporting: entering/leaving EEZ, Periodic catch reporting in EEZ, Fishing logbook	Landings, Transshipment, Vessels Monitoring System, Enforcement & sanctions, Fishing authorisations, Port inspection, Register of fishing masters
2	Tuna & tuna-like species	NIL	Catch reporting, ERS, Periodic catch reporting in EEZ, Catch reporting: entering/leaving EEZ, Fishing logbook	Vessels Monitoring System, Landings, Transshipment, Port inspection, Register of fishing masters, Fishing authorisations, Enforcement & sanctions
3	-	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-

5. For each CPC/CPC agreement:

Upload:



Upload the CPC/CPC agreement(s) :

[Fishing Agreement with Japan Tuna dated 17Apr09.pdf - 4/3/2026](#)
[Protocol - EU Fisheries Partnership Agreement \(1\).pdf - 4/3/2026](#)

6. All the mandatory information provided to the IOTC Secretariat for all CPC/CPC access agreement

No Yes – Partially Yes – Complete

Specify what mandatory information are not fully provided or missing :

Select one or more options

ALL information have been provided

Specify the reasons for each not fully provided or missing requirement:

NONE

Resolution 16/08 On the prohibition of the use of aircrafts and unmanned aerial vehicles as fishing aids



Requirement number: 2.16x - Information required: Any occurrence of fishing operation undertaken with the aid of aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicle in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 04 March 2026 - 13:54 // Compliance assessment : -/-

1. Reporting occurrence of a fishing operation undertaken with the aid of aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicle in the IOTC area of competence:

- Occurrence of a vessel fishing operation with the aid of aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicle in 2025
 Nil report for 2025 – no occurrence of vessel fishing operation with the aid of aircraft or unmanned aerial vehicle

VESSEL NAME <i>Full name of the vessel</i>	DATE <i>dd/mm/yyyy</i>	VESSELS IDENTIFIERS <i>IMO, IRCS, registration number, etc...</i>	ACTIONS TAKEN <i>Any State actions: MCS, IUU listing, legal actions</i>

Resolution 17/07 On the prohibition to use large-scale driftnets in the IOTC area



Requirement number: 2.8 - Prohibition from: Using large-scale driftnets in the entire IOTC area of competence in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 04 March 2026 - 14:11 // Compliance assessment : C

1. Did you implement the obligation ?

- NO - Not implemented YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures to monitor and to ensure compliance with the obligation for fishing vessels to not use large scale driftnets in the IOTC area of Competence (High sea and ZEE):

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
 YES - CPC has system / procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented, Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations, Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations

This requirement is banned by law. This is monitored by inspections in port and at sea by Fisheries inspectors and observers deployed on board.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government, Established in administrative orders implemented by Government, Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing, Maintain compliance/infringement records

Enquiry is carried out by fisheries inspectors. Evidence is secured for legal purposes then case is referred to the prosecution unit.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF, Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish, Fine
Case will be referred to the Court for legal prosecution

d. Enter any comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

NONE



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

3. Use of large scale driftnets is banned in the IOTC area of competence (high seas and EEZ):

Implemented ?

Select at least one option

If Implemented - since ?

Select a date from the calendar

Additional information ?

if not ban/implemented specify the reasons & the actions taken to transpose the obligation.
If none, by default NONE is written.

Implemented (ban) ONLY by national law

18-11-2023

NONE

-

-

NONE

B.1 - Ban of large scale driftnets in the IOTC area of competence (high sea and EEZ)

3. Use of large scale driftnets is banned in the IOTC area of competence (high seas and EEZ)

Implemented ?

Select at least one option

If Implemented - since ?

Select a date from the calendar

Additional information ?

if not ban/implemented specify the reasons & the actions taken to transpose the obligation.
If none, by default NONE is written.

Implemented (ban) ONLY by national law

18-11-2023

NONE

-	NONE
---	------

B.2 - Monitoring, control, and surveillance (MCS) actions

4. Monitoring, control, and surveillance actions are applicable to :

- Flagged vessels Foreign vessels

5. Monitoring, control, and surveillance actions are:

- Control of flagged vessels at licensing
- Control of foreign vessels at licensing
- Inspection at sea (EEZ) of foreign vessels
- Inspection at sea (EEZ) of flagged vessels
- Inspection at sea (High sea) of flagged vessels
- Inspection in port of flagged vessels
- Inspection in port of foreign vessels
- Control/ban of large-scale driftnet import
- Control/ban of large-scale driftnet sale
- Actions are included in the National Plan of Action to Prevent, Deter and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing (NPOA-IUU)
- Actions are included in the national legislation

If there are additional MCS actions in place, please specify below - If none, NONE is written

NONE



Upload MCS actions documents :

(e.g. NPOA IUU, SOP PSM, SOP Sea patrol, etc...)

6. Legal Obligation



Upload the national legislation and/or ATF T&C with provision of the ban :

- [MUS - LawATF - 2025 - ATF LL.pdf](#) - 4/3/2026
- [MUS - LawATF - 2025 - ATF PS.pdf](#) - 4/3/2026
- [The Fisheries Act 2023.pdf](#) - 4/3/2026

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

THE FISHERIES ACT 2023 Section 29

b. Enter the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

29. Prohibition to use large-scale driftnets and demersal trawl nets

(1) The operator of a fishing vessel in the maritime zones of Mauritius or of a Mauritius fishing vessel in the area of competence of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation or otherwise beyond areas of national jurisdiction shall not use large-scale driftnets or demersal trawl nets except for research purposes.

- (2) An operator of a fishing vessel shall be presumed to have used large-scale driftnets or demersal trawl nets where the vessel is found operating in the maritime zones of Mauritius or in the area of competence of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation and it is configured to use large-scale driftnets or demersal trawl nets.
- (3) The operator of a fishing vessel that is configured to use large-scale driftnets or demersal trawl nets shall ensure that such driftnets, demersal trawl nets and related fishing equipment are stowed or secured in such a manner that they are not readily available to be used for fishing.
- (4) For the purpose of subsection (3), "configured to use large-scale driftnets" means having on board assembled gear that collectively would allow the fishing vessel to deploy and retrieve large-scale driftnets.
- (5) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) or (3) shall commit an offence.
- (6) Where an operator is convicted for an offence under this section, the prohibited gear shall be forfeited and be returned to the State.

Resolution 18/07 On measures applicable in case of non-fulfilment of reporting obligations in the IOTC



Requirement number: 2.21 - Information required: Report actions taken to implement reporting obligations & improve data collection of catches in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 11 March 2026 - 10:16 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1. Did you submit the data/report/information of this reporting obligation ? For industrial fisheries and For artisanal/coastal fisheries

For industrial fisheries

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - Only engaged in transshipment activities involving carrier vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels
- NO - Not submitted
- YES - Submitted

For artisanal/coastal fisheries:

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No coastal fisheries active in the IOTC Area of Competence
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – CPC located outside the IOTC Area of Competence
- NO - Not submitted
- YES - Submitted

2. A recording system to collect fisheries data exists

- NO - A recording system does NOT exist to collect fisheries data
- YES - A recording system to collect fisheries data exists

3. Mandatory data/statistics reported

- NO - Mandatory data/statistics NOT reported YES - Mandatory data/statistics reported

For Industrial fisheries:

- NIL report - No fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels
- NIL report - No fishing vessels active in the IOTC Area of Competence
- NIL report - Only engaged in transshipment activities involving carrier vessels registered on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels

For artisanal/coastal fisheries:

Tick one or more boxes

- NIL report - No coastal fisheries active in the IOTC Area of Competence
- NIL report - Not a coastal State of the IOTC Area of Competence – CPC located outside the IOTC Area of Competence

4. Action(s) to improve data collection that facilitate improvements in compliance in terms of IOTC mandatory reporting obligations

a. Development or improvements in the implementation of logbooks:

- Yes
 No
- Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:**
- Catch data are recorded by the Officers of the Fisheries Protection Service when the FAD fishermen unload their catch at various Fish Landing Station; A data collection sheet has been devised to improve first the type of data then the data collection itself.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Mauritius has implemented the Electronic Reporting System (ERS). And through the software, Mauritius ensures that all vessels flying its flag report their daily activities for each fishing trip on the ERS. This is provided for in the Fisheries Act 2023 and Fisheries (Electronic Reporting Systems) Regulations 2024. Logbooks are verified prior to unloading by inspectors at the Port State Control Unit while the fishing positions are cross-checked against VMS positions recorded in the Fisheries Monitoring Centre. Landing data is checked against logbook data for consistency.

b. Port-based sampling or related fisheries surveys:

- Yes
 No
- Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:**
- The Coastal FAD fishermen do not land in port. They land their catch at prescribed Fish Landing Stations where morphometric samplings are carried out.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Port Sampling program started since the coming into operation of the first Mauritian purse seiners in the 1980's. Sampling exercises are carried out on the catch of tuna which are unloaded in port by tuna licensed fishing vessels. Data collection sheets have been designed accordingly to enable the recording of length, weight and species composition data.

c. National observer scheme:

- Yes
 No
- Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:**
- No observer is deployed as the boats which are involved in the Coastal FAD fishery are small embarkations of 9-10 meters. Catch are monitored by Officers of the Fisheries Protection Service.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Mauritius has been participating in the Regional Observer Scheme since 2015. Since 2020, there has not been any observer deployment onboard the Mauritian fleet due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Port State Control Unit has prepared a list of 24 Officers to acts as observers. Once the observers have been trained, they will be deployed on boards vessels.

d. National Vessel registry:

- Yes
 No
- Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:**
- All fishing boats involved in the artisanal fishery have to be registered with the Ministry. The registry of those boats are maintained and monitored by Officers of the Fisheries Protection Service. It is to be pointed out that the boats which are involved in the coastal FAD fishery are also involved in other types of artisanal fishery.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Operators/owners/agents have to submit all information and necessary documents pertaining to their vessels prior to registration. All documents are thoroughly verified and the vessels are checked against IUU lists before registration. There is a vessel registry where all the specifications of the vessels are recorded.

e. Electronic data capture, VMS, or on-board electronic monitoring:

- Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

The boats involved in the artisanal FAD fishery do not go beyond the EEZ of Mauritius, they fish around the FADs which are located about 12nm from the shoreline of Mauritius. These boats are small embarkations which do not fall under the VMS regulations.

Industrial IOTC fisheries - Measures taken & implementation progress:

The VMS is operational since 2005. All Mauritian-Flagged vessels and foreign licensed vessels are monitored at our Fisheries Monitoring Centre. Reporting of VMS position are mandatory as per the VMS regulation. An Electronic Reporting System (ERS) will be operational soon to improve on the monitoring of the fishing activities in the EEZ.

5. Action(s) to improve data processing and reporting systems that facilitate submission of data to the IOTC Secretariat:

Tick the boxes and describe.

a. Development of fisheries databases

- Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

For the time being data are compiled using an excel spreadsheet. No catch data is being recorded due to staffing and budgetary constraints of the Fisheries Protection Service.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Following capacity building exercises carried out by the IOTC Secretariat in Mauritius, there is now a better understanding of the data processing and reporting requirements. For the time being data are compiled using an excel spreadsheet.

b. Development of data dissemination systems

- Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Data are usually transmitted to the IOTC Secretariat yearly as per established calendar, however in 2025 no catch data has been recorded due to staffing and budgetary constraints of the Fisheries Protection Service.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Data are transmitted to the IOTC Secretariat yearly as per established calendar.

c. Frame surveys

- Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Data and information on the Coastal FAD fishery are available from the Fisheries Protection Service. Fishermen involved in the coastal artisanal fishery may be interviewed as and when required during sampling activities.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

The industrial fleet comprises 3 purse seiners, 1 supply and 12 industrial longliners. Data and information on the fleets are easily available. All data that are collected during field works are input in database, specific to each fishery. Data are also available from different sections of the Ministry like the Import /Export Section, the licensing and the Port State Control Unit. Other information on the industry like employment or processing capacity are obtained from vessel owners/operators and processors.

d. Coherence of data with alternative fisheries datasets

- Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

The catch are collected directly from the fisherman during unloading.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:

Data collected from fishing logbooks are counter verified with landing data. The information which are obtained from the logbooks are also counter checked with

the VMS section and the Port State Control Unit.

e. Development of automated routines to process and extract IOTC data submission

Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
From input to data submission, a series of verification are done systematically. Verification are done periodically to look for potential mistakes. After verification and processing, the data are transposed to the IOTC templates.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
From input to data submission, a series of verification are done systematically. Verification are done periodically to look for potential mistakes. During processing, any data (for e.g catch/day, fishing positions etc) which look out of the normal range are re-verified against the raw data. After verification and processing, the data are transposed to the IOTC templates.

f. Steps to minimise data entry errors

Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
In case of doubts, figures are re-confirmed with officers of the Fisheries Protection Service.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
After the input of each fishing logbook, the total obtained from the database are verified against the total given in the logbooks. Checks are carried out on several or mostly all parameters. For example, catch cannot be reported if there is a null set. Several conditional verifications are carried out to exclude any mistakes.

6. Action(s) to improve the quality and accuracy of data submitted to the IOTC Secretariat:

Tick the boxes and describe.

a. Steps to improve data validation

Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
From input to data submission, a series of verification are done systematically. Verification are done periodically to look for potential mistakes. During processing, any data which look out of the normal range are re-verified against the raw data. After verification and processing, the data are transposed to the IOTC templates

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
From input to data submission, a series of verification are done systematically. Verification are done periodically to look for potential mistakes. If need be, operator are contacted for data review. During processing, any data (for e.g catch/day, fishing positions etc) which look out of the normal range are re-verified against the raw data. After verification and processing, the data are transposed to the IOTC templates.

b. Improvements in sampling coverage

Yes
 No

Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
Random sampling is carried out on a regular basis.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
Sampling is set as a priority for all the fishery. With regard to the Mauritius flagged purse seiners, they unload mostly in Seychelles. Arrangements has been made with operator for submission of length frequency data which are collected in Seychelles. However, sampling is covered each time the purse seiners call at Port Louis.

c. Frame surveys

Yes **Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:**
 No
 Fishermen are queried during sampling programmes and the Fisheries Protection Service remains available to provide any information/query.

Industrial IOTC fisheries - Measures taken & implementation progress:
 Vessel operators and owners are regularly contacted for any queries regarding data which are submitted in the fishing e-logbooks. Regular meetings are also held with them regarding submission of data and the various requirements of the IOTC.

d. Coherence of data with alternative fisheries datasets

Yes **Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:**
 No
 Catch Data may be correlated with sampling data

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
 Logbook catch and sampling data are usually compared to data obtained from observers, VMS and those available on the IOTC website.

e. Comparability of data from previous years

Yes **Artisanal (coastal) fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:**
 No
 A regular comparison is made with data from previous years to see the various trends in the fishery data based any noticeable change in the fishing activities.

Industrial fisheries - Measures taken, implementation progress:
 A regular comparison is made with data from previous years to see the various trends in the fishery data based any noticeable change in the fishing activities.

Resolution 19/04 Concerning the IOTC record of vessels authorised to operate in the IOTC area of competence



Requirement number: 2.28 - Information required: Report on review of Flag State internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions on flag vessels on the RAV in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 04 March 2026 - 14:10 // Compliance assessment : C

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has no vessels on the Record of authorised vessels operating in the IOTC Area of Competence in 2025
- NO - Not implemented
- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist i) to review flag State internal actions, measures, punitive actions and sanctions, and ii) to monitor and to ensure compliance by vessels & persons with those obligations of Paragraphs 11 (Resolution 19/04)

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to i) review flag State internal actions and ii) to monitor & to ensure compliance by vessels & persons with those obligations of Paragraphs 11, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has system / procedure to i) review flag State internal actions and ii) to monitor & to ensure compliance by vessels & persons with those obligations of Paragraphs 11, AND action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented, Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations, Registration/licensing procedures - Prior assessment of vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with national & IOTC obligations, Maintain national records of all vessels & current beneficial owners/owners/operators authorized to undertake fishing subject to CPC jurisdiction

All registered vessels are monitored for compliance with Terms and conditions of ATF and the national law. A registry is kept on all the registered vessels. Monitoring is done through MCS and collection of logbooks.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government, Established in administrative orders implemented by Government, Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures, Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to comply & prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing

Enquiry is done by inspectors and evidence secured for legal action if needed. Corrective actions are imposed on operators to revise the non-compliance

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF, Forfeiture of property such as vessel, gear, and fish, Fine , Other sanctions (specify below)
Case may be referred to court for legal actions or decision take to revoke licence.

d. Enter any comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

Meetings are held periodically with all concerned sections to review the actions necessary to implement the above requirement.



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

3. Paragraph 11.a):

Fulfil in respect of the vessels the requirements and responsibilities under the IOTC Agreement and its Conservation and Management Measures

Please specify below:

- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraph 11.a) in 2025 and include in the below table the internal actions, punitive actions and sanctions
- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.a) in 2024 and there is no update to provide for 2025.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details

Measures Mechanism to transpose IOTC Resolutions in national legislation, Mechanism to implement IOTC Resolutions through administrative orders, National monitoring, control, surveillance and enforcement system in place

Punitive actions Legal based scheme, Administrative based scheme, Applied to operator, Applied to captain, Applied to owner, Administrative punitive actions, Legal punitive actions, Suspends/cancels/revokes a licence/ATF, Forfeiture to Mauritius of fishing vessel, any gear or article used in the commission of the offence, Forfeiture of any fish caught/on board, Vessel master prohibited from operating/boarding any fishing vessel in Mauritius waters for a period, Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Sanctions Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Any other measures/punitive actions/sanctions? Specify :

4. Paragraph 11.b):

Ensure that AFVs comply with all the relevant IOTC Conservation and Management Measures

- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraph 11.b) in 2025 and include in the below table the internal actions, punitive actions and sanctions
- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.b) in 2024 and there is no update to provide for 2025.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details

Measures

Implement IOTC Resolutions through national regulation, Implement IOTC Resolutions through administrative orders, National monitoring, control, surveillance and enforcement system in place, Adopted legislation with principles/rules/standards of international instruments & any applicable RFMOs CMMs

Punitive actions Legal based scheme, Administrative based scheme, Applied to operator, Applied to captain, Applied to owner, Legal punitive actions, Suspends/cancels/revokes a licence/ATF, Forfeiture to Mauritius of fishing vessel, any gear or article used in the commission of the offence, Forfeiture of any fish caught/on board, Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Sanctions Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Any other measures/punitive actions/sanctions? Specify :

As per the ATF Terms and conditions, it has been specified that the Master/Officer in charge of the vessels should abide by all the IOTC resolutions. In the event of non-compliance with any of the licence conditions, or with any other provisions of any law regulating fisheries, without prejudice to any other sanctions provided by law, the catch in the vessel or any support vessel as well as the vessel may be forfeited, the licence revoked and not renewed. Section 12 and 13 of the Fisheries Act 2023 relates to the Implementation of International Fishery Management and Conservation Measures where in case of non-compliance, vessels may be prohibited to land or tranship its catch. The Fisheries Act 2023 also provides for penalties for those vessels not complying with the requirements of a regional fisherimanagement organisation to which Mauritius is a party,

5. Paragraph 11.c):

Ensure AFVs on the IOTC Record keep on board valid certificates of vessel registration and valid authorisation to fish and/or tranship

- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraph 11.c) in 2025 and include in the below table the internal actions, punitive actions and sanctions
- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.c) in 2024 and there is no update to provide for 2025.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details

Measures Control and enforcement regime over vessels flying Mauritius flag, To keep on board valid certificates of vessel registration & valid authorisation to fish/tranship obliged by national legislations, To keep on board valid certificates of vessel registration & valid authorisation to fish/tranship obliged by terms & conditions of ATF, Regular control - Inspection in port of Mauritius vessels, Regular control - Inspection at sea of Mauritius vessels, Briefing of owner/operator/captain at ATF issuance & delivery

Punitive actions Legal based scheme, Administrative based scheme, Applied to operator, Applied to captain, Applied to owner, Legal punitive actions, Suspends/cancels/revokes a licence/ATF, Forfeiture of any fish caught/on board, Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Sanctions Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Any other measures/punitive actions/sanctions? Specify :

This is obligatory under the ATF Terms and conditions. In addition, as per Section 98 (4) of the Fisheries Act 2023, this is made mandatory. In case of non-compliance found, licence may be revoked and legal action taken against operator.

6. Paragraph 11.d):

Ensure AFVs on the IOTC Record have no history of IUU fishing activities or that AFVs are not engaged in or associated with IUU fishing

- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraph 11.d) in 2025 and include in the below table the internal actions, punitive actions and sanctions
- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.d) in 2024 and there is no update to provide for 2025.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details

Measures

Regime to implement IOTC Resolutions through flag State Authorisation to Fish (ATF) terms & conditions - updated every year, National monitoring, control, surveillance and enforcement system in place, Adopted legislation with principles/rules/standards of international instruments & any applicable RFMO CMMs, Adopted legislation national framework with national plans/programmes to combat IUU fishing / fishing related activities in support of such fishing, Prior assessment of a vessel's history of compliance & ability to comply with applicable measures, Registration procedures - verification of vessel history

Punitive actions Legal based sheme, Applied to operator, Applied to owner

Sanctions Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Any other measures/punitive actions/sanctions? Specify :

This procedure is taken care at the level of the licensing Unit. Prior to the issue of a Mauritian fishing licence to a particular vessel, an enquiry is done to find out whether it has a history of IUU. All IUU lists are verified. If yes, then the relevant authorities may be contacted for the outcome of any prosecution and have an updated status of the vessel. The owner/operator/fishing agent may be requested to submit all relevant documents showing clearly that the vessel is no more, considered as an IUU vessel or engaged in any IUU activities. If the vessel is found to have a history of IUU, no licence will be delivered.

Moreover, thorough inspections are carried out during port calls. The VMS was set up in 2004 to monitor the fishing activities of the AFVs. In case of IUU, the vessels will be sanctioned as per penalties laid down in the Fisheries Act 2023.

7. Paragraph 11.e):

Ensure under domestic law the owners/operators of AFVs on the IOTC Record are not engaged in/associated with tuna fishing activities conducted by vessels not entered into the IOTC Record in the IOTC area of competence

- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraph 11.e) in 2025 and include in the below table the internal actions, punitive actions and sanctions
- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.e) in 2024 and there is no update to provide for 2025.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details

Measures Regime to implement IOTC Resolutions through flag State Authorisation to Fish (ATF) terms & conditions - updated every year, National monitoring, control, surveillance and enforcement system in place to fight IUU, Registration requirement - Information on owners/operators which identifies effective beneficial owners & operators, Maintain records of all vessels & current owners/operators authorized to undertake fishing subject to Mauritius jurisdiction, Measures to ensure that persons subject to Mauritius jurisdiction, including owners/operators do not support/engage in IUU fishing/fishing related activities in support of such fishing, At sea inspection procedures - control/verification of any encounter of flag Vessel with any other vessel, Port inspection procedures - control/verification of any encounter of flag Vessel with any other vessel, Monitoring/surveillance by VMS any encounter of flag Vessel with any other vessel, Monitoring/surveillance by AIS any encounter of flag Vessel with any other vessel, Sanctions prevent vessel from engaging in IUU fishing or fishing related activities in support of such fishing, Promoting industry knowledge/understanding of the need for & cooperative participation in MCS activities to prevent/deter/ eliminate IUU fishing

Punitive actions Legal based sheme, Applied to operator, Applied to captain, Applied to owner, Suspends/cancels/revokes a licence/ATF, Forfeiture to Mauritius of fishing vessel, any gear or article used in the commission of the offence, Forfeiture of any fish caught/on board, Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Sanctions Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Any other measures/punitive actions/sanctions? Specify :

All vessels have to abide to the IOTC resolutions as per the Fisheries act 2023 and the ATF Terms and conditions. In case of non-compliance, licence may be forfeited or vessel de-registered and penalties will be applied as per Act of 2023

8. Paragraph 11.f):

Ensure under domestic law the owners of the AFVs on the IOTC Record are citizens or legal entities within the flag CPCs so that any control or punitive actions can be effectively taken against them

- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraph 11.f) in 2025 and include in the below table the internal actions, punitive actions and sanctions
- CPC has conducted a review of the internal actions & measures, punitive actions and sanctions for paragraphs 11.f) in 2024 and there is no update to provide for 2025.

If such a review has been conducted, list of measures with, for each the following details

Measures	Implement vessels Information/registration/records according to FAO Voluntary Guidelines Flag State Performance, Adopted legislation with principles/rules/standards of international instruments & any applicable RFMO CMMs, Record of vessels flying Mauritius flag include name/address/nationality of natural/legal person in whose name the vessel is registered, Vessels record flying Mauritius flag include name/street address/ mailing address & nationality of natural /legal persons with beneficial ownership of the vessel, Maintains a record of vessels flying Mauritius flag for vessels & owners/operators authorized to undertake fishing subject to their jurisdiction, Mauritius ensures that the obligations incumbent upon the vessel owners/operators/crews are clearly accessible & communicated to them
Punitive actions	Legal based sheme, Applied to operator, Applied to captain, Applied to owner, Suspends/cancels/revokes a licence/ATF, Forfeiture to Mauritius of fishing vessel, any gear or article used in the commission of the offence, Forfeiture of any fish caught/on board, Penalty/Fine imposed by court
Sanctions	Penalty/Fine imposed by court

Any other measures/punitive actions/sanctions? Specify :

9. Legal Obligation



Upload the national legislation and ATF T&C with provisions of the obligations under Paragraphs 11 a) to f) - flag State actions, measures, punitive actions and sanctions - Resolution 19/04 (11):

[THE FISHERIES ACT 2023.pdf](#)
[MUS - LawATF - 2025 - ATF LL.pdf](#) - 4/3/2026
[MUS - LawATF - 2025 - ATF PS.pdf](#) - 4/3/2026

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

THE FISHERIES ACT 2023 - Section 46, 89, 90

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

46. Reporting requirements

- (1) Where any person, including the operator of a fishing vessel, is required to make any report pursuant to this Act or an international conservation and management measure, such report shall be – (a) true, correct and complete in every respect; (b) prepared by the person or vessel holding a valid and applicable licence or authorisation under this Act or an accredited agent; (c) submitted in the required form and format; (d) submitted at the required time or times; (e) submitted to the designated person or body; (f) certified, verified or otherwise validated as may be required.
- (2) No person shall falsify, forge, tamper with or submit any report that is false, inaccurate, misleading or incomplete in any way.
- (3) No person shall provide sales receipts as documentation in lieu of the catch documentation required pursuant to this Act.
- (4) Where estimates for any aspect of the catch may be made pursuant to this Act, no person shall submit an estimate unless – (a) an estimation process officially recognised by the supervising officer is used; and (b) the supervising officer is satisfied with such proof thereof.
- (5) Any person who contravenes subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4) shall commit an offence.

89. Establishment of information system

- (1) There shall be established and maintained an information system in the Ministry with the objectives of meeting national, regional and international requirements relating to information and data, including the objectives and principles of this Act.
- (2) The information system shall be available on the website of the Ministry and subject to confidentiality requirements, taking into account best international practices for transparency and accountability.
- (3) The information system shall include such information that supports implementation of this Act and international conservation and management measures, including such information as the supervising officer may determine in relation to fisheries

management, fishing or fishing related activities, monitoring, control and surveillance, legal and administrative matters, statistical and economic aspects and other information consistent with the objectives and principles of this Act.

(4) The supervising officer shall, where appropriate, ensure that information is released from the database and communicated to other national agencies, States and regional and international organisations in a timely manner to ensure the discharge of national, regional and international obligations of Mauritius, including as a flag State, port State and as a member of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation.

(5) A person may, on payment of such fee as may be prescribed, access any non-confidential information from the information system.

90. Information required and inspected

(1) Any person carrying out activities under this Act shall keep and maintain such records and information and supply them to the supervising officer in such form and manner as he may approve or as may be required pursuant to this Act, notwithstanding any other enactment or any applicable conservation and management measure or international agreement.

(2) The supervising officer shall ensure the collection and analysis of statistical data and other information in relation to activities and persons under this Act and the provision of data and information to a relevant regional fisheries management organisation as may be required by an applicable international conservation and management measure.

(3) The supervising officer may, for the purposes of verifying accounts, records, documents and other information required to be kept, furnished or communicated under subsection (1) direct – (a) the audit or inspection of any account, record, document, data and other information or place where such information may be kept; (b) the audit or inspection of any fishing vessel, processing plant or other facility to which this Act applies; and (c) any person to provide further information regarding any account, record, document, data and other information kept, furnished or communicated under this Act in accordance with such time limit as he may determine.

(4) Any person who – (a) fails to keep, furnish or communicate any account, record, document, data and other information as may be required under subsection (1); or (b) does not facilitate, assist or comply with the requirements for an audit or inspection undertaken under subsection (3), shall commit an offence.

Information required: Report on vessels engaged in fishing or transhipment and not on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels in 2025 - Deadline: 5/2/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 19 January 2026 - 09:32 // Compliance assessment : -/-

1. Reporting factual information showing that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting vessels not on the IOTC Record to be engaged in fishing and/or transhipment of tuna and tuna-like species in the IOTC area of competence

- YES - Mauritius suspect the vessel(s) not on the IOTC Record to be engaged in fishing and/or transhipment of tuna and tuna-like species in the IOTC area of competence in 2025
- NO - Nil report for 2025 – Mauritius has no factual information

<u>Date</u>	<u>Vessel name</u>	<u>Vessel Flag</u>	<u>Vessel identifiers</u>	<u>Actions taken</u>
-	-	-	-	-

Other actions taken & additional information to report?



Upload the factual information reports and any other information on the facts as well as the results of action taken :

Resolution 19/07 On Vessel Chartering in the IOTC Area of Competence



Requirement number: 3.2 - Information required: Particulars of the charter agreements in 2025 Deadline : 28/2/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 19 February 2026 - 13:58 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No chartered vessel and no chartering agreement in 2025
- NO - Not implemented
- YES - Implemented

2. You have chartering agreements signed :

- YES as chartering CP YES as Flag CPC NO
- NO - Nil report - No chartered vessels and no chartering agreement in 2025

3. The particulars of charter agreements signed, catches, effort, observer coverage (as Chartering CP), is reported in the below table. Upload the information about these charter agreements in the UPLOAD section:

- YES - Particulars of charter agreement reported in the below table
- NO - Particulars of charter agreement are NOT reported

Charter No (e.g. 1, 2, 3, Select ...)	Start date Select	End date Select	Flag CP Select one CPC	Observer cover- age on chartered vessels Number of days	Fishing effort by chartered ves- sels Number of days	Catches by the chartered ves- sels Tons	Number of char- tered vessels Number (eg 5)
--	----------------------	--------------------	---------------------------	--	---	--	---

1	-	-	-	0	0	-	-
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Resolution 21/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence



Requirement number: 2.17 - Information required: Catch limits – Nominal catch of YFT in 2024

Information required: CPCs subject to catch reductions, over-catch, report on corrective actions taken to adhere to prescribed catch levels

Requirement submitted ? true the 09 March 2026 - 15:57 // Compliance assessment : N/A

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC is not subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions in 2024 due to no over-catch in 2023
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - No YFT catch limit applies to CPC
- YES - Implemented
- NO - Not implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance, by persons/flagged vessels, with the limit of catch of Yellowfin tuna (YFT) and the corrective actions taken by the CPC to adhere to the prescribed catch levels when subject to catch reductions due to over-catch :

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has system AND procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

Control & enforcement regime over vessels with monitoring tools, VMS, logbooks/documentation & compliance observers, Flag State regular inspections are conducted to verify compliance of vessels with the IOTC obligations, IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented. The quota to fish for YFT are issued to the operators. Catch are monitored on a regular basis through data submission from logbooks and landings. Catch are also monitored through boarding and inspections and by observers deployed on board the vessels.

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government, Established in administrative orders implemented by Government, Implementation of responses to non-compliance & infringements to ensure prompt control and remediation, Analysis of infringements & causes of non-compliance are investigated in accordance with organisational/operational procedures

Operators are bound by law and licence conditions to comply with conservation and management measures for the sustainability of resources. In light of the reasons for non-compliance, meetings are held in order to find ways and means to avoid repeated non-compliance in the future. Decisions are also taken with regards to the non-compliance for example the fishing vessels may be requested to stop their fishing operations. Corrective actions are also taken on the quota allocation for the following year.

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF

Committees are set up to decide on the actions to be taken in relation to the level of non-compliance. The licence/ ATF may be suspended, cancelled or revoke for potential infringements.

d. Comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

NIL



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

B.1 Catch limits – Nominal catch of YFT

3. CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions:

- YES - Subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions NO - NOT subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions

4. The catch of yellowfin tuna reported to the IOTC Secretariat and the reductions are:

- YES - Reporting in the below table. NO - No catch limits apply in 2024

Mauritius Base annual limit 10490

YFT Catch Limit 2025 Data from Circular 2025-13	YFT Catch 2025 (Quantity in Ton)	YFT Over Catch 2025 (Yes/No)	YFT Over Catch 2025 (Quantity in Ton)
--	-------------------------------------	---------------------------------	--

10490 - -

Any comments on the above table? Provide any additional information, if any (IR) ?

The YFT catch for 2024 is 9770.12 tons. There was no over catch in 2024.

B.2 CPCs subject to catch reductions, over-catch, report on corrective actions taken to adhere to prescribed catch levels

5. CPC is subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions in 2024 , due to over-catch ?

YES - Subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions in 2024, due to over-catch in 2023.

NO - NOT subject to yellowfin tuna catch reductions in 2024, no over-catch in 2023.

If Yes, please specify the YFT catch declared in 2023 :

0

If Yes, please specify the YFT overcatch in 2023 :

0

6. If CPC is subject to catch reduction due to over-catch, report on corrective actions/methods taken to adhere to prescribed catch levels :

- Reduction of fishing capacity
- Reduction of fishing effort
- Reduction of the number of fishing vessels on the IOTC Record of Authorised vessels
- Reduction of the number of active fishing vessels
- Reduction of the number of Authorisation to Fish issued to fishing vessels
- Seasonal closures imposed on the fleets
- Individual catch limit defined by vessel
- Individual catch limit defined by fleet segment
- Individual catch limit defined by fishing gear

Add any method/Corrective measures / actions implemented and not listed above:

NONE

8. Legal Obligation



[The Fisheries Act 2023.pdf](#)

Upload the national legislation :

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

The Fisheries Act 2023 Section 12, 13 & 14

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

12. Conservation and management measures

(1) The supervising officer shall, for the purposes of this Act, develop, implement, monitor and enforce conservation and management measures necessary to ensure the long-term sustainable use of fisheries and aquaculture resources, including measures applicable to fishing and any other activity under this Act.

(2) Any conservation and management measure shall provide for the sustainable management and development of fisheries and aquaculture and implement obligations and standards under international agreements and international conservation and

management measures and may, inter alia – (a) provide for allocations, areas, gear, spatial and temporal closures, effort limitation, fishing capacity, quotas, participatory rights, management of bycatch and reduction of discards and reporting; (b) provide for or prohibit, inter alia, the landing, transporting, transshipping, receiving or possession of fish and fish products; (c) provide for the utilisation and disposition of fish and fish products; (d) regulate any activity under this Act which may have an adverse effect on living or non-living marine resources or the marine environment; (e) provide for aquaculture management of operations, including in relation to facilities, species, disease and the environment; (f) provide, where appropriate, for the restoration of fish stocks; (g) include positive incentives for the sustainable business development of the fishing industry and for full compliance; and (h) provide for any other activity under this Act that is relevant to the conservation and management of fisheries and aquaculture resources.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, conservation and management measures shall have legal force and effect – (a) upon approval by the Minister; (b) as per the terms and conditions of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation granted or issued under this Act; (c) in accordance with procedures described in section 13 concerning applicable international conservation and management measures; or (d) through Fisheries Management Plans as described in section 15.

(4) Without prejudice to the jurisdiction and sovereign rights of Mauritius over fisheries and aquaculture resources under its jurisdiction, conservation and management measures shall – (a) implement applicable international conservation and management measures adopted by a relevant regional fisheries management organisation in relation to – (i) any fishing vessel or person in areas under the jurisdiction of Mauritius; and (ii) any Mauritius national in the area of competence of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation; and (b) where appropriate, implement action plans and recommendations of the scientific committee of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation, and notwithstanding paragraph (a), conservation and management measures may take into account measures recommended by any organisation or body in which Mauritius is a party.

(5) Conservation and management measures shall be developed taking into account the objectives and principles of this Act and consultations with stakeholders to the extent possible.

13. Implementation of international conservation and management measures

(1) The requirements of any applicable international conservation and management measure in relation to – (a) any operator of any Mauritius fishing vessel holding a valid and applicable licence or authorisation and is entered on the Record of Authorised Vessels of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation and authorised to fish for the species and in the area of competence under the mandate of such organisation; (b) any operator of any other fishing vessel under this Act and the applicable international conservation and management measure; and (c) any citizen of Mauritius, shall have full legal effect under this Act upon such public notice of the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements as the Minister may approve, and, subject to subsection

(2), the obligation to comply shall apply mutatis mutandis to each of the operator of the vessel or the citizen of Mauritius.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where, for technical reasons, it is not possible for a fishing vessel to fulfil the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements under subsection (1), the supervising officer may give, for a limited period of time, an extension to allow it to fulfil the requirements.

(3) The supervising officer shall notify every holder of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation of the relevant obligations of each applicable international conservation and management measure upon its publication.

(4) Any operator of a Mauritius fishing vessel or of any other fishing vessel under this Act, or any citizen of Mauritius who contravenes any international conservation and management measure implemented under this section shall commit an offence.

14. Allowable catches, applied effort and allocations

(1) The Minister shall determine – (a) the total allowable catch, the total applied effort or a combination thereof; (b) the allocation of portions of the total allowable catch, the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, in any year to subsistence, recreational, local, commercial and foreign fishing respectively.

(2) The Minister may, for the purposes of subsection (1), determine that the total allowable catch, or the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, shall, inter alia, apply – (a) in a particular area, or in relation to a particular species, or a group of species of fish; and (b) to the use of a particular gear, fishing methods or types of fishing vessel.

(3) Where there is an increase in the allowable commercial catch in relation to which commercial fishing rights exist, the mass of the increase shall be available for allocation by the Minister.

(4) Notwithstanding this section, the Minister may determine that – (a) the total allowable catch; (b) a portion of the total allowable catch as contemplated in subsection (1)(b); or (c) an allocation in accordance with subsection (3), shall be nil.

Requirement number: 2.19 - Information required: Report on plans/status of reducing the use of supply vessels in 2025 - Deadline: 12/3/2026

Requirement submitted ? true the 26 February 2026 - 14:29 // Compliance assessment : Not Assessed

1 . Did you implement the obligation ?

- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has NO purse seiners (PS) and NO supply vessel (SP) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels
- NIL Report / Not Applicable - CPC has only purse seiner (PS) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels
- NO - Not implemented
- YES - Implemented

2. A system or procedures exist to monitor and to ensure compliance with the reduction of supply vessels in purse seine operations (Plan)?

- NO - CPC has NO system / procedure to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND NO action in relation to potential infringements.
- YES - CPC has system AND procedures to monitor compliance with this binding measure, AND to take action in relation to potential infringements

a. System or procedures to monitor compliance with IOTC binding measure are :

IOTC binding measures, for vessels/persons, monitored and controlled by government fisheries administration with institutional procedures implemented

b. System or procedures to respond to instances of non-compliance are :

Established in national law implemented by Government, Implementation of corrective/preventative actions to prevent recurrence of non-compliance & infringements

c. Actions in relation to potential infringements are :

Suspend/cancel/revoke a licence/ATF, Fine

d. Enter any comments/remarks about your submission and the implementation of system and procedures:

NONE



Upload - Any documents on system/procedures:

3. CPC has PS/SP vessels on the Record of authorized vessels ?

- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No purse seiner (PS) and no supply vessel (SP) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels
- YES - CPC has purse seiner (PS) and supply vessel (SP) on the IOTC Record of Authorised Vessels

4. The plan for reducing the use of supply vessel was provided for ?

- 2020
- 2024
- 2023
- 2022
- 2021
- 2025
- NO – NIL Report / Not Applicable - No plan submitted, No purse seiner (PS) and no supply vessel (SP) on the IOTC Record of authorised vessels



Upload the plan(s) :

[Plans for reducing the use of supply vessels.docx](#) - 26/2/2026

5. Legal Obligation



Upload the national legislation with provision to reduce use of supply vessels in purse seine operations targeting tropical tuna - Resolution 21/01 (18) :

[The Fisheries Act 2023.pdf](#)

a. Enter the reference of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

The Fisheries Act 2023 Sections 12, 13 and 14

b. Provide the text of laws, regulations and administrative instructions in force related to this requirement:

12. Conservation and management measures

(1) The supervising officer shall, for the purposes of this Act, develop, implement, monitor and enforce conservation and management measures necessary to ensure the long-term sustainable use of fisheries and aquaculture resources, including measures applicable to fishing and any other activity under this Act.

(2) Any conservation and management measure shall provide for the sustainable management and development of fisheries and aquaculture and implement obligations and standards under international agreements and international conservation and management measures and may, inter alia – (a) provide for allocations, areas, gear, spatial and temporal closures, effort limitation, fishing capacity, quotas, participatory rights, management of bycatch and reduction of discards and reporting; (b) provide for or prohibit, inter alia, the landing, transporting, transshipping, receiving or possession of fish and fish products; (c) provide for the utilisation and disposition of fish and fish products; (d) regulate any activity under this Act which may have an adverse effect on living or non-living marine resources or the marine environment; (e) provide for aquaculture management of operations, including in relation to facilities, species, disease and the environment; (f) provide, where appropriate, for the restoration of fish stocks; (g) include positive incentives for the sustainable business development of the fishing industry and for full compliance; and (h) provide for any other activity under this Act that is relevant to the conservation and management of fisheries and aquaculture resources.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, conservation and management measures shall have legal force and effect – (a) upon approval by the Minister; (b) as per the terms and conditions of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation granted or issued under this Act; (c) in accordance with procedures described in section 13 concerning applicable international conservation and management measures; or (d) through Fisheries Management Plans as described in section 15.

(4) Without prejudice to the jurisdiction and sovereign rights of Mauritius over fisheries and aquaculture resources under its jurisdiction, conservation and management measures shall – (a) implement applicable international conservation and management measures adopted by a relevant regional fisheries management organisation in relation to – (i) any fishing vessel or person in areas under the jurisdiction of Mauritius; and (ii) any Mauritius national in the area of competence of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation; and (b) where appropriate, implement action plans and recommendations of the scientific committee of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation, and notwithstanding paragraph (a), conservation and management measures may take into account measures recommended by any organisation or body in which Mauritius is a party.

(5) Conservation and management measures shall be developed taking into account the objectives and principles of this Act and consultations with stakeholders to the extent possible.

13. Implementation of international conservation and management measures

(1) The requirements of any applicable international conservation and management measure in relation to – (a) any operator of any Mauritius fishing vessel holding a valid and applicable licence or authorisation and is entered on the Record of Authorised Vessels of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation and authorised to fish for the species and in the area of competence under the mandate of such organisation; (b) any operator of any other fishing vessel under this Act and the applicable international conservation and management measure; and (c) any citizen of Mauritius, shall have full legal effect under this Act upon such public notice of the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements as the Minister may approve, and, subject to subsection

(2), the obligation to comply shall apply mutatis mutandis to each of the operator of the vessel or the citizen of Mauritius.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where, for technical reasons, it is not possible for a fishing vessel to fulfil the applicable international conservation and management measure requirements under subsection (1), the supervising officer may give, for a limited period of time, an extension to allow it to fulfil the requirements.

(3) The supervising officer shall notify every holder of a valid and applicable registration, licence or authorisation of the relevant obligations of each applicable international conservation and management measure upon its publication.

(4) Any operator of a Mauritius fishing vessel or of any other fishing vessel under this Act, or any citizen of Mauritius who contravenes any international conservation and management measure implemented under this section shall commit an offence.

14. Allowable catches, applied effort and allocations

(1) The Minister shall determine – (a) the total allowable catch, the total applied effort or a combination thereof; (b) the allocation of portions of the total allowable catch, the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, in any year to subsistence, recreational, local, commercial and foreign fishing respectively.

(2) The Minister may, for the purposes of subsection (1), determine that the total allowable catch, or the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, shall, inter alia, apply – (a) in a particular area, or in relation to a particular species, or a group of species of fish; and (b) to the use of a particular gear, fishing methods or types of fishing vessel.

(3) Where there is an increase in the allowable commercial catch in relation to which commercial fishing rights exist, the mass of the increase shall be available for allocation by the Minister.

(4) Notwithstanding this section, the Minister may determine that – (a) the total allowable catch; (b) a portion of the total allowable catch as contemplated in subsection (1)(b); or (c) an allocation in accordance with subsection (3), shall be nil.

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part C of the Implementation report ?

None

Part D - Data and information reporting requirements for CPCs that have objected to some Resolutions

CPCs having objected to IOTC Resolutions: India, Iran, Madagascar, Oman, Pakistan, Somalia

Resolution 12/12 To prohibit the use of large-scale driftnets on the high seas in the IOTC area



Resolution 18/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence



Resolution 19/01 On an interim plan for rebuilding the Indian Ocean yellowfin tuna stock in the IOTC area of competence

Any additional information / remarks on the completion of part D of the Implementation report ?

None

<p><u>LEG</u>: N/A AND/OR <u>STD</u>: The CPC has provided the Implementation Report, NOT in the agreed format/at IOTC Standard, Some mandatory sections and/or sub-sections/questions applicable NOT completed/responded. Missing sections on [RXX/YY] and/or sub-sections/questions on [RXX/YY]. AND/OR <u>SP</u>: N/A</p>	<p>Corresponding to the below criteria in APPENDIX V – ANNEX A COMPLIANCE STATUS CATEGORIES :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information or data for the obligation has been submitted or reported, but in a way that is incomplete or incorrect; CPC has failed to meet reporting or submission deadlines by less than 15 days.
--	--

Assessment Score: Non-Compliant category 1 - N/C1

<p><u>LEG</u>: N/A AND/OR <u>STD</u>: The CPC has NOT provided the Implementation Report. All mandatory sections/sub-sections/questions applicable NOT completed/responded AND/OR <u>SP</u>: N/A</p>	<p>Received [DATE] - XX days after the deadline. <u>STD</u>: NO - Implementation Report NOT provided.</p> <p>Corresponding to the below criteria in APPENDIX V – ANNEX A COMPLIANCE STATUS CATEGORIES :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The CPC has not submitted or reported information or data for the obligation; The CPC has failed to meet a reporting or submission deadline by more than 15 days; Failure to implement, monitor or ensure compliance with an obligation.
--	--

Assessment Score: Non-Compliant Category 2 - N/C2

<p><u>LEG</u>: N/A AND/OR <u>STD</u>: The CPC has NOT provided the Implementation Report. All mandatory sections/sub-sections/questions applicable NOT completed/responded, in two or more consecutive years. AND/OR <u>SP</u>: N/A</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>STD</u>: NO - Implementation Report NOT provided, in two or more consecutive years. <p>Corresponding to the below criteria in APPENDIX V – ANNEX A COMPLIANCE STATUS CATEGORIES :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Failure to implement, monitor or ensure compliance with the same obligation for two or more consecutive years;
---	---

Assessment Score: Not Applicable - N/A

<p>IR mandatory for all CPCs.</p>	<p>IR mandatory for all CPCs.</p>
-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------